

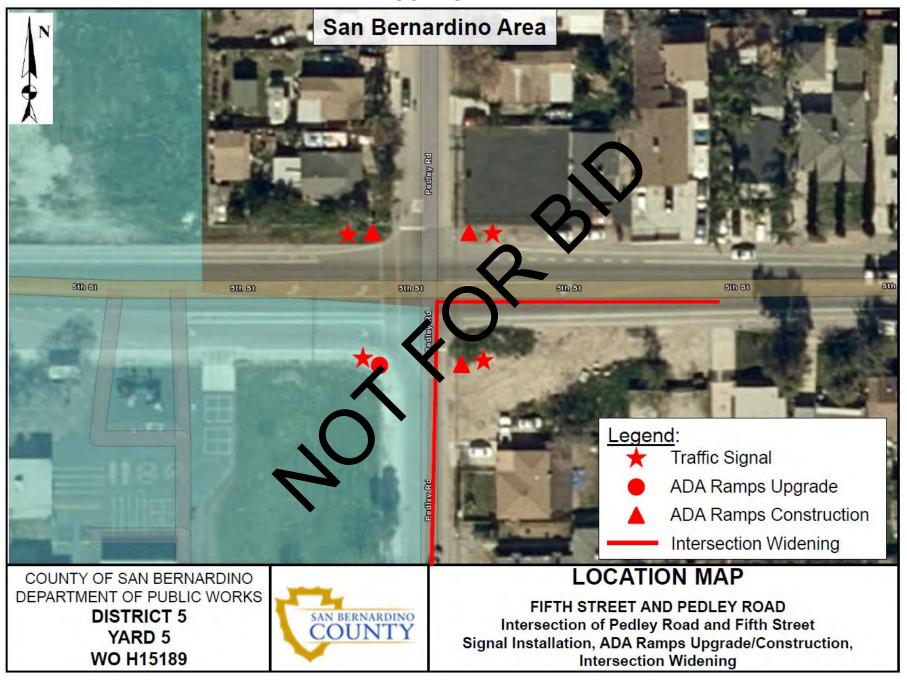


REGIONAL/VICINITY MAP
Third Street and Others

Project Area



LOCATION MAP



Notice of Exemption

To: Office of Planning and Research 1400 Tenth Street, Room 121 Sacramento, CA 95814	From:	San Bernardino Coul Department of Public Environmental Mana 825 E. Third Street, I San Bernardino, CA	: Works gement Division Room 123
 ✓ Clerk of the Board of Supervisors San Bernardino County 385 North Arrowhead Avenue, Second Floor San Bernardino, CA 92415-0130 			
Project Description		Applican	t
Project Title: Fifth Street and Pedley Road Project Project Location: The project area is located at the intersection of 5th Street and Pedley Road in San Bernardino	San B	ernardino County Dep	t of Public Works
(see Attached Location Map).		825 E. Third St	reet
Project Description: The San Bernardino County Public Works Department proposes installing a traffic signal, widening		Address	
the intersection, and installing an ADA curb ramp. The length of the improvements are approximately 300-feet. The		San Bernar lino, CA 9	2415-0835
improvements are intended to improve traffic flow and safety at the intersection and will not result in new lanes being added or		(909) 387-810	09
increased traffic capacity. Equipment planned for use on this project will included but is not limited to: Cold Planer; Concrete		Phone	
Mixer; Backhoe; Paver; Roller and Loader Truck (for removed concrete) and a Water Truck. No traffic detours or nighttime construction are planned at this time. There are no utility	2)	Representati	ve
relocations planned. Construction duration is anticipated approximately thirty (30)-working days. County of San		AJ Gerber	
Bernardino Development Code 83.01.80(g)(3): exempts noise		Name	
from temporary construction, maintenance, repair, or demolition activities between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. except		Same as Applic	cant
Sundays and Federal holidays.		Address	
Anthony Phar A.E. Lead Agency Contact Person			
		Come on Appli	
(909) 3.7-8.09		Same as Applic	zanı
Exempt Status: (check one)			
 ☐ Ministerial [Sec. 21080(B)(1); 15268]; ☐ Declared Emergency [Sec. 21080(B)(3); 15269(a)]; ☐ Emergency Project [Sec. 21080(B)(4); 15269(b)]; 	econstruction The proposed	d project consist of rou	tine maintenance &
·			
		nmental Mgmt. Div.	08.29.22
Signature Anthony Pham, P.E.	Tit	le	Date
☐ Signed by Lead Agency ☐ Signed by Applica	nt		
Date received for filing at OPR: N/A			

Standard and Special Drawings Green Pages)

inserted here

LIST OF STANDARD AND SPECIAL DRAWINGS (GREEN PAGES)

Notice to Residents (English & Spanish)

STANDARD PLANS FOR COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

109, TYPE C (MOD) 117 119 (MOD)

115 (MOD) STD 116 (MOD) 303A 303B

TO BE SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING CALTRANS STANDARD PLANS 2018.

A87A A87A A88A A88B A20A A20B A20D A24A A24D A24E A24F ES-2C E33B ES-7P

TO BE SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING CALTRANS STANDARD PLANS 2022.

ES-1A ES-1B ES-1C ES-5C ES-4B ES-3B ES-5C ES-7A ES-7B ES-7N ES-8A ES-8B T9 T10 T11 T13

TO BE SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FOLLOWING CA MUTCD 2014 REVISION 6.

FIG 2A-2(CA) SEC 3B.24 SEČ 3B.26 SEC 3B.101(CA) FIG 6H-28 FIG 6H-29

SEC 6D.02 SEC 61.03

G 6H-29 SEC 6D.01





NOTIFICACIÓN A LOS RESIDENTES DE (5TH & Pedley)

El Condado de San Bernardino, Departamento de Obras Públicas, a contratado con (Company name) para (type of work) la calle llamada (name of real) en la ciudad de (city). La construcción va a incluir (detailed description of work).

Este trabajo será hecho entre la fecha de (start date) y (end date). Las horas elegidas para hacer este trabajo serán entre las ______ de la tranana y _____ de la tarde de lunes a viernes.

Habrá letreros indicando que "No Habra Estacionamiento" en la calle y especificando el horario cuando el trabajo será hecho. Derante el tiempo que estaremos trabajando en la calle, la entrada para el público será limitat a y por esta razón pedimos lo siguiente:

- 1. No estacionen us veh culos en la calle.
- 2. No permita que corre el agua hacia la calle.
- 3. No pernete que los niños jueguen en la calle.
- 4. No ponga les botes de basura o cualquier otra basura en la calle.

Lamentamos la inconveniencia que causara este trabajo y les agradecemos por su cooperación y asistencia en el mejoramiento de su calle.

Muchas Gracias.

(Company name)
(Company contact name)
(Company phone number)

Si necesita asistencia favor de hablar al Departamento de Obras Publicas, (909) 387-7920.





NOTICE TO THE RESIDENTS OF (5TH & Pedley)

The County of San Bernardino Department of Public Works has ontracted with (Company name) for the (type of work) of (name of road) in the (city) are. The construction shall include (detailed description of work).

This work will be performed between the dates of (start late) and (end date).

Normal working hours will be between the hours f______A.M. and ______ P.M. Monday through Friday.

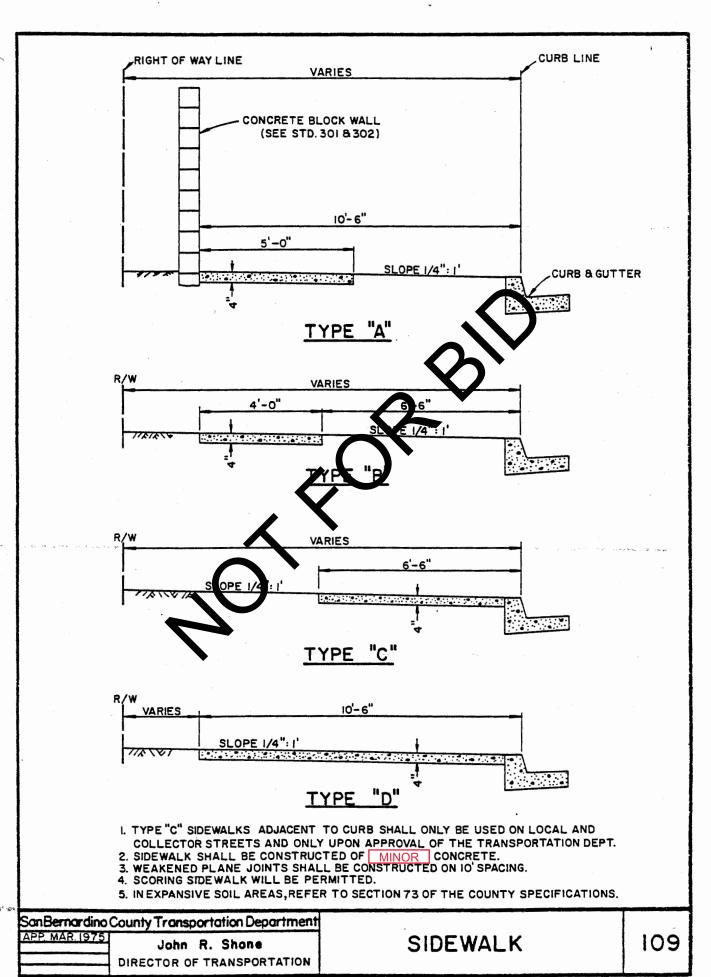
There will be "No Parking Signs" posted on Jour street indicating the specific dates work will be performed on the street. During the time we are working, access to the public will be limited and we ask the following:

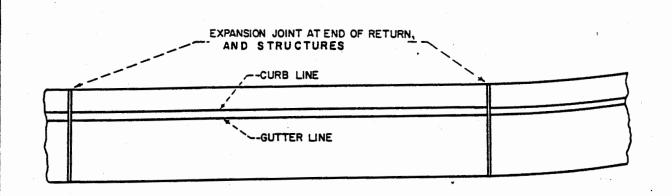
- 1. Do not park your vehicles on the roadway
- 2. Do not allow water to run on the roadway
- 3. Do not allow child reliable play in the roadway
- 4. Do not place rash as or other debris on the roadway

We regret any inconvenience that this work may cause you and we thank you for your cooperation in assisting us in rebuilding your street.

Thank you.
(Company name)
(Company contact name)
(Company phone number)

If you need further assistance contact the Department of Public Works at (909) 387-7920

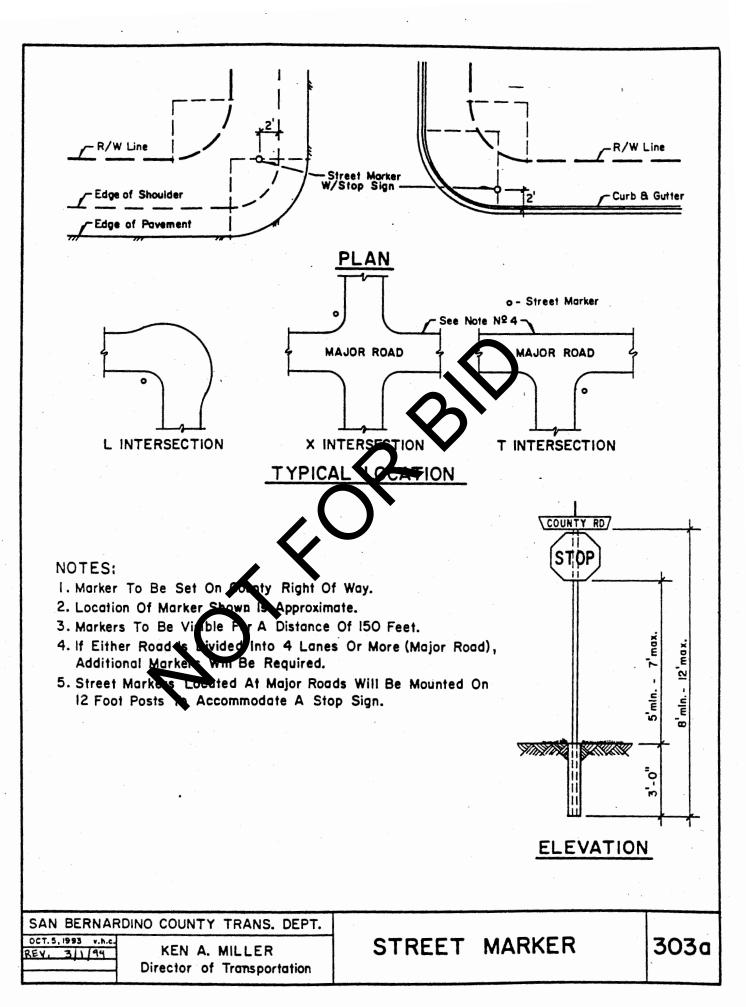


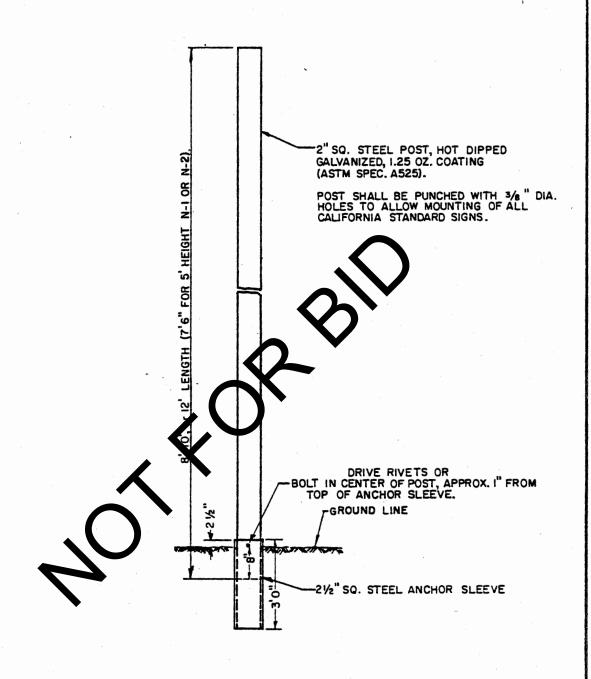


PLAN 0.0535 CUBIC YARDS PER LINEAL FOOT. 18.7 LINEAL FEET PER CUBIC YARD. Survey reference point (#10 Round Head Brass Screw, minimum length 11/4") set flush at end of curb return during construction. **CURB** ELEVATION-**CURB LINE** MENT 1/4" ABOVE GUTTER -1/2"R 1/2"R. ~l/2"R PREMOLDED EXPANSION JOINT FILLER /PERMITTED ALTERNATE SEC ION EXPANSION JOINT NOTES

- **MINOR**
- I. CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED MONOLITHICALLY OF CLASS "B" CONCRETE.
- 2. WIDTHS OF STANDARD STREET SECTIONS SHOWN ON PLANS ARE TO CURB CLINE UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 3. WEAKENED PLANE JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT 10-FOOT INTERVALS, EXCEPT THAT THE INTERVAL SHALL BE VARIED TO ALLOW MATCHING OF JOINTS IN ADJACENT EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS
- 4. GURING COMPOUND SHALL BE SPRAYED UNIFORMLY ON EXPOSED SURFACES.
- 5. WHEN CURB AND GUTTER IS PLACED BY AN EXTRUSION MACHINE MINOR FINISHING MAY BE DONE TO PROVIDE AN ACCEPTABLE FINISH AND THE WEAKENED PLANE JOINTS MAY BE SAWCUT.

	INO COUNTY ROAD DEPARTMENT		8"		
REV. V.E.H.3-74 REV. V.E.H.7-76	John R. Shone	CURB	AND	GUTTER	115
Rev VEH 2-79	COUNTY HIGHWAY ENGINEER	,			

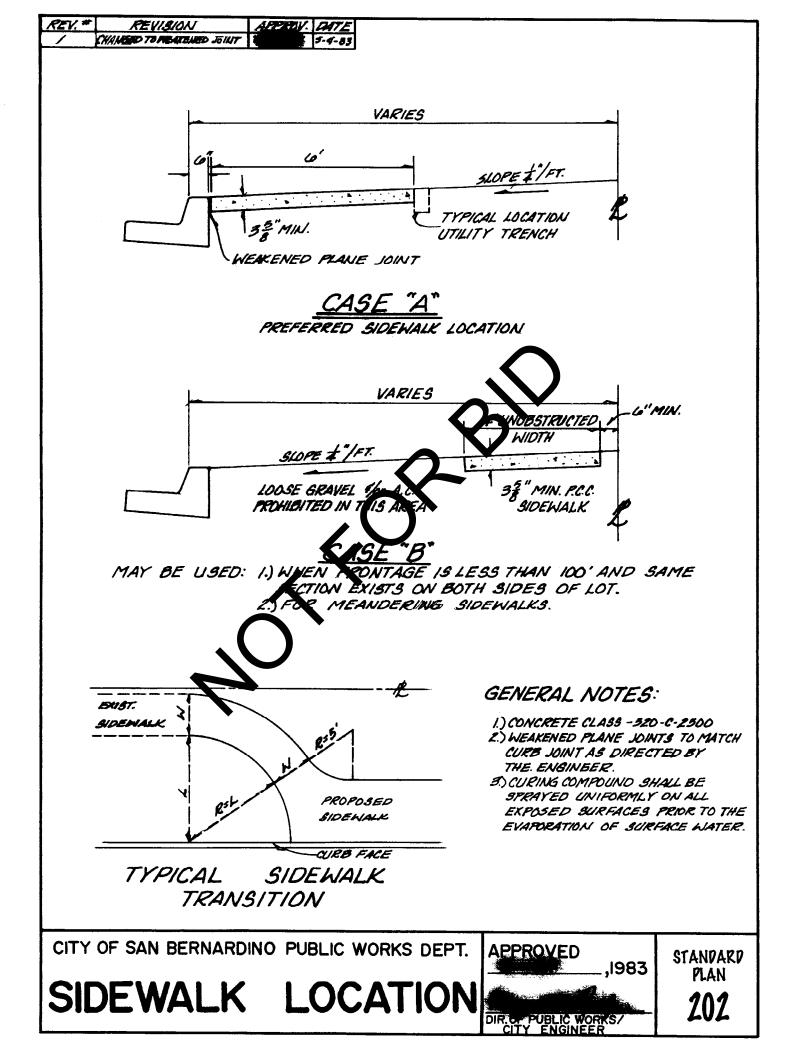


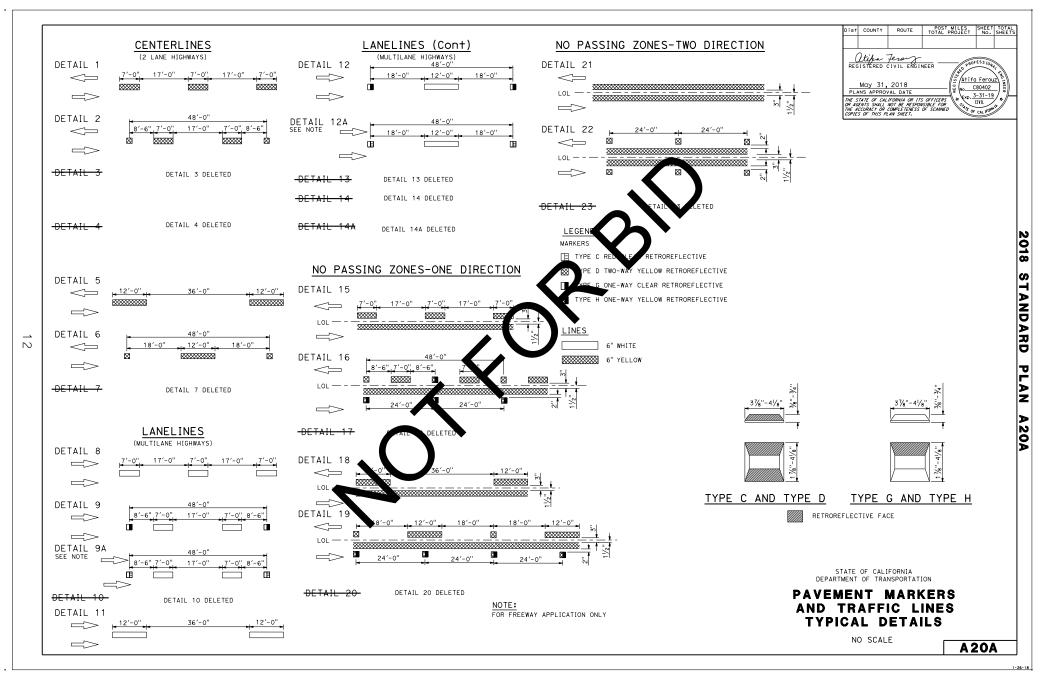


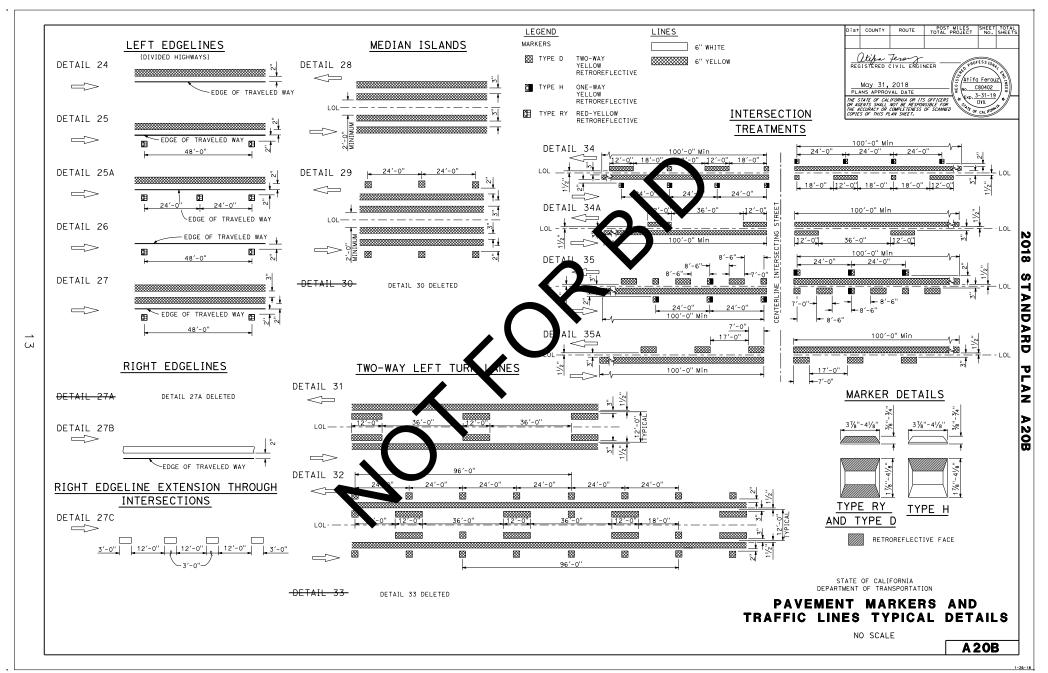
NOTES:

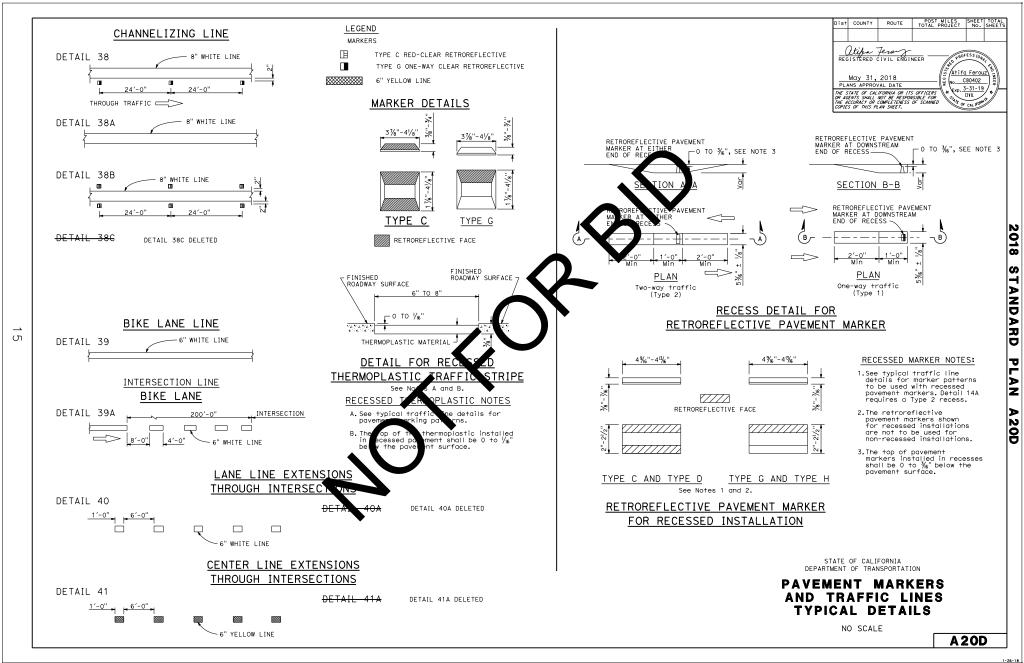
- I. SEE STANDARD NO. 303 a FOR MARKER LOCATIONS.
- 2. POST SHALL BE 2" SQ. STEEL AS SHOWN AND STATED.
- 3. ANCHOR SLEEVE SHALL BE 2 1/2" SQ. STEEL HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION (ASTM SPEC. A-123).
- 4. SIGNS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH COUNTY STANDARD 303.

