# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO YUCAIPA REGIONAL PARK RV & GROUP TENT CAMPGROUNDS A.D.A. UPGRADES

33900 Oak Glen Road Yucaipa, CA 92339

PROJECT # 1010-1089

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DIVISION	SECTION	TITLE
		General Conditions
01	01 3000 01 3100 01 4200 01 4500 01 5713 01 6000 01 7000 01 7700	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS Submittals Coordination Reference Standards and Definitions Quality Control Temporary Erosion Control Product Requirements Execution Requirements Closeout Procedures
02	02 4100	SITE WORK Demolition
05	05 5000	METAL Metal Fabrications
07	07 9200	THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION Joint Sealants
09	09 9000	FINISHES Painting and Coating
10	10 0001 10 7300	SPECIALTIES Miscellaneous Specialties Specialties Manufacturers of Protective Covers
26	26 0010 26 0519 26 0526 26 0529 26 0533.13 26 0533.16	ELECTRICAL Basic Electrical Requirements Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems Conduit for Electrical Systems Boxes for Electrical Systems
31	31 1000 31 2200 31 2316 31 2323	EARTHWORK Site Clearing Grading Excavation Fill and Backfill

DIVISION	SECTION	TITLE	
32	32 1216 32 1313 32 1713 32 1726	EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS Asphaltic Concrete Paving Portland Cement Concrete Paving Wheel Stops Tactile Warning Surfacing	
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# SECTION 01 3000 SUBMITTALS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submittals required for performance of the Work, including the following:
  - 1. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
  - 2. Shop Drawings.
  - 3. Product Data.
  - 4. Samples.
  - 5. Daily Construction Reports.
- B. Administrative Submittals: Refer to other Division 1 Sections and other Contract Documents for requirements for Administrative Submittals. Such submittals include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Permits.
  - 2. Applications for Payment.
  - 3. Performance and Payment Bonds.
  - 4. Insurance Certificates.
  - 5. List of Subcontractors.
- C. Related Sections: The following sections contain requirements that relate to this section:
  - 1. Section 01 3100 "Coordination" specifies requirements governing preparation and submittal of required coordination drawings.
  - 2. Section 01 4200 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports.

#### 1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. Coordination Drawings show the relationship and integration of different construction elements that require careful coordination during fabrication or installation to fit in the space provided or to function as intended.
  - 1. Preparation of coordination drawings is specified in Section 01 3100 "Coordination" and may include components previously shown in detail on Shop Drawings or Product Data.
- B. Field Samples are full-size physical examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials. Field samples are used to establish the standard by which the work will judged.
- C. Mockups are full-size assemblies for review of construction, coordination, testing or operation; they are not Samples.

#### 1.03 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.
  - 1. Processing: To avoid the need to delay installation as a result of the time required to process submittals, allow sufficient time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals.
    - a. Allow two (2) weeks for initial review. Allow additional time if the Architect must delay processing to permit coordination with subsequent submittals.
    - b. If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.
    - c. Allow two (2) weeks for reprocessing each submittal.
    - d. No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of the work to permit processing.
- B. Submittal Transmittal: Package each submittal appropriately for handling. Transmit each submittal from the Contractor to the Architect using a transmittal form, including Job Name, Specification Section Number and Required Lead-Time. The Architect will not accept submittals received from sources other than the Contractor.

### 1.04 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Submit five (5) copies of the Construction Schedule, broken down by trade or material, to the Architect for approval prior to the first Application for Payment. Schedule shall be by CPM or bar graph type, and shall show proposed starting and completion dates for each trade and activity for the work. Submit five (5) copies of the updated schedule at each Application for Payment review to the Architect.
  - 1. Within each time bar, indicate estimated completion percentage in 10 percent increments. As work progresses, place a contrasting mark in each bar to indicate Actual Completion.
- B. Submit completed Construction Schedule to Architect no later than 20 calendar days after the date established for "Notice to Proceed", and update monthly during construction. Submit current schedule with each Application for Payment.
- C. Distribution: Following response to the initial submittal, print and distribute copies to the Architect, Owner, Subcontractors and other parties required to comply with scheduled dates. Post copies in the Project Meeting Room and temporary field office.
- D. Submit completed material delivery schedule to the Architect no later than 20 calendar days after the "Notice to Proceed". Identify material critical to the progress of the Project and those for which long lead-time in procurement is anticipated. Indicate projected dates for submittal, order and delivery of such material.