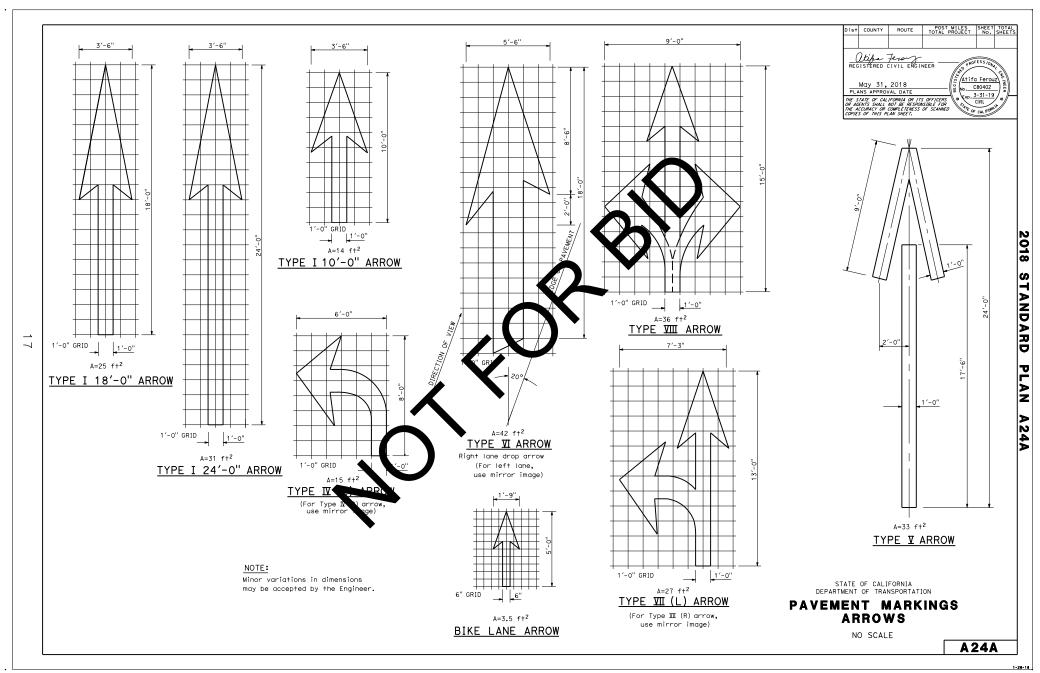
6,4	SAN BERNARDING COUNTY ROAD DEPARTMENT	STREET MARKER	
	H.G. 1-71 RQ.Q. 10-00 M. A. Nicholas COUNTY ENGINEER	POST INSTALLATION	303 b

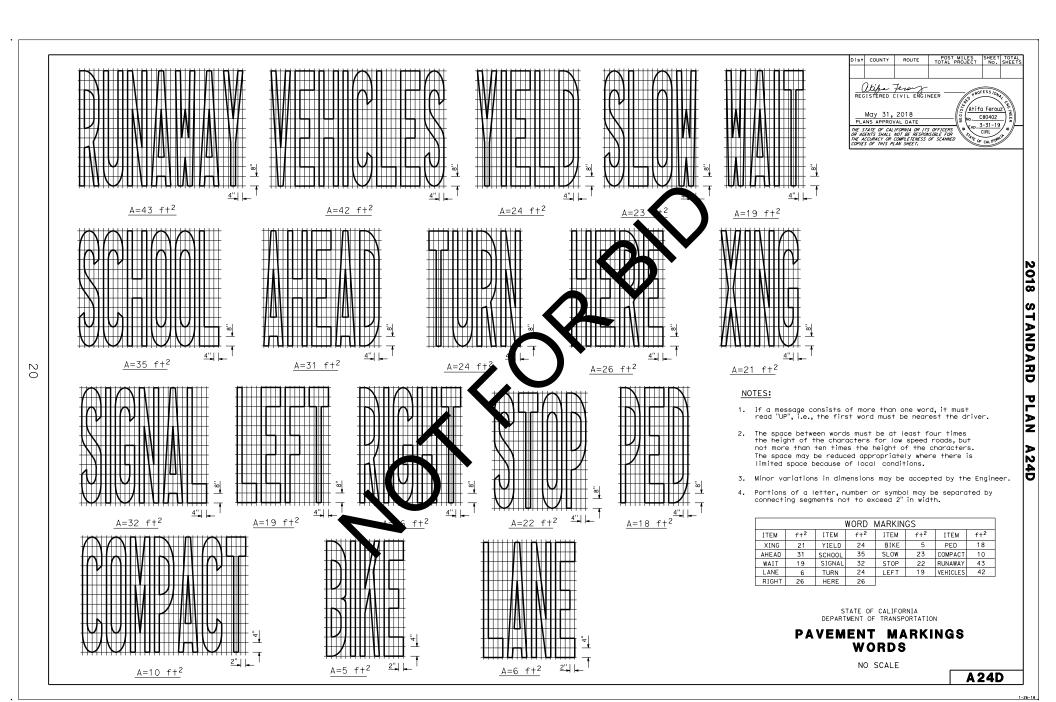


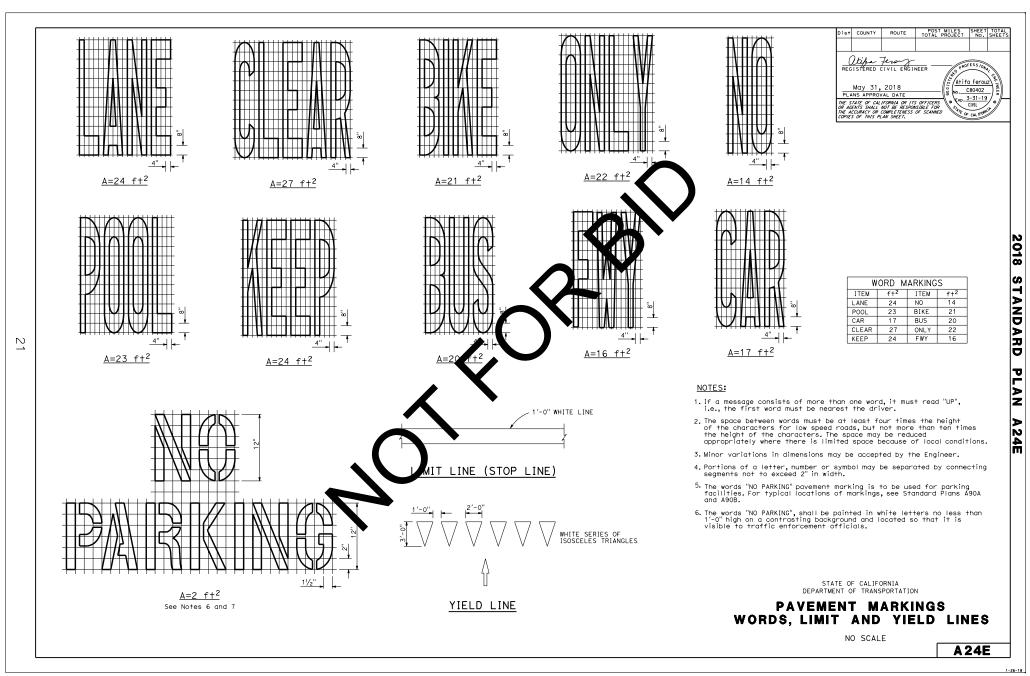


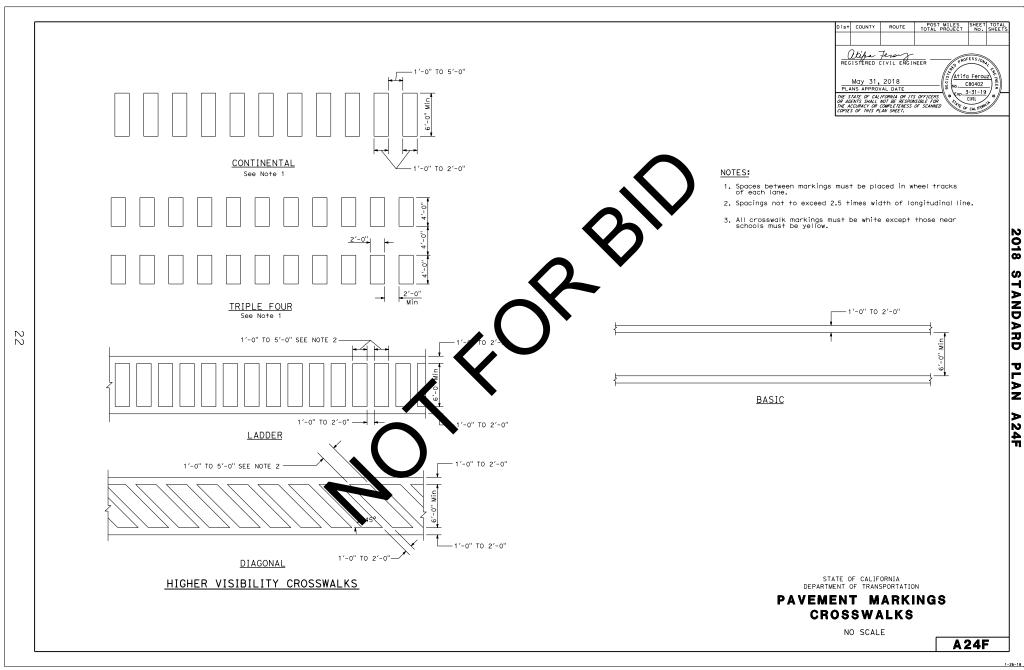


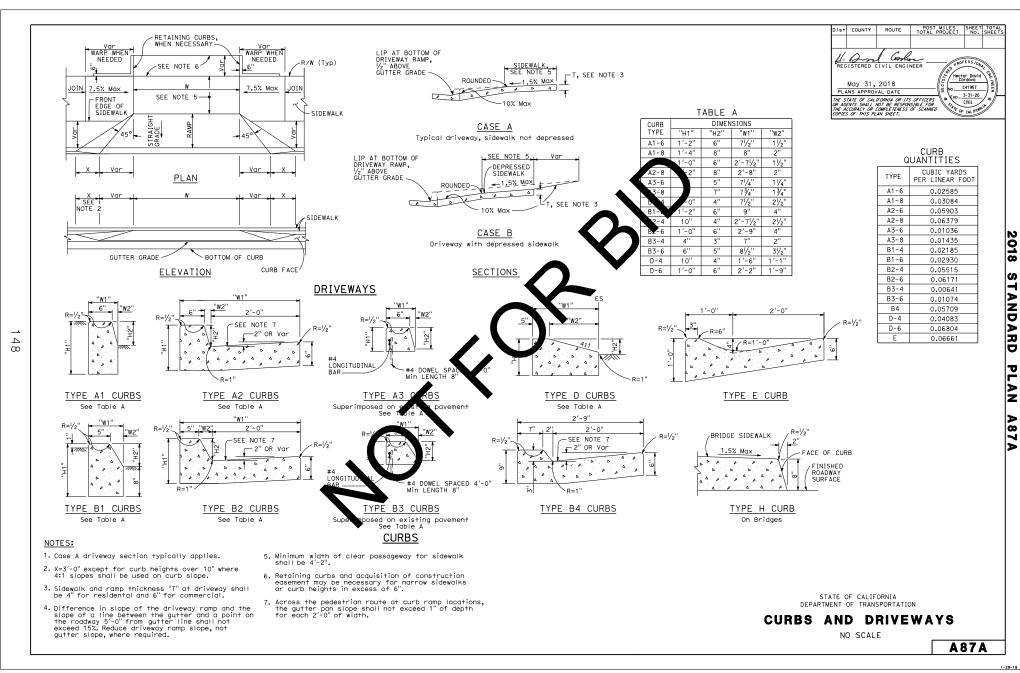


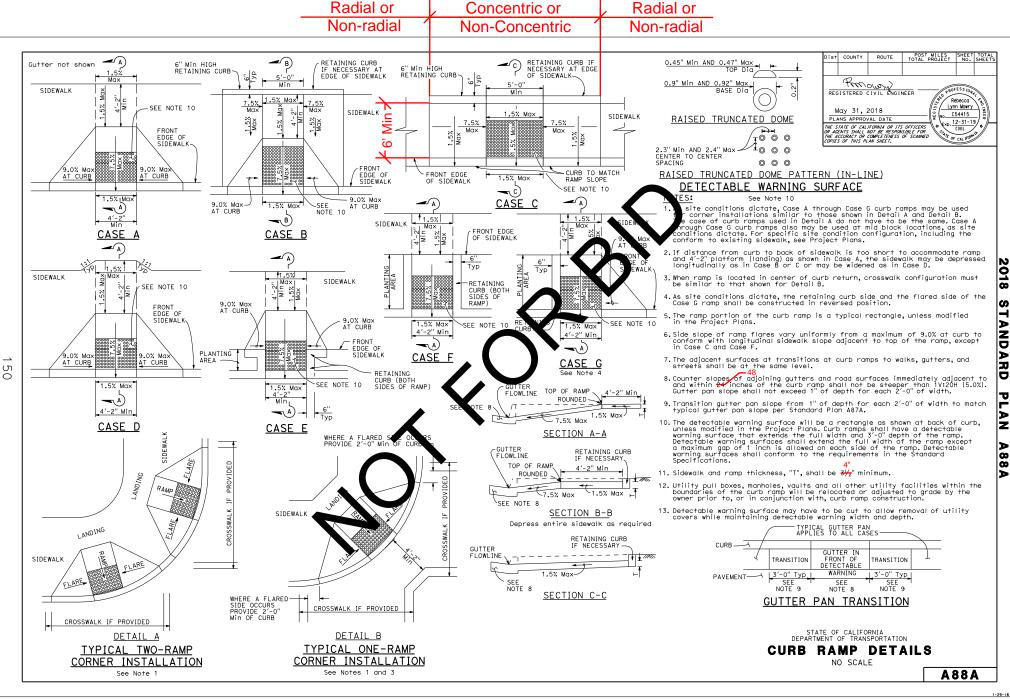












August 1, 2022

PLANS APPROVAL DATE

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OR ITS OFFICERS
OF AGENTS SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR
THE ACCUMACY OF COMPLETENESS OF SCANNED
COPIES OF THIS PLAN SHEET.

*** Original State of the Control of

TABLE 1

			INDLL				
				RITERIA VICE SP			
	MINIMUM TAPER LENGTH * FOR WIDTH OF OFFSET 12 FEET (W)			MAXIMUM CHANNELIZING DEVICE SPACING			
SPEED	' ' ' ' '	.5 0. 0.	. 52. 12 1	CC. (11)	X Y		z **
(S)	TANGENT 2L	MERGING L	SHIFTING L/2	SHOULDER L/3	TAPER	TANGENT	CONFLICT
mph	ft	f†	f†	ft	f†	f†	f†
20	160	80	40	27	20	40	10
25	250	125	63	42	25	50	12
30	360	180	90	60	30	60	15
35	490	245	123	82	35	70	17
40	640	320	160	107	40	80	20
45	1080	540	270	180	45	90	22
50	1200	600	300	200	50	100	25
55	1320	660	330	220	50	100	25
60	1440	720	360	240	50	100	25
65	1560	780	390	260	50	100	25
70	1680	840	420	280	50	100	25
75	1800	900	450	300	50	100	25

* - For other offsets, use the following merging taper length formula for L: For speed of 40 mph or less, L = WS $^2/60$ For speed of 45 mph or more, L = WS

Where: L = Taper length in feet

307

W = Width of offset in feet

S = Posted speed limit, off-peak 85th-percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph

** - Use for taper and tangent sections where there are no paven t markings or where there is a conflict between existing pavement markings and chooselizers (CA).

TABLE 2

LONGITUDINAL BUFFER SPACE VD FLAGGER STATION SPACING						
		DOWNGRADE VP **				
SPEED*	Min D**	-37	-6%	-9%		
mph	f†	ı,†	f†	f†		
20	115	16		126		
25	155		165	173		
30	200	205	215	227		
35	7 0	7	271	287		
40)5	3	333	354		
45	φ Q	3	400	427		
50	42	6	474	507		
55	495	520	553	593		
66	570	598	638	686		
65	645	682	728	785		
70	730	771	825	891		
75	820	866	927	1003		

* - Speed is posted speed limit, off-peak 85th-percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph

** Longitudinal buffer space or flagger station spacing

+** - Use on sustained downgrade steeper than -3 percent and longer than 1 mile.

TABLE 3

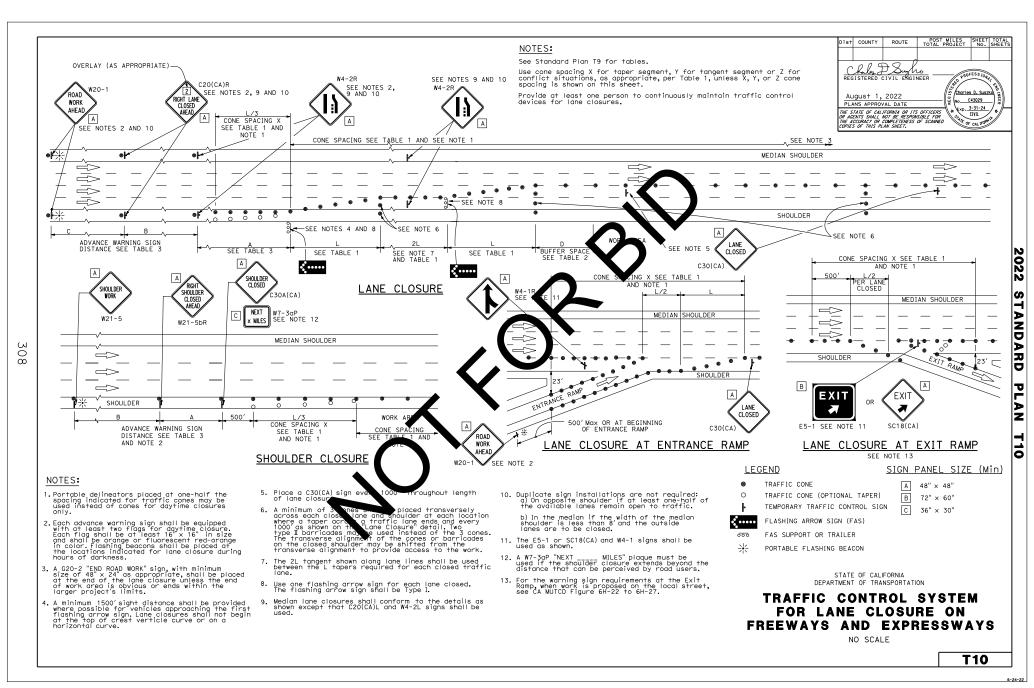
ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING						
	DISTANCE	E BETWEEN	SIGNS*			
ROAD TYPE	Α	В	С			
	f†	ft	ft			
URBAN - 25 mph OR LESS	100	100	100			
URBAN - MORE THAN 25 mph TO 40 mph	250	250	250			
URBAN - MORE THAN 40 mph	350	350	350			
RURAL	500	500	500			
EXPRESSWAY / FREEWAY	1000	1500	2640			

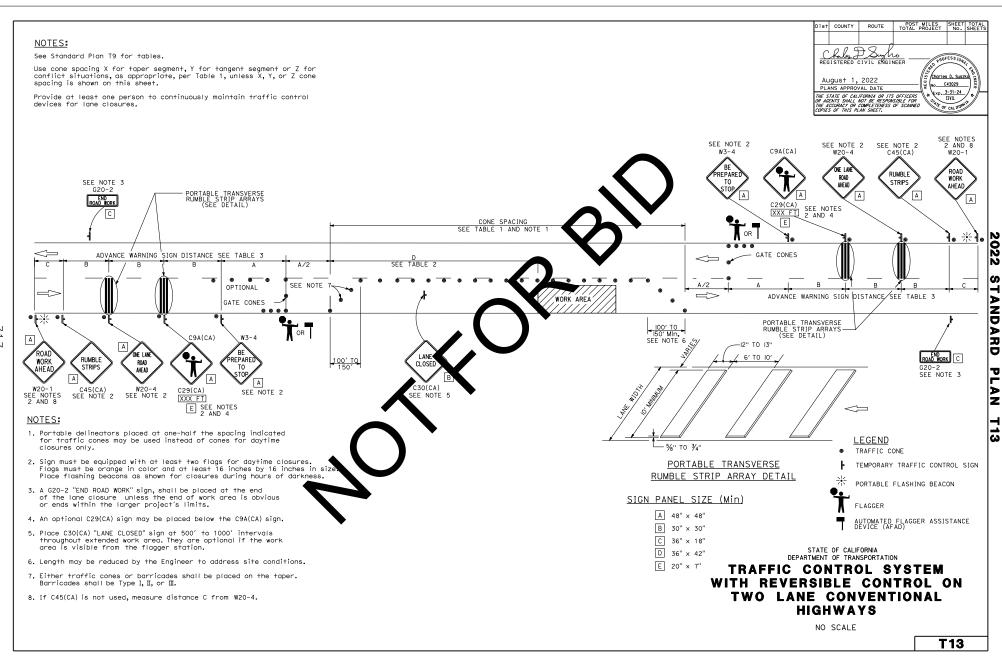
* - The distances are approximate, are intended for guidance purposes only, and should be applied with engineering judgment. These distances should be adjusted by the Engineer for field conditions, if necessary, by increasing or decreasing the recommended distances.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM TABLES FOR LANE AND RAMP CLOSURES

Т9





DIST	COUNTY	HOUTE	TOTAL PROJECT	No.	SHEETS
/A REG	I.R.T.	LECTRICAL	ENGINEER 080	FESS ION	
	May 31,			foghor	CING INCE
OR AGE	ENTS SHALL A	FORNIA OR IT HOT BE RESPO COMPLETENESS AN SHIFT.	MSIBLE FOR	ECRICAL COLFG	

NOTES:

- The plan shows the approximate location of devices within the enclosure. Components may be rearranged, however, the "wor" clearances within the service equipment enclosure shall by main pined.
- In unpaved areas a raised portland cement concrete pad 0" 4" x idth of foundation shall be constructed in front of new service dipmen enclosure installation. Pad shall be set to elevation of foun tion
- Plug-in circuit breakers may be mounted in the ven cal or horizontal position. Coble-in/coble-out circuit breaker shall a mounted in the vertical position.
- Type II-AF and Type II-BF service equipment enclavers shall have the meter viewing windows located on the front side of the service equipment enclosures.
- Type II-AR and Type II-BR service quipment en losure shall be similarly constructed as Type II-AR and Type I-BF respectively, except the meter viewing indows shall be a deed on the back side of the service equipment of dosure

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

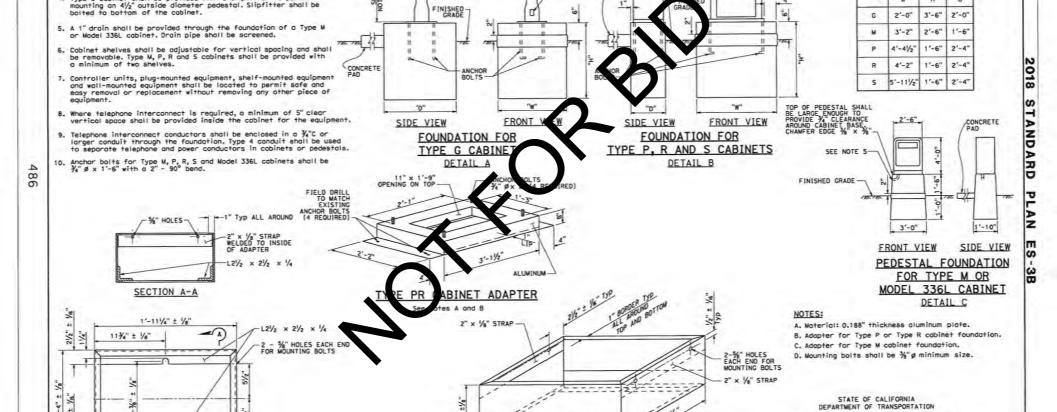
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
(SERVICE EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURE
NOTES TYPE III SERIES)

NO SCALE

ES-2C

480

2018 STANDARD PLAN ES-2C



1'-111/4" ± 1/6"

TYPE M CABINET ADAPTER

See Notes A, C, and D

0

STEEL

Û

CONCRETE

HANDHOLE

NOTES:

1. Type G, M, P, R, S and Model 336L cabinets shall be installed with

2. In unpoved areas, a raised portland cement concrete pod shall be

3. The steel pedestal, base plate, and bolt circle for Type G cabinet shall be the same as that shown for a Type 1-C Standard (see Standard Plan ES-78). Pedestal shall be 2'-1" to 2"-6" in length. Anchor bolts shall be 3" \$\pi\$ x 1'-6" with a 2" - 90" bend.

4. Type G cabinet shall be provided with a slipfitter to permit

TOP VIEW

constructed in front of each controller cobinet. The pad shall be $3^{-}0^{\circ}\times 3^{\circ}0^{\circ}\times 4^{\circ}$ for a Type 0 cabinet and shall be $3^{\circ}-0^{\circ}\times 4^{\circ}$ thick x width of foundation for Type M, P, R, S and Model 336L cobinets.

1" BORDER ALL AROUND TOP AND BOTTOM

the book toward the nearest lane of traffic.

Four bolts required per cobinet.

ES-3B

TOTAL PROJECT No. SHEETS

Homid

Zol faghari eo. E15636

12-31-19

H.R.

CABINET

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS (CONTROLLER CABINET ADAPTER,

FOUNDATIONS, AND PAD DETAILS)

NO SCALE

16

REGISTERED ELECTRICAL ENGINEER

"W"

FOUNDATION

"H"

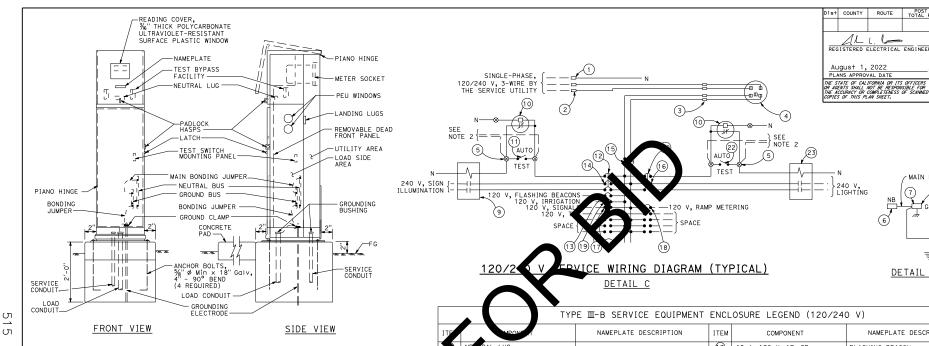
"0"

Dist COUNTY ROUTE POST MILES SHEET TOTAL NO. SHEETS ANNOTATION STANDARD ALL. L. REGISTERED ELECTRICAL ENGINEER SYMBOL DESCRIPTION NEW EXISTING TYPE John L. Castro August 1, 2022 E17490 15 AB ABANDON. IF APPLIED TO CONDUIT, REMOVE CONDUCTORS PLANS APPROVAL DATE EXP. 6-30-23 ELECTRICAL THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OR ITS OFFICERS OR AGENTS SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETERSS OF SCANNED COPIES OF THIS PLAN SHEET. BC INSTALL PULL BOX IN EXISTING CONDUIT RUN Ω — Ω ()----() 15D BP PEDESTRIAN BARRICADE, TYPE AS INDICATED ON PLAN \bigcirc 302---15 STRUCTURE CB INSTALL CONDUIT INTO EXISTING PULL BOX (v)-----(v) 15D STRUCTURE CONNECT NEW AND EXISTING CONDUIT. REMOVE EXISTING CONDUCTORS AND INSTALL CONDUCTORS AS INDICATED CC D--- \Box CONDUIT TO REMAIN FOR FUTURE USE. REMOVE CONDUCTORS. INSTALL PULL TAPE CF DETECTOR HANDHOLE DH FA FOUNDATION TO BE ABANDONED IS INSTALL SIGN ON SIGNAL MAST ARM 2022 STANDARD NS NO SLIP BASE ON STANDARD PEC PHOTOELECTRIC CONTROL PEU PHOTOELECTRIC UNIT EQUIPMENT OR MATERIAL TO BE REMOVED AND BECOME THE PROPERTY OF THE CONTRACTOR RC RL RELOCATE EQUIPMENT RR REMOVE AND REUSE EQUIPMENT REMOVE AND SALVAGE EQUIPMENT RS SC SPLICE NEW TO EXISTING CONDUCTORS SD SERVICE DISCONNECT PLAN TSP TELEPHONE SERVICE POINT ES-1A SOFFIT AND WALL-MOUNTED LUMINAIRES MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROLIERS SYMBOL DESCRIPTION NEW EXISTING DESCRIPTION $\bigcirc \rightarrow$ (Z)--¢ LUMINAIRE ON WOOD POLE PENDANT SOFFIT LUMINAIRE NON-STANDARD ELECTROLIER (SEE PROJECT LEGEND) (Z)--== FLUSH-MOUNTED SOFFIT LUMINAIRE \odot (⊙)---⇒ CITY ELECTROLIER WALL-MOUNTED LUMINAIRE ELECTROLIER FOUNDATION (FUTURE INSTALLATION) \Box (L)--- $\triangleleft + \otimes$ EXISTING SOFFIT OR WALL-MOUNTED LUMINAIRE TO REMAIN UNMODIFIED EXISTING SOFFIT OR WALL-MOUNTED LUMINAIRE TO BE MODIFIED AS SPECIFIED \triangleleft STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOTE: Arrow indicates "street side" of luminaire. **ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS** (LEGEND)

ES-1A

NO SCALE

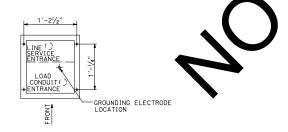
 Ω



	TYPE II-B SERVICE EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURE LEGEND (120/240 V)							
ITF	MPONT	NAMEPLATE DESCRIPTION	ITEM	COMPONENT	NAMEPLATE DESCRIPTION			
	NF /RAL LUG		(3)	15 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	FLASHING BEACON			
2	ANDING LUG		14	30 A, 240 V, 2P, CB	SIGN ILLUMINATION			
3	ST BYPASS FACILITY		13	100 A, 240 V, 2P, CB	MAIN BREAKER			
4	MET SOCKET AND SUPPORT		16	30 A, 240 V, 2P, CB	LIGHTING			
	TERMINAL BLOCKS		10	50 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	SIGNALS			
6	NEUTRAL BUS		18	30 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	RAMP METERING			
7	GROUND BUS		19	20 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	IRRIGATION			
3	GROUNDING ELECTRODE		20	15 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	LIGHTING CONTROL			
9	30 A, 2P, NO CONTACTOR	SIGN ILLUMINATION	2	20 A, 120 V, IP, CB	TELEPHONE DEMARCATION CABINET			
0	PHOTOELECTRIC UNIT (NOTE 4)	PEU	22	15 A, 1P, TEST SWITCH	LIGHTING TEST SWITCH			
11	15 A, 1P, TEST SWITCH	SIGN ILLUMINATION TEST SWITCH	23	60 A, 2P, NO CONTACTOR	LIGHTING			
12	15 A, 120 V, 1P, CB	SIGN ILLUMINATION CONTROL		·	·			

TYPE III-BF SERVICE EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURE (TYPICAL)

DETAIL A



BASE FOR TYPE Ⅲ-B SERVICE EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURE

DETAIL B

NOTES:

- 1. Unless otherwise indicated on the plans, service equipment items shall be provided for each service equipment enclosure as shown.
- 2. Connect to remote test switch mounted on lighting standards, sign post, or structure when required.
- 3. Items (1) and (6) shall be isolated from the service equipment enclosure.
- 4. Type $\mathbb I$ photoelectric control shall be used unless otherwise indicated on the plans.
- 5. Item (2) and (3) shall be ganged operated CB.
- The plan shows the approximate location of devices within the enclosure. Components may be rearranged, however, the "working" clearances within the service equipment enclosure shall be maintained.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ROUTE

POST MILES SHEET TOTAL TOTAL PROJECT No. SHEETS

John L. Castro

E17490

Exp. 6-30-23

MAIN BONDING JUMPER

SECURED TO SERVICE GB EQUIPMENT

(8)

DETAIL D

GROUND BUS

ENCLOSURE

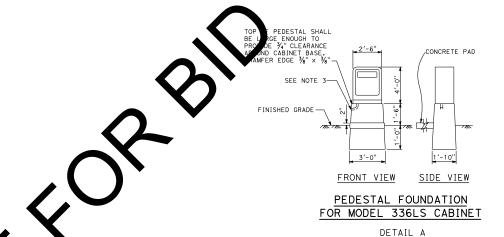
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS (SERVICE EQUIPMENT ENCLOSURE AND TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM, TYPE III-B SERIES)

NO SCALE

ES-2E

NOTES:

- Cabinet shall be installed with the back toward the nearest lane of traffic.
- in unpaved areas, a raised portland cement concrete pad shall be constructed in front of each controller cabinet. The pad shall be 3'-0" x 4" thick x width of foundation.
- A 1" drain shall be provided through the foundation of a cabinet. Drain pipe shall be screened.
- Cabinet shelves shall be adjustable for vertical spacing and shall be removable.
- Controller units, plug-mounted equipment, shelf-mounted equipment and wall-mounted equipment shall be located to permit safe and easy removal or replacement without removing any other piece of equipment.
- 6. Where telephone interconnect is required, a minimum of 5" clear vertical space shall be provided inside the cabinet for the equipment.
- 7. Telephone interconnect conductors shall be enclosed in a $\frac{7}{4}$ "C or larger conduit through the foundation. Type 4 conduit shall be used to separate telephone and power conductors in cabinets or pedestals.
- 8. Anchor bolts for cabinet shall be $\frac{3}{4}$ " Ø x 1'-6" with a 2" 90° bend.



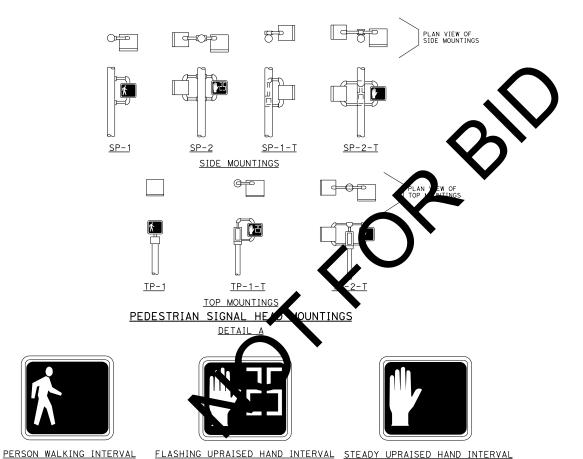
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
(CONTROLLER CABINET ADAPTER,
FOUNDATIONS, AND PAD DETAILS)

NO SCALE

ES-3B

2022 STANDARD PLAN ES-3B



LED COUNTDOWN PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL FACE MODULE DETAIL B

929

NOTES:

- Mounting shall be oriented to provide maximum horizontal clearance to adjacent roadway.
- 2. See Standard Plan ES-4D for attachment fittings details.

ABBREVIATIONS:

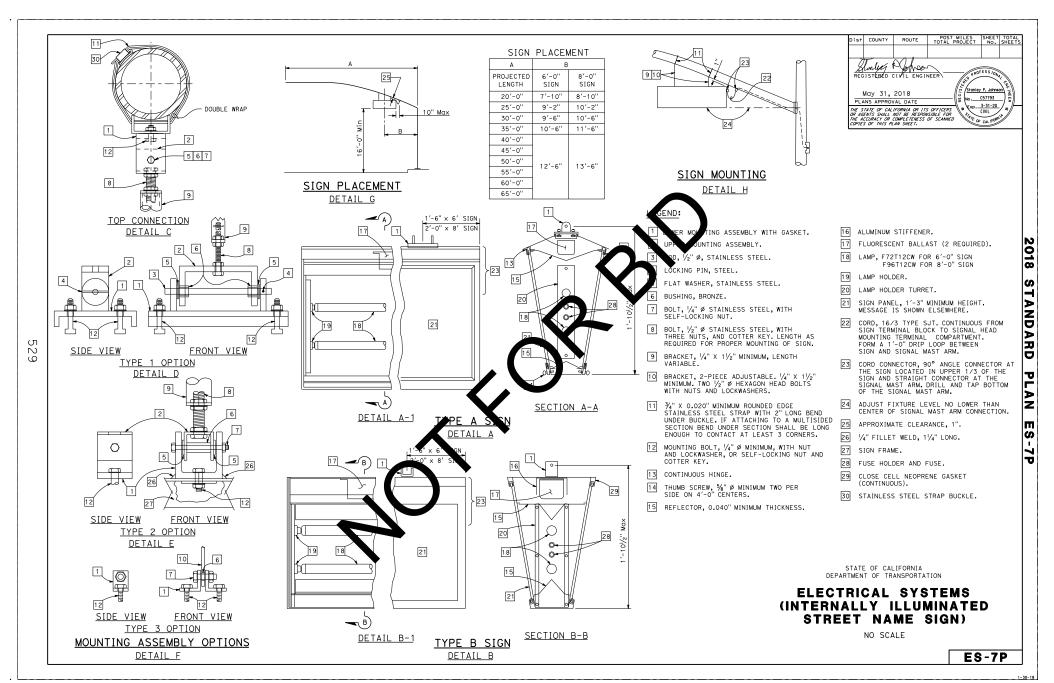
- 1, 2 NUMBER OF SIGNAL FACES
- SP SIDE MOUNTED PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL
- T TERMINAL COMPARTMENT
- TP TOP MOUNTED PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL

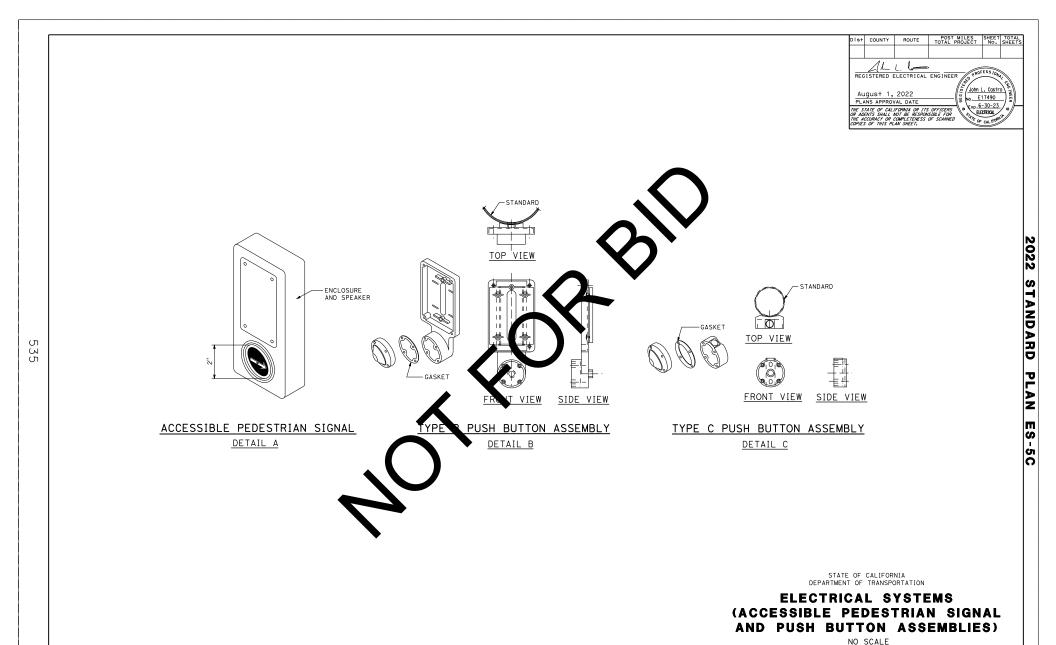
STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS (PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL HEADS)