#### 1.05 SHOP DRAWING SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

A. After development and acceptance of the Contractor's Construction Schedule, prepare a complete Schedule of Submittals. Submit the Schedule within 10 days of the date required for submittal of the Contractor's Construction Schedule.

#### 1.06 SHOP DRAWINGS (SUBMITTALS)

- A. Submit newly prepared information drawn accurately to scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not a Shop Drawing.
- B. Shop Drawings include fabrication and installation drawings, setting diagrams, schedules, patterns, templates and similar drawings. Include the following information:
  - 1. Job Name.
  - 2. Location.
  - 3. Dimensions.
  - 4. Notation of dimensions established by field measurements.
  - 5. If Shop Drawings are rejected twice by the Architect and a third submittal is required, the Trade Contractor will be billed \$150/hour for review time.

#### 1.07 PRODUCT DATA

Collect Product Data into a single submittal for each element of construction or system. Product Data includes printed information, such as manufacturer's installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard color charts, roughing-in diagrams and templates, standard wiring diagrams, and performance curves.

A copy of manufacturer's installation instructions and warranty literature shall be provided for all products at time of Shop Drawing submittal. However, this submission shall not relieve the Contractor's duty to assemble warranty manuals and installation literature at the end of the project. Refer to Section 01 7700 - "Closeout Procedures".

#### 1.08 SAMPLES

B.

- A. Submit full-size, fully fabricated Samples cured and finished as specified and physically identical with the material or product proposed. Samples include partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components, cuts or containers of materials, color range sets, and swatches showing color, texture and pattern.
  - 1. Submit samples for review of size, kind, finish, color, pattern and texture. Submit samples for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and a comparison of these

characteristics between the final submittal and the actual component as delivered and installed.

- a. Where variation in color, pattern, texture or other characteristic is inherent in the material or product represented, submit at least three (3) multiple units that show approximate limits of the variations.
- 2. Maintain sets of Samples, as returned, at the project site, for quality comparisons throughout the course of construction.

#### **1.09 ARCHITECT'S ACTION**

- A. Except for submittals for the record or information, where action and return is required, the Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return.
  - 1. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.
- B. Action Stamp: The Architect will stamp each submittal with a uniform, action stamp. The Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return.
  - 1. Final Unrestricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "No Exception Taken", the work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with requirements of the Contract Documents.
  - 2. Final-but-Restricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "Make Corrections Noted", the work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with notations or corrections on the submittal and requirements of the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Returned for Resubmittal: When the Architect marks a submittal "Rejected", "Revise and Resubmit" do not proceed with work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to the notations; resubmit without delay. Repeat if necessary to obtain different action mark.
    - a. Do not use, or allow others to use, submittals marked "Rejected", "Revise and Resubmit" at the project site or elsewhere where work is in progress.
- C. Unsolicited Submittals: The Architect will return unsolicited submittals to the sender without action.