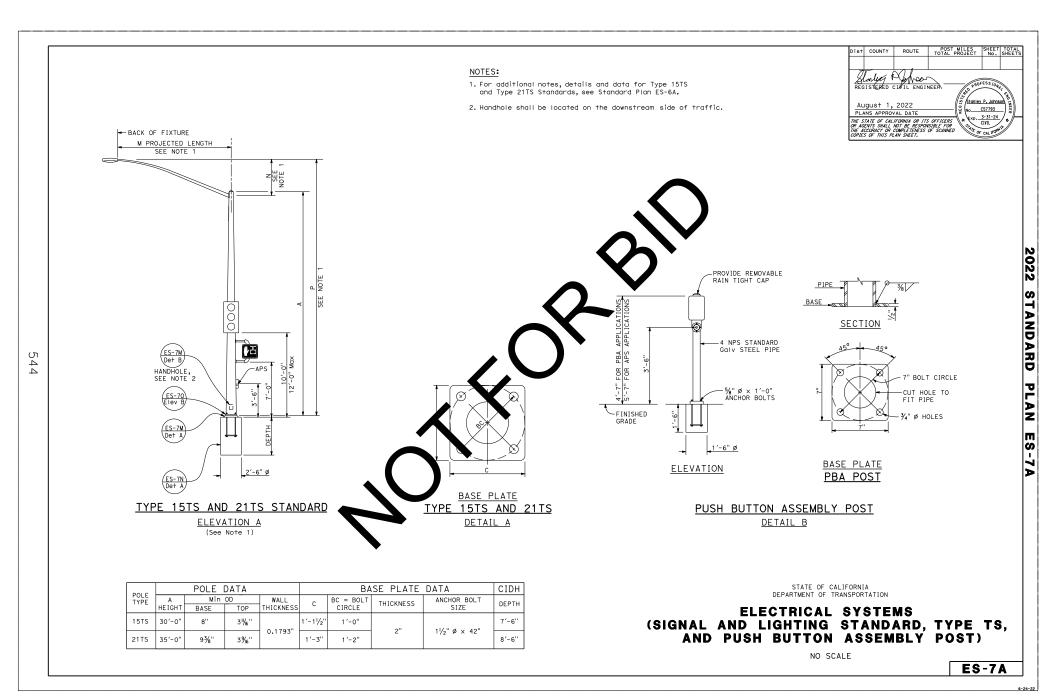
NO SCALE

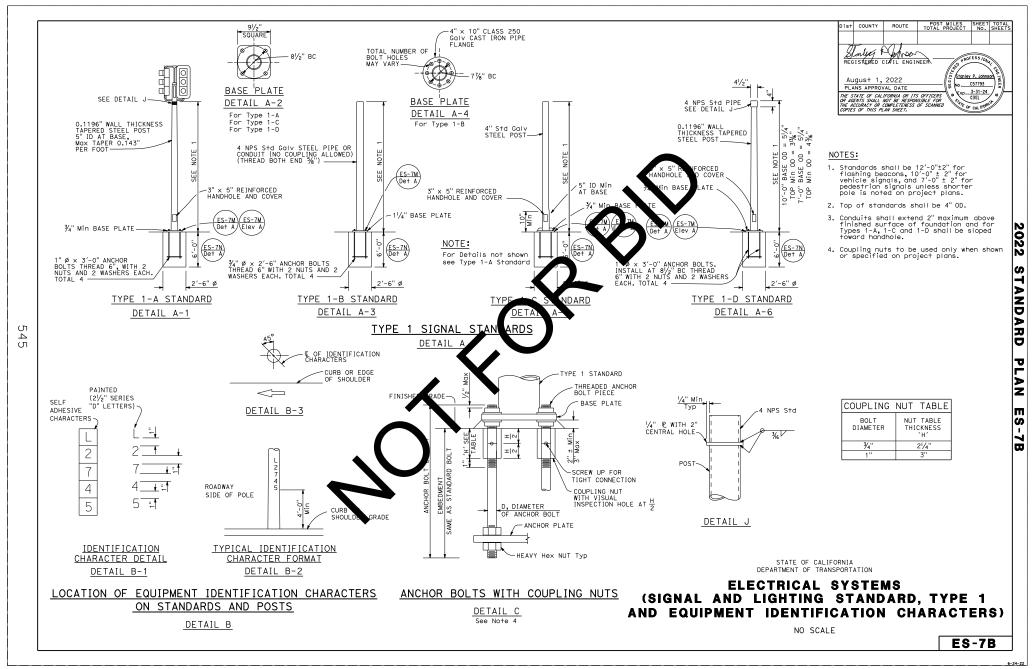
ES-4B

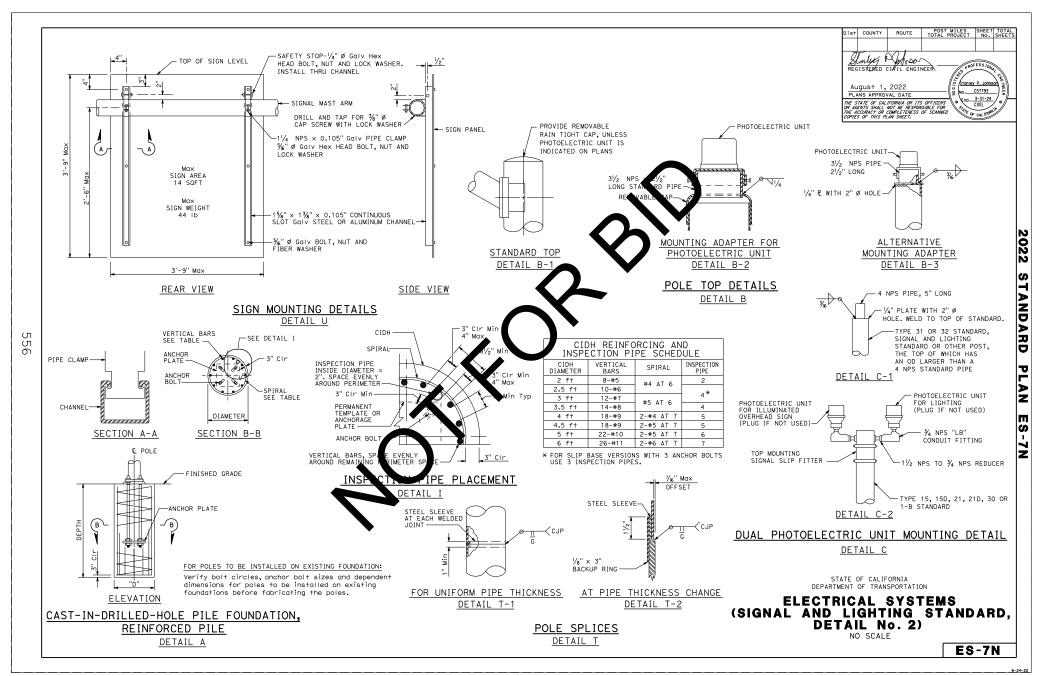


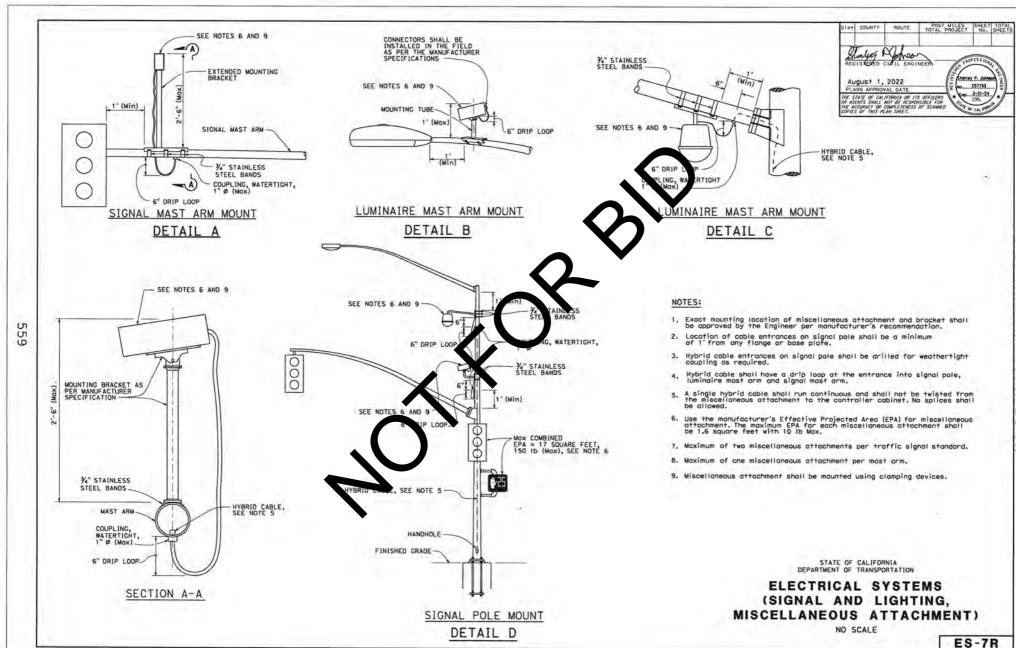


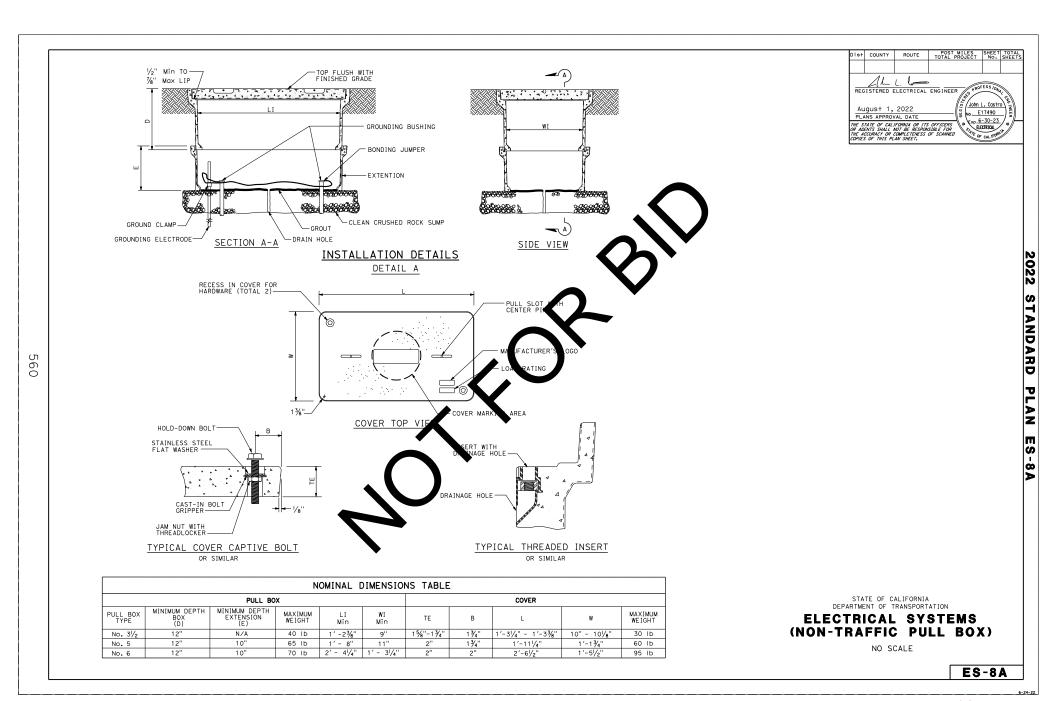
ES-5C











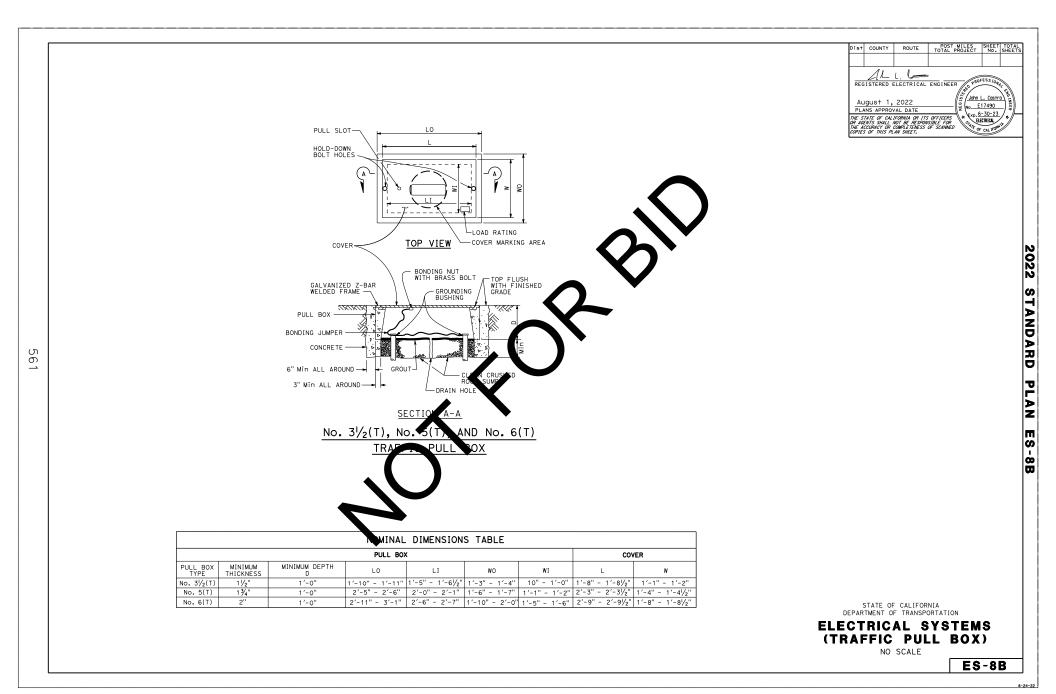
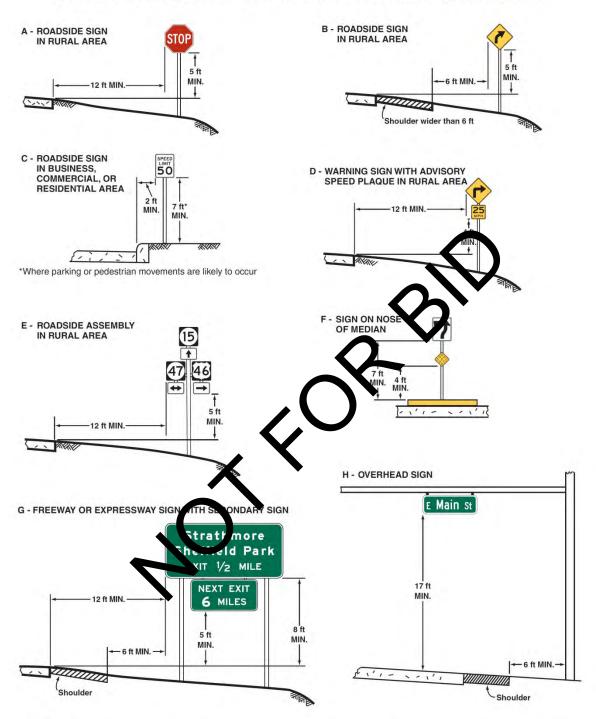


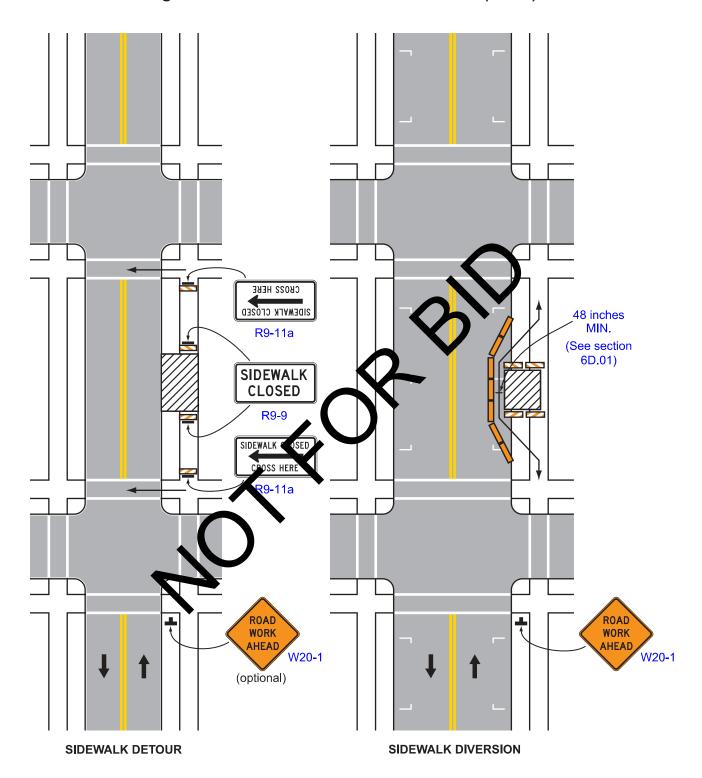
Figure 2A-2. Examples of Heights and Lateral Locations of Sign Installations



Note:

See Section 2A.19 for reduced lateral offset distances that may be used in areas where lateral offsets are limited, and in business, commercial, or residential areas where sidewalk width is limited or where existing poles are close to the curb.

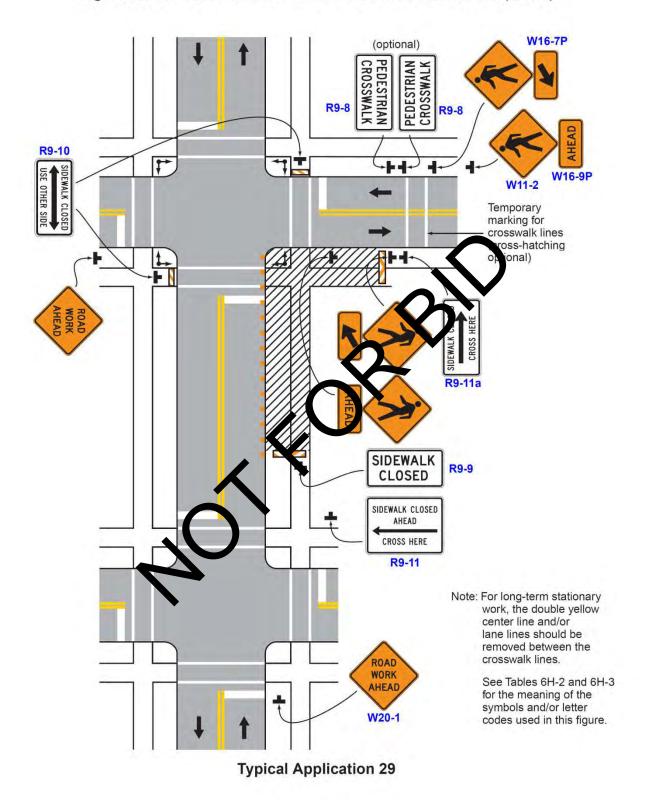
Figure 6H-28. Sidewalk Detour or Diversion (TA-28)



Typical Application 28

Note: See Tables 6H-2 and 6H-3 for the meaning of the symbols and/or letter codes used in this figure.

Figure 6H-29. Crosswalk Closures and Pedestrian Detours (TA-29)



Notes for Figure 6H-28—Typical Application 28 Sidewalk Detour or Diversion

Standard:

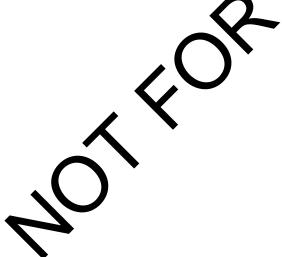
1. When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated, temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.

Guidance:

- 2. Where high speeds are anticipated, a temporary traffic barrier and, if necessary, a crash cushion should be used to separate the temporary sidewalks from vehicular traffic.
- 3. Audible information devices should be considered where midblock closings and changed crosswalk areas cause inadequate communication to be provided to pedestrians who have visual disabilities.

Option:

- 4. Street lighting may be considered.
- 5. Only the TTC devices related to pedestrians are shown. Other devices, such as lane closure signing or ROAD NARROWS signs, may be used to control vehicular traffic.
- 6. For nighttime closures, Type A Flashing warning lights may be used on arricad's that support signs and close sidewalks.
- 7. Type C Steady-Burn or Type D 360-degree Steady-Burn warning lights hay be used on channelizing devices separating the temporary sidewalks from vehicular traffic flows
- 8. Signs, such as KEEP RIGHT (LEFT), may be placed along a temp rary sidewalk to guide or direct pedestrians.



Notes for Figure 6H-29—Typical Application 29 Crosswalk Closures and Pedestrian Detours

Standard:

- 1. When crosswalks or other pedestrian facilities are closed or relocated, temporary facilities shall be detectable and shall include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- 2. Curb parking shall be prohibited for at least 50 feet in advance of the midblock crosswalk. Guidance:
 - 2. Parking should be prohibited in advance of mid-block crosswalks. Mid-block crosswalks should be avoided, when possible. See Section 3B.18.
 - 3. Audible information devices should be considered where midblock closings and changed crosswalk areas cause inadequate communication to be provided to pedestrians who have visual disabilities.
- 4. Pedestrian traffic signal displays controlling closed crosswalks should be covered or deactivated. Option:
 - 5. Street lighting may be considered.
 - 6. Only the TTC devices related to pedestrians are shown. Other devices, such as late closure signing or ROAD NARROWS signs, may be used to control vehicular traffic.
 - 7. For nighttime closures, Type A Flashing warning lights may be used on baryicades supporting signs and closing sidewalks.
 - 8. Type C Steady-Burn or Type D 360-degree Steady-Burn arrning lights may be used on channelizing devices separating the work space from vehicular traffic.
 - 9. In order to maintain the systematic use of the fluorescent, ellow-green background for pedestrian, bicycle, and school warning signs in a jurisdiction, the fluorescent yellow-green background for pedestrian, bicycle, and school warning signs may be used in TTC agnes.



¹⁶ Parking regulations shall be covered by ordinance or order of the authority having jurisdiction over the street or highway.

Option:

- 17 Curb markings may supplement standard signs.
- ¹⁸ Prohibitions or restrictions enacted by local authorities under Sections 22506 or 22507 may be indicated by marking curbs as prescribed by CVC Section 21458.

Policy on Parking Restrictions

Support:

- 19 Loading Zones Local authorities are authorized by Section 21112 of the CVC to license and regulate the location of stands on streets and highways for use of taxicabs and other public carriers for hire. Where such stands are located on State highways, and highway maintenance is not delegated to the local authority, the approval of Caltrans is required. The District Directors have been delegated authority to approve local ordinances establishing such stands.
- 20 Loading zone ordinances restricted for certain segments of traffic such as "hotel patrons only" will not be approved. Bus stand ordinances are generally approved.

Standard:

21 Whenever practicable, bus stands shall be located on the far side of the intersection

Section 3B.24 Chevron and Diagonal Crosshatch Markings

Option:

of Chevron and diagonal crosshatch markings may be used to disco trag to ver on certain paved areas, such as shoulders, entrance ramp gore areas, flush median areas between solid couble yellow center line markings or between white channelizing lines approaching obstructions in the roadway (see Section 3B.10 and Figure 3B-15), between solid double yellow center line markings forming flush hedians or channelized travel paths at intersections (see Figures 3B-2 and 3B-5), buffer spaces between preferential lanes and general-purpose lanes (see Figures 3D-2 and 3D-4), and at grade crossings (see Part 8).

Support:

ona For chevron crosshatch markings in exit gore areas, releast of Section 3B.05.

Standard:

- ⁰² When crosshatch markings are used in part d areas that separate traffic flows in the same general direction, they shall be white and the shall be shaped as chevron markings, with the point of each chevron facing toward approaching traffic, as shown in Figure 3B-8 3B-8 (CA), Drawing A of Figure 3B-9 3B-9 (CA), Figure 3B-10 3B-10 (CA), and Drawn. C of Figure 3B-15.
- 03 When crosshatch markings are used in paved areas that separate opposing directions of traffic, they shall be yellow diagonal markings that slant away from traffic in the adjacent travel lanes, as shown in Figures 3B-2 and 3B-5 and Dr wings A and B of Figure 3B-15.
- ⁰⁴ When crosshatch m. Kings are used on paved shoulders, they shall be diagonal markings that slant away from traffic in the adjecent travel lane. The diagonal markings shall be yellow when used on the left-hand shoulders of the roadways of divided highways and on the left-hand shoulders of one-way streets or ramps. The diagonal markings shall be white when used on right-hand shoulders.

Guidance:

- os The chevrons and diagonal lines used for crosshatch markings should be at least 12 inches wide for roadways having a posted or statutory speed limit of 45 mph or greater, and at least 8 inches wide for roadways having posted or statutory speed limit of less than 45 mph. The longitudinal spacing of the chevrons or diagonal lines should be determined by engineering judgment considering factors such as speeds and desired visual impacts. The chevrons and diagonal lines should form an angle of approximately 30 to 45 degrees with the longitudinal lines that they intersect.
- ⁰⁶ Diagonal and chevron markings should be used, when in the opinion of an engineer, it is necessary to add emphasis or to discourage vehicular travel upon a paint-formed roadway feature such as an unusually wide shoulder area, a pedestrian refuge island, or a traffic divisional or channelization island.
- or Diagonal lines, when used, should be installed between an edge line and traffic island, or between pairs of double yellow lines.
 - 08 Chevron markings, when used, should be installed between channelizing lines for traffic flows in the same direction.

Support:

- ⁰⁹ The applicable channelizing lines for chevron markings are shown in Figure 3A-110(CA), Details 36, 36A and 36B and pairs of lines shown in Figure 3A-112(CA), Details 38 and 38A.
 - 10 The diagonal lines or chevron markings are normally 12 inch wide.

Standard:

- 11 Diagonal lines and chevrons shall be the same color as the line or lines to which they connect and shall point at a 45-degree forward angle.
- 12 Diagonal lines or chevrons, if used, shall be the same color as the edge line. Option:
 - 13 The spacing between these lines may vary from 1 feet in a pedestrian crosswalk to 200 feet for vehicular traffic.

Section 3B.25 Speed Hump Markings

Standard:

of If speed hump markings are used, they shall be a series of white markings placed on a speed hump to identify its location. If markings are used for a speed hump that does not also function as a crosswalk or speed Table, the markings shall comply with Option A, B, or C shown in Figure 3B-29. If markings are used for a speed hump that also functions as a crosswalk or speed Table, the markings shall comply with Option A or B shown in Figure 3B-30.

Support:

02 Per CVC 440, speed humps or bumps are not official traffic control devices.

Section 3B.26 Advance Speed Hump Markings

Option:

- of Advance speed hump markings (see Figure 3B-31) may be used in advance of speed humps or other engineered vertical roadway deflections such as dips, where added visibility is desired or where such deflection is not expected.
- of a Advance pavement wording such as BUMP or HUXP (see Section 3B.20) may be used on the approach to a speed hump either alone or in conjunction with drance speed hump markings. Appropriate advance warning signs may be used in compliance with Section 2C. 9.

Standard:

03 If advance speed hump markings are used, they shall be a series of eight white 12-inch transverse lines that become longer and are speed coser together as the vehicle approaches the speed hump or other deflection. If advance markings are used, they shall comply with the detailed design shown in Figure 3B-31.

Guidance:

04 If used, advance speec hump markings should be installed in each approach lane.

Section 3B.101(CA) <u>Turnouts</u>

Guidance:

- on Paved turnouts should be marked with a 8 inch wide single solid white line between the through lane and the turnout. The line should not extend through the entry and exit areas. See Figure 3B-107(CA) and Caltrans' Highway Design Manual, Section 204.5 (4). See Section 1A.11 for information regarding this publication.
- of Turnouts should be 200 feet to 500 feet in length including a short taper of 50 feet at each end. Turnouts should not be longer than 500 feet.
- 03 The right edge line should be dropped throughout the length of the turnout.

Option

04 Turnout length may be increased 100 feet on down grades over 3%.

CHAPTER 6D. PEDESTRIAN AND WORKER SAFETY

Section 6D.01 Pedestrian Considerations

Support:

of A wide range of pedestrians might be affected by TTC zones, including the young, elderly, and people with disabilities such as hearing, visual, or mobility. These pedestrians need a clearly delineated and usable travel path. Considerations for pedestrians with disabilities are addressed in Section 6D.02.

Standard:

- 02 The various TTC provisions for pedestrian and worker safety set forth in Part 6 shall be applied by knowledgeable (for example, trained and/or certified) persons after appropriate evaluation and engineering judgment.
 - 03 Advance notification of sidewalk closures shall be provided by the maintaining agency.
- 04 If the TTC zone affects the movement of pedestrians, adequate pedestrian access and walkways shall be provided. If the TTC zone affects an accessible and detectable pedestrian facility, the accessibility and detectability shall be maintained along the alternate pedestrian route.

 Option:
- of If establishing or maintaining an alternate pedestrian route is not feasible during the project, an alternate means of providing for pedestrians may be used, such as adding free bus ervice around the project or assigning someone the responsibility to assist pedestrians with disabilities through the project limits.

 Support:
- ⁰⁶ It must be recognized that pedestrians are reluctant to retrice their steps to a prior intersection for a crossing or to add distance or out-of-the-way travel to a destination.

 Guidance:
 - of The following three items should be considered when playing for pedestrians in TTC zones:
 - A. Pedestrians should not be led into conflicts with vehicles equipment, and operations.
 - B. Pedestrians should not be led into conflict with valids moving through or around the worksite.
 - C. Pedestrians should be provided with a concentent and accessible path that replicates as nearly as practical the most desirable characteristics of the existing sidewalk(s) or footpath(s).
- 08 A pedestrian route should not be sorved and/or moved for non-construction activities such as parking for vehicles and equipment.
- op Consideration should be made to a parate pedestrian movements from both worksite activity and vehicular traffic. Unless an acceptable role that coes not involve crossing the roadway can be provided, pedestrians should be appropriately directed with avance signing that encourages them to cross to the opposite side of the roadway. In urban and a burba, areas with high vehicular traffic volumes, these signs should be placed at intersections (rather than widblock locations) so that pedestrians are not confronted with midblock worksites that will induce them to attempt stirting the worksite or making a midblock crossing.
- ¹⁰ Figures 6H-28 and 6H-29 show typical TTC device usage and techniques for pedestrian movement through work zones.

Guidance:

- 11 To accommodate the needs of pedestrians, including those with disabilities, the following considerations should be addressed when temporary pedestrian pathways in TTC zones are designed or modified:
 - A. Provisions for continuity of accessible paths for pedestrians should be incorporated into the TTC plan.
 - B. Access to transit stops should be maintained.
 - C. A smooth, continuous hard surface should be provided throughout the entire length of the temporary pedestrian facility. There should be no curbs or abrupt changes in grade or terrain that could cause tripping or be a barrier to wheelchair use. The geometry and alignment of the facility should meet the applicable requirements of the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" (see Section 1A.11).
 - D. The width of the existing pedestrian facility should be provided for the temporary facility if practical. Traffic control devices and other construction materials and features should not intrude into the usable width of the

23 Normal vertical curbing shall not be used as a substitute for temporary traffic barriers when temporary traffic barriers are needed.

Option:

²⁴ Temporary traffic barriers or longitudinal channelizing devices may be used to discourage pedestrians from unauthorized movements into the work space. They may also be used to inhibit conflicts with vehicular traffic by minimizing the possibility of midblock crossings.

Support:

25 A major concern for pedestrians is urban and suburban building construction encroaching onto the contiguous sidewalks, which forces pedestrians off the curb into direct conflict with moving vehicles.

26 If a significant potential exists for vehicle incursions into the pedestrian path, pedestrians should be rerouted or temporary traffic barriers should be installed.

Support:

27 TTC devices, jersey barriers, and wood or chain link fencing with a continuous detectable edging can satisfactorily delineate a pedestrian path.

Guidance:

- 28 Tape, rope, or plastic chain strung between devices are not detectable, de not comply with the design standards in the "Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Suildings and Facilities (ADAAG)" (see Section 1A.11), and should not be used as a control for pedestrian provements.
- 29 In general, pedestrian routes should be preserved in urban and commercial suburban areas. Alternative routing should be discouraged.
- 30 The highway agency in charge of the TTC zone should regularly inspect the activity area so that effective pedestrian TTC is maintained.

Support:

- 31 Other laws and requirements are unique to California and need to be followed when providing pedestrian access through or around TTC zones.
- 32 Additional information on this topic can be found if publication at led "Pedestrian Considerations for California Temporary Traffic Control Zones on Caltrans' following web link

http://dot.ca.gov/hq/traffops/engineering/control-devi-es/pdf/PedBrochure.pdf

Section 6D.02 Accessibility Considerations

Support:

of Additional information on the design and construction of accessible temporary facilities is found in publications listed in Section 1A 11 (see Publications 12, 38, 39, and 42). *Guidance:*

of the extent of pedestrical needs should be determined through engineering judgment or by the individual responsible for each TTC zo. e situation. Adequate provisions should be made for pedestrians with disabilities. Standard:

03 When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, the temporary facilities shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility. Where pedestrians with visual disabilities normally use the closed sidewalk, a barrier that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.

Support:

o4 Maintaining a detectable, channelized pedestrian route is much more useful to pedestrians who have visual disabilities than closing a walkway and providing audible directions to an alternate route involving additional crossings and a return to the original route. Braille is not useful in conveying such information because it is difficult to find. Audible instructions might be provided, but the extra distance and additional street crossings might add complexity to a trip.

Guidance:

05 Because printed signs and surface delineation are not usable by pedestrians with visual disabilities, blocked routes, alternate crossings, and sign and signal information should be communicated to pedestrians with visual

disabilities by providing audible information devices, accessible pedestrian signals, and barriers and channelizing devices that are detectable to pedestrians traveling with the aid of a long cane or who have low vision.

Support:

of The most desirable way to provide information to pedestrians with visual disabilities that is equivalent to visual signing for notification of sidewalk closures is a speech message provided by an audible information device. Devices that provide speech messages in response to passive pedestrian actuation are the most desirable. Other devices that continuously emit a message, or that emit a message in response to use of a pushbutton, are also acceptable, signing information can also be transmitted to personal receivers, but currently such receivers are not likely to be carried or used by pedestrians with visual disabilities in TTC zones. Audible information devices might not be needed if detectable channelizing devices make an alternate route of travel evident to pedestrians with visual disabilities.

Guidance:

or If a pushbutton is used to provide equivalent TTC information to pedestrians with visual disabilities, the pushbutton should be equipped with a locator tone to notify pedestrians with visual disabilities that a special accommodation is available, and to help them locate the pushbutton.

Section 6D.03 Worker Safety Considerations

Support:

- of Equally as important as the safety of road users traveling through the TC zone is the safety of workers. TTC zones present temporary and constantly changing conditions that are unexpected by the road user. This creates an even higher degree of vulnerability for workers on or near the codway.
- o2 Maintaining TTC zones with road user flow inhibited a littl as possible, and using TTC devices that get the road user's attention and provide positive direction are of particular importance. Likewise, equipment and vehicles moving within the activity area create a risk of workers on foot. When possible, the separation of moving equipment and construction vehicles from workers of foot provides the operator of these vehicles with a greater separation clearance and improved sight lines to minimize exposure to the hazards of moving vehicles and equipment.

Guidance:

- 03 The following are the key elements f worker safety and TTC management that should be considered to improve worker safety:
 - A. Training—all workers should be vained on how to work next to motor vehicle traffic in a way that minimizes their vulnerability. Worker having specific TTC responsibilities should be trained in TTC techniques, device usage, and place yet.
 - B. Temporary Traffic Parriers—temporary traffic barriers should be placed along the work space depending on factors such as lawral crearance of workers from adjacent traffic, speed of traffic, duration and type of operations, time of day, and volume of traffic.
 - C. Speed Reduction—reducing the speed of vehicular traffic, mainly through regulatory speed zoning, funneling, lane reduction, or the use of uniformed law enforcement officers or flaggers, should be considered. The use of regulatory speed zone signing tends to be more effective when law enforcement is present. Refer to Section 6C.01.
 - D. Activity Area—planning the internal work activity area to minimize backing-up maneuvers of construction vehicles should be considered to minimize the exposure to risk.
 - E. Worker Safety Planning—a trained person designated by the employer should conduct a basic hazard assessment for the worksite and job classifications required in the activity area. This safety professional should determine whether engineering, administrative, or personal protection measures should be implemented. This plan should be in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, as amended, "General Duty Clause" Section 5(a)(1) Public Law 91-596, 84 Stat. 1590, December 29, 1970, as amended, and with the requirement to assess worker risk exposures for each job site and job classification, as per 29 CFR 1926.20 (b)(2) of "Occupational Safety and Health Administration Regulations, General Safety and Health Provisions" (see Section 1A.11).

- sidewalk, temporary pathway, or other pedestrian facility. When it is not possible to maintain a minimum width of 60 inches throughout the entire length of the pedestrian pathway, a 60 x 60-inch passing space should be provided at least every 200 feet to allow individuals in wheelchairs to pass.
- E. Blocked routes, alternate crossings, and sign and signal information should be communicated to pedestrians with visual disabilities by providing devices such as audible information devices, accessible pedestrian signals, or barriers and channelizing devices that are detectable to the pedestrians traveling with the aid of a long cane or who have low vision. Where pedestrian traffic is detoured to a TTC signal, engineering judgment should be used to determine if pedestrian signals or accessible pedestrian signals should be considered for crossings along an alternate route.
- F. When channelization is used to delineate a pedestrian pathway, a continuous detectable edging should be provided throughout the length of the facility such that pedestrians using a long cane can follow it. These detectable edgings should comply with the provisions of Section 6F.74.
- G. Signs and other devices mounted lower than 7 feet above the temporary pedestrian pathway should not project more than 4 inches into accessible pedestrian facilities.

Option:

12 Whenever it is feasible, closing off the worksite from pedestrian intrusion probe preferable to channelizing pedestrian traffic along the site with TTC devices.

Guidance:

- 13 Fencing should not create sight distance restrictions for road users. Fencis six all not be constructed of materials that would be hazardous if impacted by vehicles. Wooden ailing, fencing, and similar systems placed immediately adjacent to motor vehicle traffic should not be used as suc ditutes for crashworthy temporary traffic barriers.
- 14 Ballast for TTC devices should be kept to the minimum amount needed and should be mounted low to prevent penetration of the vehicle windshield.
- 15 Movement by work vehicles and equipment across designant pedestrian paths should be minimized and, when necessary, should be controlled by flaggers or TC. Staging or stopping of work vehicles or equipment along the side of pedestrian paths should be aveiled, since it encourages movement of workers, equipment, and materials across the pedestrian path.
- 16 Access to the work space by workers and equipment across pedestrian walkways should be minimized because the access often creates unacceptable changes in grade, and rough or muddy terrain, and pedestrians will tend to avoid these areas by attempting non-intersection crossings where no curb ramps are available. Option:
- 17 A canopied walkway may be used to protect pedestrians from falling debris, and to provide a covered passage for pedestrians.

Guidance:

- 18 Covered walkways should be turdily constructed and adequately lighted for nighttime use.
- 19 When pedestrian and vericle paths are rerouted to a closer proximity to each other, consideration should be given to separating them by a temporary traffic barrier.
- 20 If a temporary traffic barrier is used to shield pedestrians, it should be designed to accommodate site conditions.

Support:

21 Depending on the possible vehicular speed and angle of impact, temporary traffic barriers might deflect upon impact by an errant vehicle. Guidance for locating and designing temporary traffic barriers can be found in Chapter 9 of AASHTO's "Roadside Design Guide" (see Section 1A.11).

Standard:

22 Short intermittent segments of temporary traffic barrier shall not be used because they nullify the containment and redirective capabilities of the temporary traffic barrier, increase the potential for serious injury both to vehicle occupants and pedestrians, and encourage the presence of blunt, leading ends. All upstream leading ends that are present shall be appropriately flared or protected with properly installed and maintained crashworthy cushions. Adjacent temporary traffic barrier segments shall be properly connected in order to provide the overall strength required for the temporary traffic barrier to perform properly.

<u>PROPOSAL</u>

TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY STATE OF CALIFORNIA

For Construction On

5TH STREET AT PEDLEY ROAD Intersection of Pedley Road and Fifth Street

LENGTH: 900 Feet
WORK ORDER: H15189
AREA: San Bernardino Area
ROAD NO.: 349950-016, 6463004010

NOTICE: BIDDERS MUST OBTAIN BIDDING DOCUMENTS AND PREPARE THEIR BIDS ON FORMS OBTAINED DIRECTLY FROM THE SAN BERNARDING COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OR FROM THE SAN BERNARDING COUNTY ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT NETWORK (ePRO) https://ep.os.becunty.gov/. BIDS PREPARED ON FORMS OBTAINED FROM OTHER SOURCES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED. BIDDERS MUST BE LISTED ON THE OFFICIAL PLAN HOLDERS LIST AT THE TIME BIDS ARE PUBLICLY OPENED. BIDS RECEIVED FROM BIDDERS WIJO ARE NOT LISTED ON THE OFFICIAL PLAN HOLDERS LIST WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

The undersigned, as bidder, declars that the only persons or parties interested in this proposal as principals are those named herein, that this proposal is made without collusion with any other person, firm, or corporation; nat bilder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work, the proposed form of contract, any the plans and specifications therein referred to; and bidder proposes and agrees if this proposal is accepted, that bidder will contract with the San Bernardino County, in the form of the soppy of the contract to provide all necessary machinery, tools, apparatus and other means of construction, and to do all work and furnish all the materials specified in the contract, in the manner and in the time therein prescribed, and according to the requirements of the Engineer as therein set forth, and that bidder will take in full payment therefore the following prices, to wit:

PROPOSAL CHECKLIST AND ASSEMBLY SEQUENCE

IMPORTANT

Failure to Properly Complete Bid Package May Result in Rejection of Bid Proposal – Assemble all pages in same numbering sequence as original.

ı	Proposal – Assemble all pages in same numbering sequence as original.
	Replacement Bid Sheets from Addendum are substituted in sequence, if applicable.
	Unit Prices are entered for all bid items (or Alternate bid items).
	Corrections or changes to the bid document are initialed.
	Subcontractors, if any, are listed
	Public Contract Code Section 10285.1 Statement is executed
	Public Contract Code Section 10162 Questionnaire is completed
	Noncollusion Declaration is executed and submitted with bid.
	Bidder Information is completed and correct.
	Proposal is complete and signed by authorized company representative.
2	Addendums, if any, are acknowledged. (Norm tly sent by facsimile and mail)
	"Bidder's Certification" (Just the ertification page) are executed and attached.
3	Bidder's Security.
	10% of Bid Amount is Cash, Cashier's Check, Certified Check or Bidder's Bond.
	If Bidder's Bond-surety signature is notarized.
	If Bidder's Bond, surety power of attorney is attached.
4	ePRO.
	Registered as a Vendor in the ePro System prior to date and time to receive bid.
	If submitting bid through ePro, original Bid Security submitted in a separate sealed envelope labeled "Bid Bond" with the title of the work and name of bidder marked or outside of envelope to the Department of Public Works, Front Reception. Must be received on or before the time set for the opening of bids.
	If submitting a bid through ePro, Scan and attach to your quote the Fully Executed Proposal Documents (pages P-1 thru P-14).
	If submitting a bid through ePro, Scan and attach to your quote the Fully Executed Certification Page for ALL Addendums.
5	REGISTERED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS (DIR) (SENATE BILL 854).
	DIR Registration Number identified for Bidder and all subcontractors.

Project: Fifth Street At Pedley Road W.O.#: H15189

Limits: Intersection of Pedley Road and Fifth Street

Item No.	Approx. Quant.	Meas. Unit	Item Description	Unit Price	Total
1	25,000	F.A.	Supplement Work at Force Account "Unforeseen Site Condition and Utility Conflicts"	\$ 1.00	\$ 25,000.00
2	1	L.S.	Water Pollution Control Program	\$	\$
3	1	L.S.	Mobilization	\$	\$
4	1	L.S.	Traffic Control System	\$	\$
5	2	E.A.	Portable Changeable message Sign	\$	\$
6	6,522	L.F.	Remove Thermoplastic Traffic Stripe	\$	\$
7	1	E.A.	Remove Roadside Sign	\$	\$
8	243	S.F.	Remove Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	\$	\$
9	85	S.Y.	Remove Existing Concrete (Ramp ,Sidewalk and Driveway)		\$
10	71	L.F.	Remove Concrete (Curb and Gutter)	\$	\$
11	50	S.Y.	Cold Plane Asphalt Concrete Pavement	\$	\$
12	1,577	S.Y.	Remove Asphalt Concrete Sur acing	\$	\$
13	700	C.Y.	Roadway Excavation	\$	\$
14	375	C.Y.	Aggregate Base Class-	\$	\$
15	450	TON	Asphalt Concret (Tyre A-3/4" Aggregate Gradation)	\$	\$
16	255	TON	Asphalt Concrete Typt G	\$	\$
17	54	L.F.	Place Aspha Concrete Dike	\$	\$
18	4	EA.	leset Rundside Sign	\$	\$
19	4	EA.	A. Viust M. Inhole and Cover to grade	\$	\$
20	1	Į.	aring and Grubbing	\$	\$
21	1	L.S.	Develop Water Supply	\$	\$
22	1	L.S.	Finishing Roadway	\$	\$
23	42	C.Y.	Minor Concrete (Ramp, Curb, Curb & Gutter, Driveway and Sidewalk)	\$	\$
24	4	EA.	ADA Ramp Detectable Warning Surface	\$	\$
25	3,210	L.F.	Thermoplastic 6" wide Traffic Stripe	\$	\$
26	521	L.F.	Thermoplastic 8" wide Traffic Stripe	\$	\$
27	1,133	L.F.	Thermoplastic 6" Traffic Stripe Double Yellow Stripe	\$	\$
28	2,096	S.F.	Thermoplastic Pavement Marking	\$	\$
29	116	EA.	Pavement Marker (Retroreflective Type D and G)	\$	\$
30	12	EA.	Pavement Marker (Retroreflective - Blue)	\$	\$

Bidder:

Project: Fifth Street At Pedley Road W.O.#: H15189

Limits: Intersection of Pedley Road and Fifth Street

Item No.	Approx. Quant.	Meas. Unit	Item Description	Unit Price	Total
31	6	EA.	Roadside Sign	\$	\$
32	1	L.S.	(S) Signal and Lighting	\$	\$

PROJECT TOTAL: \$



Bids are to be submitted for the entire work. The amount of the bid for comparison purposes will be the total of all items.

The bidder shall set forth for each unit basis item of work a unit price and a total for the item, and for each lump sum item a total for the item, all in clearly legible figures in the respective spaces provided for this purpose. In the case of unit basis items, the amount set forth under the "Total" column shall be the extension of the unit price bid on the basis of the estimated quantity for the item.

In case of discrepancy between the unit price and the total set forth for a unit basis item, the unit price shall prevail, however, if the amount set forth as a unit price is ambiguous, unintelligible or uncertain for any cause, or is omitted, then the amount set forth in the "Total" column for the item shall prevail and shall be divided by the estimated quantity for the item and the price thus obtained, rounded to the next lower penny, shall be the unit price.

If this proposal shall be accepted, the contract shall be signed by the successful bidder and returned <u>within 10 days</u>, and the contract bonds, copy of insurance policies, and Certificates of Insurance, with documents to verify any self-insurance coverage shall be provided <u>within 10 days</u>, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, after the hidder has received the contract for execution. Should the undersigned fail to contract as a bresaid, the Board of Supervisors may, at its option, determine that the bidder has a bank oned the contract, and, thereupon, this proposal and the acceptance thereof shall be right and void, and the forfeiture of such security accompanying this proposal shall operate and the same may be the property of the San Bernardino County.

BIDDER			

The bidder shall complete the following information as required by the Subletting and Subcontracting Fair Practices Act, Public Contract Code section 4100 et seq.

Note: Subcontractors must be licensed and registered with the DIR (with limited exceptions from this requirement for bid purposes only under Labor Code section 1771.1(a)) at the time of the bid opening.

Information marked with ** is required. (Make additional copies of this form if needed)

SUBCONTRACTORS LIST	<u>T</u>	
Name: _**	Fed. ID:	Item(s) #: **
Business Location: **		(s):
Telephone: ()		An ount \$
License #: **	Description of Work: **	
DIR Registration #:**		V
Name: **	Fed. ID:	Item(s) #: **
Business Location: **		% (s):
Telephone: ()		Amount: \$
License #: **	Description of Work: **	
DIR Registration #:**		
Name: **	Fed. ID:	Item(s) #: <u>**</u>
Business Location: *	7	% (s):
Telephone: ()		Amount: \$
License #: **	Description of Work: **	
DIR Registration #: **		
Name: **	Fed. ID:	Item(s) #: **
Business Location: **		% (s):
Telephone: ()		Amount: \$
License #: ** DIR Registration #:**	Description of Work: **	

PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE SECTION 10232 STATEMENT

In accordance with Public Contract Code section 10232, the Contractor hereby states, under penalty of perjury, that no more than one final unappealable finding of contempt of court by a federal court has been issued against the Contractor within the immediately preceding two year period because of the Contractor's failure to comply with an order of a federal court which orders the Contractor to comply with an order of the National Labor Relations Board.

PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE SECTION 10285.1 STATEMENT

In accordance with Public Contract Code section 10285.1, the bidder hereby declares under penalty of perjury that the bidder

	Check One	
has		asviot

been convicted within the preceding three years of any offenses referred to in that section, including any charge of fraud, bribery, collusion, son biracy, or any other act in violation of any state or federal antitrust law in connection with the bioding upon, award of, or performance of, any public works contract, as defined in Public Contract Code section 1101, with any public entity, as defined in Public Contract Code section 1100, including the Regents of the University of California or the Trustees of the California State University. The term "bidder" is understood to include any partner, member, cricer, director, responsible managing officer, or responsible managing employee thereof, as referred to in Section 10285.1.

Note: The bidder must place a check mark after "has" or "has not" in one of the blank spaces provided.

The above Statements are part of the Proposal. Signing this Proposal on the signature portion thereof shall also constitute signature of these Statements.

Bidders are cautioned that making a false certification may subject the certifier to criminal prosecution.

PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE SECTION 10162 QUESTIONNAIRE

In accordance with Public Contract Code section 10162, the Bidder shall complete, under penalty of perjury, the following questionnaire:

Has the bidder, any officer of the bidder, or any employee of the bidder who has a proprietary interest in the bidder, ever been disqualified, removed, or otherwise prevented from bidding on, or completing a federal, state, or local government project because of a violation of law or a safety regulation?

Yes Check One
If the answer is yes, explain the circumstances in the following space.

NOTE: The above Questionnaire is part of the Proposal. Signing this Proposal on the signature portion thereof shall also constitute signature of this Questionnaire.

Bidders are cautioned that making a false certification may subject the certifier to criminal prosecution.

PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE SECTIONS 9204, 20104, 20104.2, 20104.4, 20104.6, AND 20104.50 RESOLUTION OF CONSTRUCTION CLAIMS AND PROMPT PAYMENT

9204

- (a) The Legislature finds and declares that it is in the best interests of the state and its citizens to ensure that all construction business performed on a public works project in the state that is complete and not in dispute is paid in full and in a timely manner.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, including, but not limited to, Article 7.1 (commencing with Section 10240) of Chapter 1 of Part 2, Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 19100) of Part 2, and Article 1.5 (commencing with Section 20104) of Chapter 1 of Part 3, this section shall apply to any claim by a contractor in connection with a public works project.
- (c) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Claim" means a separate demand by a contractor sent by register d mail or certified mail with return receipt requested, for one or more of the following:
- (A) A time extension, including, without limitation, for relief from clamages or penalties for delay assessed by a public entity under a contract for a public works project.
- (B) Payment by the public entity of money or dam ges arising from work done by, or on behalf of, the contractor pursuant to the contract for a public works project and payment for which is not otherwise expressly provided or to which the claimant is not otherwise entitled.
- (C) Payment of an amount that is disputed by the public entity.
- (2) "Contractor" means any type of contractor within the meaning of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code who has entered into a direct contract with a public entity for a public works project.
- (3) (A) "Public entity" meaks, without limitation, except as provided in subparagraph (B), a state agency, department, ffice, division, bureau, board, or commission, the California State University, the University of California, a city, including a charter city, county, including a charter county, city and county, including a charter city and county, district, special district, public authority, political subdivision, public corporation, or nonprofit transit corporation wholly owned by a public agency and formed to carry out the purposes of the public agency.
- (B) "Public entity" shall not include the following:
- (i) The Department of Water Resources as to any project under the jurisdiction of that department.
- (ii) The Department of Transportation as to any project under the jurisdiction of that department.
- (iii) The Department of Parks and Recreation as to any project under the jurisdiction of that department.

- (iv) The Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation with respect to any project under its jurisdiction pursuant to Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 7000) of Title 7 of Part 3 of the Penal Code.
- (v) The Military Department as to any project under the jurisdiction of that department.
- (vi) The Department of General Services as to all other projects.
- (vii) The High-Speed Rail Authority.
- (4) "Public works project" means the erection, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement of any public structure, building, road, or other public improvement of any kind.
- (5) "Subcontractor" means any type of contractor within the meaning of Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code who either is in direct contract with a contractor or is a lower tier subcontractor.
- (d) (1) (A) Upon receipt of a claim pursuant to this section, the public elitity to which the claim applies shall conduct a reasonable review of the claim and, which is derived not to exceed 45 days, shall provide the claimant a written statement identifying that portion of the claim is disputed and what portion is undisputed. Upon receipt of a claim, a public entity and a contractor may, by mutual agreement, extend the time period provided in this subdivision.
- (B) The claimant shall furnish reasonable document from to support the claim.
- (C) If the public entity needs approval from its governing body to provide the claimant a written statement identifying the disputed porton and the undisputed portion of the claim, and the governing body does not meet within the 5 days or within the mutually agreed to extension of time following receipt of a claim sent by registered mail or certified mail, return receipt requested, the public entity shall have up to three days following the next duly publicly noticed meeting of the governing body after the 45-day period, or extension, expires to provide the claimant a written statement identifying the disputed portion and the undisputed portion.
- (D) Any payment due on an andisputed portion of the claim shall be processed and made within 60 days after the partic entity issues its written statement. If the public entity fails to issue a written statement paragraph (3) shall apply.
- (2) (A) If the claimant disputes the public entity's written response, or if the public entity fails to respond to a claim issued pursuant to this section within the time prescribed, the claimant may demand in writing an informal conference to meet and confer for settlement of the issues in dispute. Upon receipt of a demand in writing sent by registered mail or certified mail, return receipt requested, the public entity shall schedule a meet and confer conference within 30 days for settlement of the dispute.
- (B) Within 10 business days following the conclusion of the meet and confer conference, if the claim or any portion of the claim remains in dispute, the public entity shall provide the claimant a written statement identifying the portion of the claim that remains in dispute and the portion that is undisputed. Any payment due on an undisputed portion of the claim shall be processed and made within 60 days after the public entity issues its written statement. Any disputed portion of the claim, as identified by the contractor in writing, shall be submitted to nonbinding mediation, with the public entity and the claimant sharing the associated costs equally. The

public entity and claimant shall mutually agree to a mediator within 10 business days after the disputed portion of the claim has been identified in writing. If the parties cannot agree upon a mediator, each party shall select a mediator and those mediators shall select a qualified neutral third party to mediate with regard to the disputed portion of the claim. Each party shall bear the fees and costs charged by its respective mediator in connection with the selection of the neutral mediator. If mediation is unsuccessful, the parts of the claim remaining in dispute shall be subject to applicable procedures outside this section.

- (C) For purposes of this section, mediation includes any nonbinding process, including, but not limited to, neutral evaluation or a dispute review board, in which an independent third party or board assists the parties in dispute resolution through negotiation or by issuance of an evaluation. Any mediation utilized shall conform to the timeframes in this section.
- (D) Unless otherwise agreed to by the public entity and the contractor in writing, the mediation conducted pursuant to this section shall excuse any further obligation under Section 20104.4 to mediate after litigation has been commenced.
- (E) This section does not preclude a public entity from requiring a bitration of disputes under private arbitration or the Public Works Contract Arbitration program, if mediation under this section does not resolve the parties' dispute.
- (3) Failure by the public entity to respond to a claim from a contractor within the time periods described in this subdivision or to otherwise meet the time requirements of this section shall result in the claim being deemed rejected in its entirety. A claim that is denied by reason of the public entity's failure to have responded to claim, or its failure to otherwise meet the time requirements of this section, shall not constitute an adverse finding with regard to the merits of the claim or the responsibility or qualifications of the claimant.
- (4) Amounts not paid in a timely manner as required by this section shall bear interest at 7 percent per annum.
- (5) If a subcontractor or a lower ties subcontractor lacks legal standing to assert a claim against a public entity because pivily a contract does not exist, the contractor may present to the public entity a claim to be buff of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor. A subcontractor may request in writing either on his or her own behalf or on behalf of a lower tier subcontractor, that the contractor present a claim for work which was performed by the subcontractor or by a lower tier subcontractor on behalf of the subcontractor. The subcontractor requesting that the claim be presented to the public entity shall furnish reasonable documentation to support the claim. Within 45 days of receipt of this written request, the contractor shall notify the subcontractor in writing as to whether the contractor presented the claim to the public entity and, if the original contractor did not present the claim, provide the subcontractor with a statement of the reasons for not having done so.
- (e) The text of this section or a summary of it shall be set forth in the plans or specifications for any public works project that may give rise to a claim under this section.
- (f) A waiver of the rights granted by this section is void and contrary to public policy, provided, however, that (1) upon receipt of a claim, the parties may mutually agree to waive, in writing, mediation and proceed directly to the commencement of a civil action or binding arbitration, as applicable; and (2) a public entity may prescribe reasonable change order, claim, and dispute

resolution procedures and requirements in addition to the provisions of this section, so long as the contractual provisions do not conflict with or otherwise impair the timeframes and procedures set forth in this section.

- (g) This section applies to contracts entered into on or after January 1, 2017.
- (h) Nothing in this section shall impose liability upon a public entity that makes loans or grants available through a competitive application process, for the failure of an awardee to meet its contractual obligations.
- (i) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2020, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2020, deletes or extends that date.

20104.

- (a)(1) This article applies to all public works claims of three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$375,000) or less which arise between a contractor and a local igency.
- (2) This article shall not apply to any claims resulting from a contract tetween a contractor and a public agency when the public agency has elected to recolve any disputes pursuant to Article 7.1 (commencing with Section 10240) of Chapter 1 of Part 2.
- (b)(1) "Public work" means "public works contract" a defined in Section 1101 but does not include any work or improvement contracted for by the state or the Regents of the University of California.
- (2) "Claim" means a separate demand by the contractor for (A) a time extension, (B) payment of money or damages arising from work as ne by, or on behalf of, the contractor pursuant to the contract for a public work and payment of which is not otherwise expressly provided for or the claimant is not otherwise entitled to, or (C) an amount the payment of which is disputed by the local agency.
- (c) The provisions of this article or a summary thereof shall be set forth in the plans or specifications for anywork which may give rise to a claim under this article.
- (d) This article applies only to contracts entered into on or after January 1, 1991.

20104.2 For any claim subject to this article, the following requirements apply:

- (a) The claim shall be in writing and include the documents necessary to substantiate the claim. Claims must be filed on or before the date of final payment. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to extend the time limit or supersede notice requirements otherwise provided by contract for the filing of claims.
- (b)(1) For claims of less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), the local agency shall respond in writing to any written claim within 45 days of receipt of the claim, or may request, in writing, within 30 days of receipt of the claim, any additional documentation supporting the claim or relating to defenses to the claim the local agency may have against the claimant.

- (2) If additional information is thereafter required, it shall be requested and provided pursuant to this subdivision, upon mutual agreement of the local agency and the claimant.
- (3) The local agency's written response to the claim, as further documented, shall be submitted to the claimant within 15 days after receipt of the further documentation or within a period of time no greater than that taken by the claimant in producing the additional information, whichever is greater.
- (c)(1) For claims of over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and less than or equal to three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$375,000), the local agency shall respond in writing to all written claims within 60 days of receipt of the claim, or may request, in writing, within 30 days of receipt of the claim, any additional documentation supporting the claim or relating to defenses to the claim the local agency may have against the claimant.
- (2) If additional information is thereafter required, it shall be requested and provided pursuant to this subdivision, upon mutual agreement of the local agency and the claimant.
- (3) The local agency's written response to the claim, as further documented, shall be submitted to the claimant within 30 days after receipt of the further documentation, or within a period of time no greater than that taken by the claimant in producing the additional information or requested documentation, whichever is greater.
- (d) If the claimant disputes the local agency's writer response, or the local agency fails to respond within the time prescribed, the claimant way so notify the local agency, in writing, either within 15 days of receipt of the local agency's response or within 15 days of the local agency's failure to respond within the time prescribed, respectively, and demand an informal conference to meet and confer for settlement of the issues in dispute. Upon a demand, the local agency shall schedule a meet and confer conference within 30 days for settlement of the dispute.
- (e) Following the meet and confer conference, if the claim or any portion remains in dispute, the claimant may file a claim as provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 900) and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 910) of Part 3 of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code. For purposes of the e provisions, the running of the period of time within which a claim must be filed shall be toned from the time the claimant submits his or her written claim pursuant to subdivision (1) until the time that claim is denied as a result of the meet and confer process, including any period of time utilized by the meet and confer process.
- (f) This article does not apply to tort claims and nothing in this article is intended nor shall be construed to change the time periods for filing tort claims or actions specified by Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 900) and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 910) of Part 3 of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- The following procedures are established for all civil actions filed to resolve claims subject to this article:
- (a) Within 60 days, but no earlier than 30 days, following the filing or responsive pleadings, the court shall submit the matter to nonbinding mediation unless waived by mutual stipulation of both parties. The mediation process shall provide for the selection within 15 days by both parties of a disinterested third person as mediator, shall be commenced within 30 days of the

submittal, and shall be concluded within 15 days from the commencement of the mediation unless a time requirement is extended upon a good cause showing to the court or by stipulation of both parties. If the parties fail to select a mediator within the 15-day period, any party may petition the court to appoint the mediator.

- (b)(1) If the matter remains in dispute, the case shall be submitted to judicial arbitration pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 1141.10) of Title 3 of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure, notwithstanding Section 1141.11 of that code. The Civil Discovery Act (Title 4 (commencing with Section 2016.10) of Part 4 of the Code of Civil Procedure) shall apply to any proceeding brought under this subdivision consistent with the rules pertaining to judicial arbitration.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon stipulation of the parties, arbitrators appointed for purposes of this article shall be experienced in construction law, and, upon stipulation of the parties, mediators and arbitrators shall be paid necessary and reasonable hourly rates of pay not to exceed their customary rate, and such fees and expenses shall be paid equally by the parties, except in the case of arbitration where the arbitrator, for good cause, determines a different division. In no event shall these fees of expenses be paid by state or county funds.
- (3) In addition to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 1.41.10) of Title 3 of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure, any party who after receiving an arbitration award requests a trial de novo but does not obtain a more favorable judgment shall, in addition to payment of costs and fees under that chapter, pay the attorney's fact on the other party arising out of the trial de novo.
- (c) The court may, upon request by any party, order any witnesses to participate in the mediation or arbitration process.

20104.6

- (a) No local agency shall full to pay money as to any portion of a claim which is undisputed except as otherwise provides in the contract.
- (b) In any suit filed under Section 20104.4, the local agency shall pay interest at the legal rate on any arbitration award or judgment. The interest shall begin to accrue on the date the suit is filed in a court of law.

ARTICLE 1.7

Modification; Performance, Payment

20104.50

(a) (1) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to require all local governments to pay their contractors on time so that these contractors can meet their own obligations. In requiring prompt payment by all local governments, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the prompt payment of outstanding receipts is not merely a municipal affair, but is, instead, a matter of statewide concern.

- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this article to fully occupy the field of public policy relating to the prompt payment of local governments' outstanding receipts. The Legislature finds and declares that all government officials, including those in local government, must set a standard of prompt payment that any business in the private sector which may contract for services should look towards for guidance.
- (b) Any local agency which fails to make any progress payment within 30 days after receipt of an undisputed and properly submitted payment request from a contractor on a construction contract shall pay interest to the contractor equivalent to the legal rate set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 685.010 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (c) Upon receipt of a payment request, each local agency shall act in accordance with both of the following:
- (1) Each payment request shall be reviewed by the local agency as soon as practicable after receipt for the purpose of determining that the payment request is a proper payment request.
- (2) Any payment request determined not to be a proper payment request suitable for payment shall be returned to the contractor as soon as practicable, but not late than seven days, after receipt. A request returned pursuant to this paragraph shall be a companied by a document setting forth in writing the reasons why the payment request is not proper.
- (d) The number of days available to a local agency to make a payment without incurring interest pursuant to this section shall be reduced by the number of days by which a local agency exceeds the seven-day return require near section in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c).
- (e) For purposes of this article:
- (1) A "local agency" includes, but is not limited to, a city, including a charter city, a county, and a city and county, and is any public entity subject to this part.
- (2) A "progress payment" includes all payments due contractors, except that portion of the final payment designated by the contract as retention earnings.
- (3) A payment request shall be considered properly executed if funds are available for payment of the payment request, and payment is not delayed due to an audit inquiry by the financial officer of the local agency.
- (f) Each local agency shall require that this article, or a summary thereof, be set forth in the terms of any contract subject to this article.

NONCOLLUSION DECLARATION TO BE EXECUTED BY BIDDER AND SUBMITTED WITH BID

(Public Contract Code section 7106)

The undersigned declares:

I am theof the bidder], the party making	[title] of	[name
The bid is not made in the in company, association, organiz sham. The bidder has not directly false or sham bid. The bidder agreed with any bidder or any bidder has not in any manner conference with anyone to fix overhead, profit, or cost element contained in the bid are true. Price or any breakdown thereof thereto, to any corporation, parto any member or agent there will not pay, any person or entitle. Any person executing this decipient venture, limited liability or	terest of, or on behalf of, any undiscledation, or corporation. The bid is generally or indirectly induced or solicited are has not directly or indirectly colludary one else to put in a sham bid, onto reduce the bid price of the bidder of any of the bid price of the bidder of any of the bidder has not, directly or inchectly of, or the contents thereof or divulged in artnership, company, as a fiction, organized, to effectuate a solicitive or sham be	uine and not collusive or ny other bidder to put in a conspired, connived, or refigin from bidding. The ement, communication, or her bidder, or to fix any her bidder. All statements y, submitted his or her bid information or data relative ization, bid depository, or id, and has not paid, and corporation, partnership, any other entity, hereby
I declare under penalty of projective and correct and that this d	ur, under the laws of the State of California leclaration is executed on	ornia that the foregoing is
[date], t	[city],	[state].
Print Name	Signature - REQUIRED	
	loncollusion Declaration is part of the	
failure to inc	lude the Noncollusion Declaration w	vith the Bid

Bidders are reminded that this declaration must be signed

will result in the Bid being found nonresponsive.

under penalty of perjury.

If the bid proposal is submitted through ePro the undersigned acknowledges that its electronic signature is legally binding.

IRAN CONTRACTING ACT OF 2010 (Public Contract Code section 2200 et seq.)

(Applicable only to Contracts of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) or More):

In accordance with Public Contract Code section 2204 (a), the bidder certifies that at the time the bid is submitted or the contract is renewed, that bidder is not identified on a list created pursuant to subdivision (b) of Public Contract Code section 2203 as a person engaging in investment activities in Iran described in subdivision (a) of Public Contract Code section 2202.5, or as a person described in subdivision (b) of Public Contract Code section 2202.5, as applicable. A state agency shall submit the certification information to the Department of General Services.

RUSSIAN SANCTION/EXECUTIVE ORDER N-6-2

(Applicable for all Contracts of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) r more utilizing State funding.):

On March 4, 2022, Governor Gavin Newsom is seed Executive Order N-6-22 (the EO) and Russian entities and individuals. against Russa regarding Economic Sanctions sed by the U.S. government in response to "Economic Sanctions" refers to sanctions image https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/financial-Russia's actions in Ukraine sanctions/sanctions-programs-and-countrain on/ukraine-russia-related-sanctions), well as any sanctions imposed under sate aw mitps://www.dgs.ca.gov/OLS/Ukraine-Russia). The EO directs state agencies and their contractors (including by agreement or receipt of a grant) to terminate contracts with, and to refrain from entering any new contracts with, individuals or entities that are determined to be a target of Economic Sanctions. Accordingly, should it be determined that contractor is a target of Economic Sanctions or is conducting prohibited transactions with san tioned individuals or entities, that shall be grounds for termination of this agreement. Contractor shall be provided advance written notice of such termination, allowing Continctor at least 30 calendar days to provide a written response. Termination shall be at the sole discretion of the County.

NOTE: The above Certification is part of the Proposal. Signing this Proposal on the signature portion thereof shall also constitute signature of this Certification.

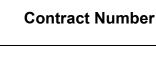
Bidders are cautioned that making a false certification may subject bidder to civil penalties, termination of existing contract, and ineligibility to bid on a contract for a period of three (3) years in accordance with Public Contract Code section 2205.

NOTE: THIS FORM MUST PROPOSAL	BE COMPLETED, SIGNED AND RETURNED WITH THE
Accompanying this proposal is	
in the amount equal to at least	ten percent of the total of the bid.
(Note: Insert the words "CA" "BIDDER'S BOND," as the case	ASH (\$)," "CASHIER'S CHECK," "CERTIFIED CHECK," or e may be.)
The names of all persons interes	ested in the foregoing proposal as principals are as follows:
also names of the president, so true name of firm, also name	interested person is a corporation, state legal name of corporation, ecretary, treasurer, and manager thereof; if a co-partnership, state is of all individual co-partners composing firm; if bidder or other ial, state first and last names in full.
	n act providing for the registration of Contractors,
License No.:	Expiration Date:
Dept. of Industrial Relations Re	eg. No: ederal Identification No.:
	sal I certify, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of documents are true and correct and that the bidder satisfies all of aid documents.
If the bid proposal is submitted signature is legally binding.	d through thro the undersigned acknowledges that its electronic
Print Name	Signature - REQUIRED <u>Title</u>
— 	<u> </u>
	Date:
Name of Bidder	
Business Address	
_	
Place of Business _	
– Business Phone No.	Business Fax No.
Place of Residence	

BID BOND

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we,	
	, as Principal, (hereinafter called the "Principal").
	, as Surety, (hereinafter called "Surety"),
an admitted Surety insurer pursuant to Code of Civil P	Procedure, Section 995.120, legally doing business in California at:
are held and firmly bound unto the SAN BERNARDIN	O COUNTY, as Obligee, (hereinafter cannot "Obligee"), in the sum of
	Dollars (\$ <u></u>),
for the payment of which sum well and truly to be n executors, administrators, successors and assigns, joi	made, the said Principal and the said Surety, bind ourselves, our heirs, intly and severally firmly by these presents.
WHEREAS, the Principal has submitted a bid for:	
ROAD AND FIFTH STREET; W. O. NO.: Hard BID DATE: NOW, THEREFORE, if the Obligee shall accord the Obligee in accordance with the terms of sale proposed documents with good and sufficient surety for the fair and material furnished in the prosecution, pereof, and give such bonds, if the Principal shall pay to the Oblige	bid of the Principal and the Principal shall enter into a contract with the sal and give such bonds as may be specified in the bidding or contract thful performance of such contract and for the prompt payment of labor in the event of the failure of the Principal to enter into such contract and gee the difference not to exceed the penalty hereof between the amount in the Obligee may in good faith contract with another party to perform the
work covered by said bid, then this obtaction shall be	null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect.
Signed and sealed this	day of,, Year
·	1 Cal
Principal	Surety
Ву:	By:
Signature	Signature, Attorney-in-Fact
Printed Name	Printed Name
Title	



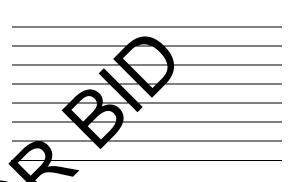


SAP	Nu	mb	er

PUBLIC WORKS

Department Contract Representative	
Telephone Number	

Contractor
Contractor Representative
Telephone Number
Contract Term
Original Contract Amount
Amendment Amount
Total Contract Amount
Cost Center



IT IS HEREBY AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

(Use space below and additional bond sheets. Set forth service to be red ered, mount to be paid, manner of payment, time for performance or completion, determination of satisfactory performance and cause for termination, other terms and conditions and attach plans, specifications, and addenda, if any.)

ARTICLE I. That for and in consideration of ayment and agreements hereinafter mentioned to be made and performed by County, and under the conditions express d in the two bonds, hereunto annexed, Contractor agrees with County, at Contractor's own proper cost and expense to deall the work and to furnish all the materials necessary to construct and complete in a good, workmanlike and substantial manner, this project to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works in accordance with the following documents, which are incorporated herein by this reference, and the articles set out below:

Plans entitled: Plans for Constitution on 5th Street at Pedley Road Intersection of Pedley Road and Fifth Street, San Bernardin, A. 2022, Work Order No.: H15189; Road No.: 349950-016, 646300-010.

California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) 2015 Standard Specifications and the 2015 Standard Plans, including the Caltrans 2015 Revised Standard Specifications and the 2018 & 2022 Revised Standard Plans (Revisions on both the Standard Specifications and the Standard Plans through April 2021), unless specified otherwise in the contract documents.

Special Provisions entitled: Special Provisions for Construction on 5th Street at Pedley Road Intersection of Pedley Road and Fifth Street; Length: 900 Feet; Work Order No.: H15189; Area: San Bernardino Area; Road No.: 349950-016, 646300-010.

ARTICLE II. Contractor agrees to receive and accept the following prices as full compensation for furnishing all materials and for doing all the work contemplated and embraced in this agreement; also for all loss or damage arising out of the nature of the work aforesaid, or from the action of the elements, or from any unforeseen difficulties or obstructions which may arise or be encountered in the prosecution of the work, until its acceptance by the County, and for all risks of every description connected with the work; also for expenses incurred by or in consequence of the suspension or discontinuance of work and for well and faithfully completing the work, and the whole thereof, in the manner and according to the plans and specifications, and the requirements of the Engineer under them, to wit:

	Project:				
	Limits:			<u> </u>	
Item No.	Approx. Quant.	Meas. Unit	Item Description	Unit Price	Total

Table of Contract Quantities, Items and Prices will be shown here



ARTICLE III. County hereby promises and agrees with Contractor to employ and does hereby employ Contractor to provide the materials and to do the work according to the terms and conditions herein contained and referred to, for the prices aforesaid, and thereby contracts to pay the same at the time, in the manner and upon conditions above set forth, and said parties hereto for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns do hereby agree to the full performance of the covenants herein contained.

ARTICLE IV. Contractor shall accept all payments from County via electronic funds transfer (EFT) directly deposited into the Contractor's designated checking or other banking account. Contractor shall promptly comply with directions and accurately complete forms provided by County required to process EFT payments.

ARTICLE V. Contractor may, upon written request and at their expense, deposit substitute securities found in Government Code Section 16430 as authorized by Public Contract Code Section 22300 in lieu of retention monies withheld to insure performance.

ARTICLE VI. It is further expressly agreed by and between the parties hereto that, should there be any conflict between the terms of this instrument and the bid or proposal of said Contractor, then this instrument shall control and nothing herein shall be considered as an acceptance of the said terms of said proposal conflicting herewith.

ARTICLE VII. During the term of the Contract, Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, age, or military and veteran status. Contractor shall comply with Executive Orders 11246, 11375, 11625, 12138, 12432, 12250, Title VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the California Fair Housing and Explayment Act, County Policy and other applicable federal, state and County laws, regulations and policies reating to equal employment and contracting opportunities, including laws and regulations hereafter enacted.

ARTICLE VIII. Contractor shall comply with the provisions found in Exhibit Trentitled, "Prevailing Wage Requirements, Required Contract Provisions [Federal Form 1273] Federal-Aid Construction Contracts, Female and Minority Goals, and Federal Trainee Program," attached to this Contract and incorporate and incorporat

ARTICLE IX. By my signature hereunder, as Contractor, Lertin, that I am aware of the provisions of Section 3700 of the Labor Code which requires every employer to be insured against jability for Workers Compensation or to undertake self-insurance in accordance with the provisions of that orde, and I vill comply with such provisions before commencing the performance of the work of this contract.

ARTICLE X. By my signature hereunder, as Contractor, I certify that I am aware of the provisions and requirements of Sections 1777.5 and 1777.7 of the Labor C de relating to apprenticeship standards; and that I accept responsibility for compliance with the provisions of Section 17.7.5 for all apprenticeable occupations pertaining to performance of work under this contract.

ARTICLE XI. By my signature hereunder, as Contractor, I agree that County has the right to review, obtain and copy all records pertaining to performance of the copyract. I agree to provide County with any relevant information requested and shall permit County access to company's premises upon reasonable notice for purposes on interviewing employees and inspecting records. I shall may am all project records for at least three (3) years after final payment under the contract.

ARTICLE XII. Contractor shall controlly with the Prevailing Wage Laws described in this Agreement, including Exhibit A.

As required by Labor Code section 1771.1(a) "A contractor or subcontractor shall not be qualified to bid on, be listed in a bid proposal, subject to the requirements of Section 4104 of the Public Contract Code, or engage in the performance of any contract for public work, as defined in this chapter, unless currently registered and qualified to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5. It is not a violation of this section for an unregistered contractor to submit a bid that is authorized by Section 7029.1 of the Business and Professions Code or by Section 10164 or 20103.5 of the Public Contract Code, provided the contractor is registered to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5 at the time the contract is awarded."

ARTICLE XIII. Contractor agrees:

(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carries, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.

(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United State or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated "on-board" commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.

(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

By my signature hereunder, as Contractor, I certify that I am aware of the above provisions and requirements of the Cargo Preference Act and understand that the County may require Contractor to provide proof of the Contractor's/subcontractor's compliance with the Cargo Preference Act acceptable to County, the California Department of Transportation and the U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration ("FHWA"). At the County Engineer's direction, Contractor shall certify in writing to County that Contractor and/or its subcontractors has/have complied with the Cargo Preference Act.



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

•		Ву	
Dawn Rowe, Chair, Board of Supervis	sors	-, <u></u>	(Authorized signature - sign in blue ink)
Dated: SIGNED AND CERTIFIED THAT A COUNTY HAS BEEN DELIVERED		Name	(Print or type name of person signing contract)
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	DIOTHE	Title	
Lynna Monell Clerk of the Board of the San Bernar	d of Supervisors dino County		(Print or Type)
By		Dated:	
Бершу		Address	
Approved as to Legal Form ▶ , County Couns	Reviewed for Contrac		Reviewed/Approved by Department
>	•		
Date	Date	<u> </u>	Date

(Print or type name of corporation, company, contractor, etc.)

EXHIBIT A - PREVAILING WAGE REQUIREMENTS, REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS, FEMALE AND MINORITY GOALS. AND FEDERAL TRAINEE PROGRAM

A. All or a portion of the Scope of Work in the Contract requires the payment of prevailing wages and compliance with the following requirements:

Determination of Prevailing Rates:

Pursuant to Labor Code sections 1770, et seq., the County has obtained from the Director of the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR) pursuant to the California Labor Code, the general prevailing rates of per diem wages and the prevailing rates for holiday and overtime work in the locality in which the Scope of Work is to be performed. Copies of said rates are on file with the County, will be made available for inspection during regular business hours, may be included elsewhere in the specifications for the Scope of Work, and are also available online at www.dir.ca.gov. The wage rate for any classification not listed, but which may be required to execute the Scope of Work, shall be commensurate and in accord with specified rates for similar or comparable classifications for those performing similar In accordance with Labor or comparable duties. section 1773.2, the Contractor shall post, at appropriate and conspicuous locations on the job site, a schedule showing all applicable prevailing wage in testand shall comply with the requirements of Labor Code sections 1773, et 2

2. Payment of Prevailing Rates

Each worker of the Contractor, or any subcontractor, engaged in the Scope of Work, shall be paid not less than the general prevailing wage rate, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor or any subcontractor, and such worker.

3. Prevailing Rate Penalty

The Contractor shall, as a penalty, forfeit two hundred dollars (\$200.00) to the County for each calendar day or partian thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing rates as determined by the Director of the DIR for such work or craft in which such worker is employed by the Contractor or by any subcontractor in connection with the Scope of Work. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1775, the difference between such prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each carendar day, or portion thereof, for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate, shall be paid to each worker by the Contractor.

4. Ineligible Contractors:

Pursual to the provisions of Labor Code section 1777.1, the Labor Commissioner publishes and distributes a list of contractors ineligible to perform work as a contractor or subcontractor on a public works project. This list of debarred contractors is available from the DIR website at http://www.dir.ca.gov/Public-Works/PublicWorks.html. Any contract entered into between a contractor and a debarred subcontractor is void as a matter of law. A debarred subcontractor may not receive any public money for performing work as a subcontractor on a public works contract, and any public money that may have been paid to a debarred subcontractor by a contractor on the project shall be returned to the County. The Contractor shall be responsible for the payment of wages to workers as a debarred subcontractor who has been allowed to work on the Scope of Work.

5. Payroll Records:

a. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1776, the Contractor and each subcontractor, shall keep accurate certified payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each journeyman, apprentice, worker or other employee employed by them in

connection with the Scope of Work. The payroll records enumerated herein shall be verified by a written declaration made under penalty of perjury that the information contained in the payroll record is true and correct and that the Contractor or subcontractor has complied with the requirements of the California Labor Code sections 1771, 1811, and 1815 for any Scope of Work performed by his or her employees. The payroll records shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours at the principal office of the Contractor on the following basis:

- A certified copy of an employee's payroll record shall be made available for inspection or furnished to such employee or his/her authorized representative on request;
- ii. A certified copy of all payroll records shall be made available for inspection or furnished upon request to the County, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of the DIR;
- iii. A certified copy of payroll records shall be made available upon request to the public for inspection or copies thereof made; provided, however, that a request by the public shall be made through either the County or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. If he requested payroll records have not been previously provided to the County of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, the requesting party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the cost of prevaration by the Contractor, subcontractor and the entity through which the request was made; the public shall not be given access as such records at the principal office of the Contractor;
- iv. The Contractor shall file a certific copy of the payroll records with the entity that requested such records within ten (10) days after receipt of a written request; and
- v. Copies provided to the public, by the County or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall be marked or obliterated in such a manner as to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address and social security number. The name and address of the Contractor or any subcontractor, performing a part of the Scope of Work shall not be marked or obliterated. The Contractor shall inform the County of the location of payroll records, including the street address, city and county and shall, within five (5) working days, provide a notice of a change of location and address.
- b. The Centractor shall have ten (10) days from receipt of the written notice specifying in what respects the Contractor must comply with the above requirements. In the event Contractor does not comply with the requirements of this section within the ten (10) day period, the Contractor shall, as a penalty to the County, forfeit one-hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, until strict compliance is effectuated. Upon the request of the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, such penalty shall be withheld from any portion of the payments then due or to become due to the Contractor.

6. Limits on Hours of Work:

Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1810, eight (8) hours of labor shall constitute a legal day's work. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1811, the time of service of any worker employed at any time by the Contractor or by a subcontractor, upon the Scope of Work or upon any part of the Scope of Work, is limited and restricted to eight (8) hours during any one calendar day and forty (40) hours during any one calendar week, except as provided for under Labor Code section 1815. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, work performed by employees of Contractor or any subcontractor, in excess of eight (8) hours per day

and forty (40) hours during any one week, shall be permitted upon compensation for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day at not less than one and one-half $(1\frac{1}{2})$ times the basic rate of pay.

7. Penalty for Excess Hours:

The Contractor shall pay to the County a penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each worker employed on the Scope of Work by the Contractor or any subcontractor, for each calendar day during which such worker is required or permitted to work more than eight (8) hours in any calendar day and forty (40) hours in any one calendar week, in violation of the provisions of the California Labor Code, unless compensation to the worker so employed by the Contractor is not less than one and one-half (1½) times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day.

8. Senate Bill 854 (Chapter 28, Statutes of 2014) and Senate Bill 96 (Chapter 28, Statutes of 2017) Requirements:

- a. Contractor shall comply with Senate Bill 854 and Senate Bill 96. The requirements include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - i. No contractor or subcontractor may be listed on a bid proposal (submitted on or after March 1, 2015) for a public works project unless registered with the DIR pursuant to Labor Code section 723.5, with limited exceptions from this requirements for bid purposes ally as allowed under Labor Code section 1771.1(a).
 - ii. No contractor or subcontractor may be warded a contract for public work or perform work on a public works project (awarded on or after April 1, 2015) unless registered with the DIR pursuant to Labor Code section 1725.5.
 - iii. This project is subject to conclude monitoring and enforcement by the DIR
 - iv. As required by the DIR, contactor is required to post job site notices, as prescribed by regulation, regarding compliance monitoring and enforcement by the DIR.
 - v. Contractors and all subcontractors must submit certified payroll records online to the Libor Commissioner for all new public works projects issued on or after April 1, 2015, and for all public works projects, new or ongoing, on or after January 1, 2016.
 - 1) The certified payroll must be submitted at least monthly to the Labor Commissioner.
 - 2) The County reserves the right to require Contractor and all subcontractors to submit certified payroll records more frequently than monthly to the Labor Commissioner.
 - 3) The certified payroll records must be in a format prescribed by the Labor Commissioner.
 - vi. Registration with the DIR and the submission of certified payroll records to the Labor Commissioner are not required if the public works project is \$25,000 or less when the project is for construction, alteration, demolition, installation or repair work, or if the public works project is \$15,000 or less when the project is for maintenance work.

b. Labor Code section 1725.5 states the following:

"A contractor shall be registered pursuant to this section to be qualified to bid on, be listed in a bid proposal, subject to the requirements of Section 4104 of the Public Contract Code, or engage in the performance of any public work contract

that is subject to the requirements of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "contractor" includes a subcontractor as defined by Section 1722.1.

- (a) To qualify for registration under this section, a contractor shall do all of the following:
- (1) (A) Register with the Department of Industrial Relations in the manner prescribed by the department and pay an initial nonrefundable application fee of four hundred dollars (\$400) to qualify for registration under this section and an annual renewal fee on or before July 1 of each year thereafter. The annual renewal fee shall be in a uniform amount set by the Director of Industrial Relations, and the initial registration and renewal fees may be adjusted no more than annually by the director to support the costs specified in Section 1771.3.
- (B) Beginning June 1, 2019, a contractor may register or renew according to this subdivision in annual increments up to three years from the date of registration. Contractors who wish to do so will be required to prepay the applicable nonrefundable application or renewal fees to qualify or the number of years for which they wish to preregister.
- (2) Provide evidence, disclosures, or releases as are necessary to establish all of the following:
- (A) Workers' compensation coverage that meets the requirements of Division 4 (commencing with Section 3200) and includes sufficient coverage for any worker whom the contractor employs to perform work that is subject to prevailing wage requirements other than a contractor who is separately registered under this section. Coverage may be evidenced by a current and valid certificate of workers' compensation insurance of centification of self-insurance required under Section 7125 of the Business and Professions Code.
- (B) If applicable, the contractor is licensed in accordance with Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of the Business and Professions Code.
- (C) The confactor does not have any delinquent liability to an employee or the state for any assessment of back wages or related damages, interest, fines, or penalties present to any final judgment, order, or determination by a court or any federal total or local administrative agency, including a confirmed arbitration award. lowever, for purposes of this paragraph, the contractor shall not be disqualified for any judgment, order, or determination that is under appeal, provided that the contractor has secured the payment of any amount eventually found due through a bond or other appropriate means.
- (D) The contractor is not currently debarred under Section 1777.1 or under any other federal or state law providing for the debarment of contractors from public works.
- (E) The contractor has not bid on a public works contract, been listed in a bid proposal, or engaged in the performance of a contract for public works without being lawfully registered in accordance with this section, within the preceding 12 months or since the effective date of the requirements set forth in subdivision (e), whichever is earlier. If a contractor is found to be in violation of the requirements of this paragraph, the period of disqualification shall be waived if both of the following are true:

- (i) The contractor has not previously been found to be in violation of the requirements of this paragraph within the preceding 12 months.
- (ii) The contractor pays an additional nonrefundable penalty registration fee of two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- (b) Fees received pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the State Public Works Enforcement Fund established by Section 1771.3 and shall be used only for the purposes specified in that section.
- (c) A contractor who fails to pay the renewal fee required under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) on or before the expiration of any prior period of registration shall be prohibited from bidding on or engaging in the performance of any contract for public work until once again registered pursuant to this section. If the failure to pay the renewal fee was inadvertent, the contractor may renew its registration retroactively by paying an additional nonrefundable penalty renewal fee equal to the amount of the renewal fee within 90 days of the due date of the renewal fee.
- (d) If, after a body awarding a contract accepts the contractor's bid or awards the contract, the work covered by the bid or contract is letermined to be a public work to which Section 1771 applies, either as the result of a determination by the director pursuant to Section 1773.5 or a court decision, the requirements of this section shall not apply, subject to the following requirements:
- (1) The body that awarded the confact ailed, in the bid specification or in the contract documents, to identify as a polic work that portion of the work that the determination or decision subsequents of ssifies as a public work.
- (2) Within 20 days following service of notice on the awarding body of a determination by the Director of Industrial Relations pursuant to Section 1773.5 or a decision by a court that the contract was for public work as defined in this chapter, the contract or and any subcontractors are registered under this section or are replaced by a contractor or subcontractors who are registered under this section.
- (3) The requirements of this section shall apply prospectively only to any subsequent black a proposal, contract, or work performed after the awarding body is serfect with potice of the determination or decision referred to in paragraph (2).
- (e) The requirements of this section shall apply to any bid proposal submitted on or after March 1, 2015, to any contract for public work, as defined in this chapter, executed on or after April 1, 2015, and to any work performed under a contract for public work on or after January 1, 2018, regardless of when the contract for public work was executed.
- (f) This section does not apply to work performed on a public works project of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or less when the project is for construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work or to work performed on a public works project of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) or less when the project is for maintenance work."
- c. Labor Code section 1771.1 states the following:
 - "(a) A contractor or subcontractor shall not be qualified to bid on, be listed in a bid proposal, subject to the requirements of Section 4104 of the Public Contract Code, or engage in the performance of any contract for public work, as defined in this

chapter, unless currently registered and qualified to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5. It is not a violation of this section for an unregistered contractor to submit a bid that is authorized by Section 7029.1 of the Business and Professions Code or by Section 10164 or 20103.5 of the Public Contract Code, provided the contractor is registered to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5 at the time the contract is awarded.

- (b) Notice of the requirement described in subdivision (a) shall be included in all bid invitations and public works contracts, and a bid shall not be accepted nor any contract or subcontract entered into without proof of the contractor or subcontractor's current registration to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5.
- (c) An inadvertent error in listing a subcontractor who is not registered pursuant to Section 1725.5 in a bid proposal shall not be grounds for filing a bid protest or grounds for considering the bid nonresponsive, provided that any of the following apply:
- (1) The subcontractor is registered prior to the bid opening.
- (2) Within 24 hours after the bid opening, the subtonic ctor is registered and has paid the penalty registration fee specified in subtractor (E) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 1725.5.
- (3) The subcontractor is replaced by another registered subcontractor pursuant to Section 4107 of the Public Contract Code.
- (d) Failure by a subcontractor to be repattered to perform public work as required by subdivision (a) shall be grounds under Section 4107 of the Public Contract Code for the contractor, with the consent of the awarding authority, to substitute a subcontractor who is registered to be form public work pursuant to Section 1725.5 in place of the unregistered subcontractor.
- (e) The department chall maintain on its Internet Web site a list of contractors who are currently registered to perform public work pursuant to Section 1725.5.
- (f) A contract entered ato with any contractor or subcontractor in violation of subdivision (a) shall be subject to cancellation, provided that a contract for public work shall not be unlawful, void, or voidable solely due to the failure of the awarding body, contractor, or any subcontractor to comply with the requirements of Section 1725, or this section.
- (g) If the abor Commissioner or his or her designee determines that a contractor or subcontractor engaged in the performance of any public work contract without having been registered in accordance with this section, the contractor or subcontractor shall forfeit, as a civil penalty to the state, one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day of work performed in violation of the registration requirement, not to exceed an aggregate penalty of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) in addition to any penalty registration fee assessed pursuant to clause (ii) of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 1725.5.
- (h)(1) In addition to, or in lieu of, any other penalty or sanction authorized pursuant to this chapter, a higher tiered public works contractor or subcontractor who is found to have entered into a subcontract with an unregistered lower tier subcontractor to perform any public work in violation of the requirements of Section 1725.5 or this section shall be subject to forfeiture, as a civil penalty to the state, of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day the unregistered lower tier subcontractor

performs work in violation of the registration requirement, not to exceed an aggregate penalty of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

- (2) The Labor Commissioner shall use the same standards specified in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 1775 when determining the severity of the violation and what penalty to assess, and may waive the penalty for a first time violation that was unintentional and did not hinder the Labor Commissioner's ability to monitor and enforce compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
- (3) A higher tiered public works contractor or subcontractor shall not be liability for penalties assessed pursuant to paragraph (1) if the lower tier subcontractor's performance is in violation of the requirements of Section 1725.5 due to the revocation of a previously approved registration.
- (4) A subcontractor shall not be liable for any penalties assessed against a higher tiered public works contractor or subcontractor pursuant to paragraph (1). A higher tiered public works contractor or subcontractor may not require a lower tiered subcontractor to indemnity or otherwise be liable for any penalties pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (i) The Labor Commissioner or his or her designed that issue a civil wage and penalty assessment, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1741, upon determination of penalties pursuant to subdivision (g) and subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h). Review of a civil wage and penalty assessment issued under this subdivision may be requested in accordance with the provisions of Section 1742. The regulations on the Director of Industrial Relations, which govern proceedings for review of civil wage and penalty assessments and the withholding of contract payments under Article 1 (commencing with Section 1720) and Article 2 (commencing with Section 1770), shall apply.
- (j)(1) Where a contractor subcontractor engages in the performance of any public work contract without having been registered in violation of the requirements of Section 1725.5 of this section, the Labor Commissioner shall issue and serve a stop order prohibiting be use of the unregistered contractor or the unregistered subcontractor on all public works until the unregistered contractor or unregistered subcontractor is registered. The stop order shall not apply to work by registered contractors of subcontractors on the public work.
- (2) A sop order may be personally served upon the contractor or subcontractor by either of the following methods:
- (A) Manual delivery of the order to the contractor or subcontractor personally.
- (B) Leaving signed copies of the order with the person who is apparently in charge at the site of the public work and by thereafter mailing copies of the order by first class mail, postage prepaid to the contractor or subcontractor at the address on file with either of the following:
- (i) The Contractors' State License Board.
- (ii) The Secretary of State.
- (3) The stop order shall be effective immediately upon service and shall be subject to appeal by the party contracting with the unregistered contractor or subcontractor, by the unregistered contractor or subcontractor, or both. The appeal, hearing, and any further review of the hearing decision shall be governed by the procedures, time limits, and other requirements specified in subdivision (a) of Section 238.1.

- (k) Failure of a contractor or subcontractor, owner, director, officer, or managing agent of the contractor or subcontractor to observe a stop order issued and served upon him or her pursuant to subdivision (j) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in county jail not exceeding 60 days or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- (I) This section shall apply to any bid proposal submitted on or after March 1, 2015, and any contract for public work entered into on or after April 1, 2015. This section shall also apply to the performance of any public work, as defined in this chapter, on or after January 1, 2018, regardless of when the contract for public work was entered.
- (m) Penalties received pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the State Public Works Enforcement Fund established by Section 1771.3 and shall be used only for the purposes specified in that section.
- (n) This section shall not apply to work performed on a public works project of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or less when the project is for construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work or to work performed on a public works project of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) of less when the project is for maintenance work."
- d. Labor Code section 1771.4 states the following
 - "a) All of the following are applicable to all public works projects that are otherwise subject to the requirements of this charter
 - (1) The call for bids and contract documents shall specify that the project is subject to compliance monitoring and emercement by the Department of Industrial Relations.
 - (2) The awarding body stall tost of require the prime contractor to post job site notices, as prescribed by regulation.
 - (3) Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish the records specified in Section 1776 directly to the Labor Commissioner, in the following manner:
 - (A) At least monthly or more frequently if specified in the contract with the awarding body.
 - (B) In a format prescribed by the Labor Commissioner.
 - (4) If the contractor or subcontractor is not registered pursuant to Section 1725.5 and is performing work on a project for which registration is not required because of subdivision (f) of Section 1725.5, the unregistered contractor or subcontractor is not required to furnish the records specified in Section 1776 directly to the Labor Commissioner but shall retain the records specified in Section 1776 for at least three years after completion of the work.
 - (5) The department shall undertake those activities it deems necessary to monitor and enforce compliance with prevailing wage requirements.
 - (b) The Labor Commissioner may exempt a public works project from compliance with all or part of the requirements of subdivision (a) if either of the following occurs:
 - (1) The awarding body has enforced an approved labor compliance program, as defined in Section 1771.5, on all public works projects under its authority, except

those deemed exempt pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 1771.5, continuously since December 31, 2011.

- (2) The awarding body has entered into a collective bargaining agreement that binds all contractors performing work on the project and that includes a mechanism for resolving disputes about the payment of wages.
- (c) The requirements of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) shall only apply to contracts for public works projects awarded on or after January 1, 2015.
- (d) The requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) shall apply to all contracts for public work, whether new or ongoing, on or after January 1, 2016."

B. STATE PUBLIC WORKS APPRENTICESHIP REQUIREMENTS

1. State Public Works Apprenticeship Requirements:

- a. The Contractor is responsible for compliance with Labor Code section 1777.5 and the California Code of Regulations, title 8, sections 230 - 230.2 for all apprenticeable occupations (denoted with "#" symbol to craft name in DIR Prevailing Wage Determination), whether employed by the Contractor, subcontractor, vendor or consultant. Included in these requirements is (1) the Contractor's requirement to provide notification 140) to the appropriate 'nе. no contributions for each apprenticeship committees; (2) pay training apprenticeable hour employed on the Contract and (3) utilize apprentices in a minimum ratio of not less than one apprectice how for each five journeyman hours by completion of Contract work (unless ar exception is granted in accordance with Labor Code section 1777.5) or request of the dispatch of apprentices.
- b. Any apprentices employed to perform any of the Scope of Work shall be paid the standard wage to apprentices under the regulations of the craft or trade for which such apprentice is employed, and each individual shall be employed only for the work of the craft or trade to which such individual is registered. Only apprentices, as defined in California Lator Code section 3077, who are in training under apprenticeship standards and written apprenticeship agreements under California Labor Code sections 3070 et seq. are eligible to be employed for the Scope of Work. The employment and training of each apprentice shall be in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship standards and apprentice agreements under which such apprentice is training.

2. Compliance with <u>California Labor Code section 1777.5</u> requires all public works contractor to:

- a. Submit Contract Award Information (DAS-140):
 - i. Although there are a few exemptions (identified below), all Contractors, regardless of union affiliation, must submit contract award information when performing on a California public works project.
 - ii. The DAS-140 is a notification "announcement" of the Contractor's participation on a public works project—<u>it is not</u> a request for the dispatch of an apprentice.
 - iii. Contractors shall submit the contract award information (you may use form DAS 140) within 10 days of the execution of the prime contract or subcontract, but in no event later than the first day in which the Contractor has workers employed on the public work.
 - iv. Contractors who are already approved to train apprentices (i.e. check "Box 1" on the DAS-140) shall only be required to submit the form to their approved program.
 - v. Contractors who are NOT approved to train apprentices (i.e. those that check either "Box 2" or "Box 3" on the DAS-140) shall submit the DAS-140

TO EACH of the apprenticeship program sponsors in the area of your public works project. For a listing of apprenticeship programs see http://www.dir.ca.gov/Databases/das/pwaddrstart.asp.

b. Employ Registered Apprentices

- i. Labor Code section 1777.5 requires that a contractor performing work in an "apprenticeable" craft must employ one (1) hour of apprentice work for every five (5) hours performed by a journeyman. This ratio shall be met prior to the Contractor's completion of work on the project. "Apprenticeable" crafts are denoted with a pound symbol "#" in front of the craft name on the prevailing wage determination.
- ii. All Contractors who do not fall within an exemption category (see below) must request for dispatch of an apprentice from an apprenticeship program (for each apprenticeable craft or trade) by giving the program actual notice of at least 72 hours (business days only) before the date on which apprentices are required.
- iii. Contractors may use the "DAS-142" form for making a request for the dispatch of an apprentice.
- iv. Contractors who are participating in an applied apprenticeship training program and who did not receive sufficient humber of apprentices from their initial request must request dispatch of apprentices from ALL OTHER apprenticeship committees in the project area in order to fulfill this requirement.
- v. Contractor should maintain and a bmit proof (when requested) of its DAS-142 submittal to the apprenticeship committees (e.g. fax transmittal confirmation). A Contractor has net its requirement to employ apprentices only after it has successfully made a dispatch request to all apprenticeship programs in the project area.
- vi. Only "registered" apprentice may be paid the prevailing apprentice rates and must, at all times work under the supervision of a Journeyman (Cal. Code Regs., \$2.9.1).

c. Make Training Fur Contributions

- i. Contractors performing in apprenticeable crafts on public works projects, must make training fund contributions in the amount established in the prevailing wage rate publication for journeymen and apprentices.
- ii. Co tractors may use the "CAC-2" form for submittal of their training fund continutions.
- iii. Contractors who do not submit their training fund contributions to an approved apprenticeship training program must submit their contributions to the California Apprenticeship Council (CAC), PO Box 420603, San Francisco, CA 94142-0603.
- iv. Training fund contributions to the CAC are due and payable on the 15th day of the month for work performed during the preceding month.
- v. The "training" contribution amount identified on the prevailing wage determination shall not be paid to the worker, unless the worker falls within one of the exemption categories listed below.

3. Exemptions to Apprenticeship Requirements:

- a. The following are exempt from having to comply with California apprenticeship requirements. These types of contractors <u>do not</u> need to submit a DAS-140, DAS-142, make training fund contributions, or utilize apprentices:
 - i. When the Contractor holds a sole proprietor license ("Owner-Operator") and no workers were employed by the Contractor. In other words, the contractor performed the entire work from start to finish and worked alone.
 - ii. Contractors performing in non-apprenticeable crafts. "Apprenticeable" crafts are denoted with a pound symbol "#" in front of the craft name on the prevailing wage determination.
 - iii. When the Contractor has a direct contract with the Public Agency that is under \$30,000.
 - iv. When the project is 100% federally-funded and the funding of the project does not contain any city, county, and/or state monies (unless the project is administered by a state agency in which care the apprenticeship requirements apply).
 - v. When the project is a private project not covered by the definition of public works as found in Labor Code section 1/20

4. Exemption from Apprenticeship Rations:

- a. The Joint Apprenticeship Committee shall have the discretion to grant a certificate, which shall be subject to the approval of the Administrator of Apprenticeship, exempting the Contractor from the 1-to ratio set forth in this Section when it finds that any one of the following condition at met:
 - i. Unemployment for the crevious three-month period in such area exceeds an average of fiftee percent (4.5%); or
 - ii. The number of app exices in training in such area exceeds a ratio of 1-to-5 in relation to Journeym, n; or
 - iii. The Apprecia eable Craft or Trade is replacing at least one-thirtieth (1/30) of its journeyment annually through apprenticeship training, either on a state /ide basis or on a local basis; or
 - iv. If assignment of an apprentice to any work performed under the Contract Documents would create a condition which would jeopardize such apprentice's life or the life, safety or property of fellow employees or the public at large, or if the specific task to which the apprentice is to be assigned is of such a nature that training cannot be provided by a journeyman.
- b. When such exemptions from the 1-to-5 ratio between apprentices and journeymen are granted to an organization which represents contractors in a specific trade on a local or statewide basis, the member contractors will not be required to submit individual applications for approval to local Joint Apprenticeship Committees, provided they are already covered by the local apprenticeship standards.

5. Contractor's Compliance:

a. The responsibility of compliance with this Section for all Apprenticeable Trades or Crafts is solely and exclusively that of the Contractor. All decisions of the Joint Apprenticeship Committee(s) under this Section are subject to the provisions of California Labor Code section 3081 and penalties are pursuant to Labor Code section 1777.7 and the determination of the Labor Commissioner.

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplier or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other activities. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or activities proving.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federa aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and clower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for suit as services, purchase orders, rental agreements any other agreements for supplies or services). The descendant of the responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section relate to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$ 9,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 at a napple able to material supply, engineering, or architectural a rivice of racts.

In addition, the colorage of and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Titl 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as arm adda (22 18C 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as men ad, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27, and 33 CFR

Parts 200, 230, and 633.

requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60- 1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C.

140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under

this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so
- 3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made ally cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEC policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each are and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions with be taken as minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisor and person el office employees will be conducted before ne start of work and then not less often than once every six conths, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its applementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings and be conducted by the EEO Officer.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.
- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

- 4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that system meets the contractor's agreement to the extent that compliance with tract provisions. ement has the effect of implementation of an ag discriminating again rities women, or obligates the contractor to do uch implementation violates the Federal nond natio rovisions.
- c. The contrator will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such aplicants will be discussed with employees.
- Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and en ployse benefits shall be established and administered, and per onnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, prohotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are

applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
 - 7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporat an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that subunion will be contractually bound to refer an licents without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national rigin, age or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the latter union except that to the extent such information is within the extensive possession of the labor union and such information effuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.
 - 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar

with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use mod faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 4 CFR 26.13(b):

- a. The nature ten of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. Do approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.
- ob. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the erfo cance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicance requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and adrinistration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contract to carry out these requirements is a material breach or this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.
 - 11. **Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor

will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or singleuser restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federa aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are except. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these usuirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the V.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract previsions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the F. WA- 1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions

of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, inc., ding he bers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be as sifiled in conformance with the wage determination, the contracting officer shall approve an additional class for incoming and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only which the following criteria have been met:

- (i) The work to be performed by the classification requesters not performed by a classification in the wage a termination; and
- (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or

will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the s prime contractor, or any other federally- assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrue payments or advances as may be considered neg ssary to p laborers and mechanics, including apprentice ainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subco actor the full e event of any apprentice, amount of wages required by the contract In the ev failure to pay any laborer or mechanic trainee, or helper, employed or worki e of the work, on the all or part of the wages required at the ne contracting contract agency may, after written notice to r, take such action as may be necessary e suspension of any further payment, advance, or f funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-

Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually ident umber for each employee (e.g., the last four digits the empl yee's social security number). The required we information may be ly payro submitted in any form nal Form WH-347 is Wage and Hour Division available for this Web site at ht /esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm brime contractor is responsible for the or its success submission of co ayrolls by all subcontractors. rs and sub intractors shall maintain the full social Cont mber and current address of each covered worker, ide them upon request to the contracting agency smission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and sion of the Department of Labor for purposes of an igation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage ements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime actor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency...
 - (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
 - (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under $\S5.5$ (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under $\S5.5$ (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Departm Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office & Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the ∂ffice, or i person is employed in his or her first 90 days of obationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprentic rm, but Training, program, who is not individually registered the pro who has been certified by the Office of eship` Employer and Labor Services or a Sta ceship Agency e Apprei (where appropriate) to be eligible. employment bationa as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprention s to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly

rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 290 FR 5.16 trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the prodetermined rate for the work performed unless they are exployed pursuant to and individually registed in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of taker, En ployment and Training Administration.

The fratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the polo gent and Training Administration.

Eve trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in pproved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- **8. Compliance** with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall be subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Suc disputes shall be resolved in accordance y procedures 5, 6, and of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR pa Disputes within the meaning of this c ude di putes between the contractor (or any of its s rs) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Departm nt of Labo or the employees or their representatives

10. Certification of eligibility

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receive sompensation at a rate not less than one and one-half these the pasic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.
- inpaid wages; liquidated Violation; damages. ny violation of the clause set forth is section, the contractor and any in paragraph ble therefor shall be liable for the subcontractor yages. In a dition, such contractor and subcontractor able to the United States (in the case of work done set for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such damages shall be computed with respect to each lual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, yed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph emn s section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar dav on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.
- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.
- 4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

- The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:
- the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; ap
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized known he, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general and to be mitted to minor components of the overall contract.
- 2. The contract amount upo which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VIII computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the

contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

 The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it og officer may determine, to be determines, or as the contra reasonably necessary ct the life and health of employees on the job nd the fety of the public and to protect property in ion h the performance of the work covered by the c
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontract shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are uncentrary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health it says, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Later, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federalaid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposing Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

- 1. That any person who is or will be atilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Section 306.
- 2. That the contractor agrees o include or cause to be included the requirements of para raph (1) if this Section X in every subcontract, and outline agree to take such action as the contracting agency may suect as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification - First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this

covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.

- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its contification was erroneous when submitted or has become erron ous by reason of changed circumstances.
- transaction," e. The "debarred," terr "participant," "person," "principal," as used in this clause, are defined "suspended," gible. and "volunts in 2 CFR and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" re o any covered transaction between a r subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such orime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered refers to any covered transaction under a First overed Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier nt" refers to the participant who has entered into a red transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal s (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier articipant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antigust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, figury bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making take statements, or receiving stolen property;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Feder State or local) with commission of any of the officers enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period proceeding this application/proposal had one or make position fransactions (Federal, State or local) terms and for pause or default.
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction." "debarred." "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant has entered into a covered transaction with a grap ubgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime contractor). "Lower Tier genera Participant" refers who has entered into a ticipa covered transaction wi ier Participant or other Lower ch as ubcontractors and suppliers). Tier Participa
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into a y loy er tier covered transaction with a person who is deaped, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily valid to from participation in this covered transaction, unless absorbed by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (https://www.epls.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the

department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

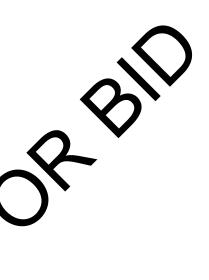
- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or wil paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any pers influencing or attempting to influence an officer or em any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an employee of Congress, or an employee of Congress in connection with the awarding contract, the making of any Federal grant, naking of any agreement, Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperation and the extension, continuation, reamer ment, or modification of any Federal ant, Toan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federa appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to the paid of the
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.



Female and Minority Goals

To comply with Section II, "Nondiscrimination," of "Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contracts" (FHWA-1273), the following are the female and minority utilization goals for Federal-aid construction contracts and subcontracts that exceed \$10,000.

The nationwide goal for female utilization is 6.9 percent.

The goals for minority utilization [45 Fed Reg 65984 (10/3/1980)] are as follows:

Minority Utilization Goals

	Minority Utilization Goals	
	Economic Area	Goal
174	Dadding CA.	(Percent)
1/4	Redding CA: Non-SMSA Counties:	6.8
	CA Lassen; CA Modoc; CA Plumas; CA Shasta; CA Siskiyou; CA Tehema	0.8
175	Eureka, CA	
175	Non-SMSA Counties:	6.6
	CA Del Norte; CA Humboldt; CA Trinity	0.0
176	San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA:	
1,0	SMSA Counties:	
	7120 Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	28.9
	CA Monterey	
	7360 San Francisco-Oakland	25.6
	CA Alameda; CA Contra Costa; CA Marin; CA San Francisco; A Sa Mateo	
	7400 San Jose, CA	
l	CA Santa Clara, CA	19.6
	7485 Santa Cruz, CA	
	CA Santa Cruz	14.9
	7500 Santa Rosa	
	CA Sonoma	9.1
	8720 Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA	
	CA Napa; CA Solano	17.1
	Non-SMSA Counties:	
	CA Lake; CA Mendocino; CA San Benito	23.2
177	Sacramento, CA:	
	SMSA Counties: 6920	
	Sacramento, CA	16.1
	CA Placer; CA Sack mento, CA Yolo	
	Non-SMSA & vanc.	14.3
	CA Butte; CA Colusa; CA El Dorado; CA Glenn; CA Nevada; CA Sierra; CA Sutter; CA	
178	Yuba Stockton-Modesto, CA:	
1/6	SMSA Counties:	
	5170 Modesto, CA	12.3
	CA Stanislaus 8120	12.3
	Stockton, CA CA	24.3
	San Joaquin	23
	Non-SMSA Counties	19.8
	CA Alpine; CA Amador; CA Calaveras; CA Mariposa; CA Merced; CA Toulumne	
179	Fresno-Bakersfield, CA	
	SMSA Counties:	
	0680 Bakersfield, CA	19.1
	CA Kern	
	2840 Fresno, CA	26.1
	CA Fresno	
	Non-SMSA Counties:	23.6

	CA Kings; CA Madera; CA Tulare	
180	Los Angeles, CA:	
	SMSA Counties:	
	0360 Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, CA	11.9
	CA Orange	
	4480 Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	28.3
	CA Los Angeles	
	6000 Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura, CA	21.5
	CA Ventura	
	6780 Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	19.0
	CA Riverside; CA San Bernardino	
	7480 Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	19.7
	CA Santa Barbara	
	Non-SMSA Counties	24.6
	CA Inyo; CA Mono; CA San Luis Obispo	
181	San Diego, CA:	
	SMSA Counties 7320	
	San Diego, CA CA	16.9
	San Diego	
	Non-SMSA Counties	18.2
	CA Imperial	

For each July during which work is performed under the contract, you and each non-material-supplier subcontractor with a subcontract of \$10,000 or more must complete Form FLWA 12. 1391 (Appendix C to 23 CFR 230). Submit the forms by August 15.

Federal Trainee Program

This section applies if a number of trainees ϕ apprent es is specified in the Special Provisions.

As part of your equal opportunity afternative action program, provide on-the-job training to develop full journeymen in the types of trades or job class fications involved.

You have primary responsibility for the training requirement.

If you subcontract a contract art, de rmine how many trainees or apprentices are to be trained by the subcontractor.

Include these training requirements have ar subcontract.

Where feasible, 25 perces of specific or trainees in each occupation must be in their 1st year of apprenticeship or training.

Distribute the number of approactices or trainees among the work classifications on the basis of your needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable recruitment area.

Before starting work, submit to the County:

- 1. Number of apprentices or trainees to be trained for each classification
- 2. Training program to be used
- 3. Training starting date for each classification

Obtain the County's approval for this submitted information before you start work. The County credits you for each apprentice or trainee you employ on the work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program. The primary objective of this section is to train and upgrade minorities and women toward journeymen status. Make every effort to enroll minority and women apprentices or trainees, such as conducting systematic and direct recruitment through public and private sources likely to yield minority and women apprentices or trainees, to the extent they are available within a reasonable recruitment area. Show that you have made the efforts. In making these efforts, do not discriminate against any applicant for training.

Do not employ as an apprentice or trainee an employee:

- 1. In any classification in which the employee has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or in which the employee has been employed as a journeyman
- 2. Who is not registered in a program approved by the US Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training

Ask the employee if the employee has successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman status or has been employed as a journeyman. Your records must show the employee's answers to the questions.

In your training program, establish the minimum length and training type for each classification. The County and FHWA approves a program if one of the following is met:

- 1. It is calculated to:
 - 1.1. Meet the your equal employment opportunity responsibilities
 - 1.2. Qualify the average apprentice or trainee for journeyman status in the classification involved by the end of the training period
- 2. It is registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training and it is administered in a way consistent with the equal employment responsibilities of federal-aid highway construction contracts

Obtain the State's approval for your training program before you start work involving the classification covered by the program. Provide training in the construction crafts, not in clerk-typist or secretarial-type positions. Training is allowed in lower level management positions such as office engineers, estimators, and timekeepers if the training is coriented toward construction applications. Training is allowed in the laborer classification if significant and meaningful training is provided and approved by the division office. Off-site training is allowed if the training is an integral part of an approved vaining program and does not make up a significant part of the overall training.

The County reimburses you 80 cents per hour of training given an employee on this contract under an approved training program:

- 1. For on-site training
- 2. For off-site training if the apprentice or trainee is currently employed on a federal-aid project and you do at least one of the following:
 - 2.1. Contribute to the cost of the training
 - 2.2. Provide the instruction to the apprentice at transe
 - 2.3. Pay the apprentice's or trainee's wages during the off-site training period
- 3. If you comply with this section.

Each apprentice or trainee must:

- 1. Begin training on the project as soor as feasible after the start of work involving the apprentice's or trainee's skill
- 2. Remain on the project as long as training opportunities exist in the apprentice's or trainee's work classification or until the apprentice of rainee has completed the training program

Furnish the apprentice or trainee:

1. Copy of the program you will comply with in providing the training