#### 1.10 DAILY CONSTRUCTION REPORTS

- A. Prepare a Daily Construction Report recording the following information concerning events at the site, and submit duplicate copies to the Owner by 4:30pm the following day.
  - 1. List of Subcontractors at the site.
  - 2. Approximate count of personnel at the site.
  - 3. High and low temperatures, general weather conditions.
  - 4. Accidents and unusual events.
  - 5. Meetings and significant decisions.
  - 6. Stoppages, delays, shortages and losses.
  - 7. Emergency procedures.
  - 8. Orders and requests of governing authorities.
  - 9. Services connected, disconnected.
  - 10. Equipment or system tests and startups.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### -- NOT APPLICABLE --

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

-- NOT APPLICABLE --

# SECTION 01 3100 COORDINATION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 GENERAL COORDINATION PROVISIONS

- A. Carefully study and compare Contract Documents before proceeding with fabrication and installation of work. Promptly advise Architect of any error, inconsistency, omission or apparent discrepancy discovered.
- B. Allot time in construction scheduling for liaison with Architect; establish procedures for handling queries and clarifications. Use "Request for Information " (RFI) form for requesting information.
- C. If Architect is able to respond to a Request for Information (RFI), by making specific reference to Drawing sheet of Specification section, Contractor shall reimburse Owner for charges of Architect and Architect's Consultants for performing review services for the Contractor.
- D. Coordinate work of various specification sections having interdependent responsibilities for installation, connection and operation.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This section includes administrative and supervisory requirements necessary for coordinating construction operations including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - 1. General project coordination procedures.
  - 2. Administrative and supervisory personnel
  - 3. Cleaning and protection.
- B. Related Sections: The following sections contain requirements that relate to this section:
  - 1. Section 01 3000 "Submittals" for preparing and submitting the Project Manager's Construction Schedule.
  - 2. Section 01 7700 "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating contract closeout.

#### 1.03 COORDINATION DRAWINGS AND LAYOUTS

- A. General:
  - 1. Coordination Drawings are not Shop Drawings and are not to be submitted to Architect for approval.
  - 2. Coordination drawings show relationship and integration of different construction elements that require careful coordination during fabrication or installation to fit in space provided or to function as intended.
- B. Coordinate in field with affected trades for proper relationship to work based on project conditions.
- C. Notify Architect of conflicts and other coordination issues requiring resolution prior to commencing construction in each affected area.
- D. Make coordination documents available in field office for review by Architect and Owner during entire period of construction.

#### 1.04 COORDINATION

Coordinate construction operations included in various sections of these specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the work.

- Schedule construction operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
- 2. Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service and repair.
- 3. Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. The Contractor shall review the entire construction document set for dimensional coordination. Special attention should be placed on architectural/structural dimension coordination.

- 1. If discrepancies occur, the Contractor is directed to place a written request to the Project Architect for clarification. This request must occur prior to any work occurring.
- 2. Proceeding into an area of work without checking the documents for dimensional coordination and resolving the condition in a timely manner will in no way release the Contractor from correction procedures.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and assure orderly progress of the work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of schedules.
  - 2. Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
  - 3. Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - 4. Progress meetings.
  - 5. Project closeout activities.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

-- NOT APPLICABLE --

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 GENERAL COORDINATION PROVISIONS

- A. Inspection of Conditions: Require the installer of each major component to inspect both the substrate and conditions under which Work is to be performed. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in an acceptable manner.
- B. Coordinate temporary enclosures with required inspections and tests to minimize the necessity of uncovering completed construction for that purpose.

#### 3.02 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering where required to assure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- B. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.
- C. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period. Where applicable, such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Excessively high or low temperatures.
  - 2. Excessively high or low humidity.
  - 3. Air contamination or pollution.
  - 4. Water or ice.
  - 5. Solvents.
  - 6. Chemicals.
  - 7. Light.
  - 8. Radiation.
  - 9. Puncture.
  - 10. Heavy traffic.
  - 11. Soiling, staining and corrosion.
  - 12. Combustion.
  - 13. Electrical current.
  - 14. Improper lubrication.
  - 15. Unusual wear or other misuse.
  - 16. Contact between incompatible materials.

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- 17. Misalignment.
- 18. Excessive weathering.
- 19. Unprotected storage.
- 20. Improper shipping or handling.
- 21. Theft.
- 22. Vandalism.

### **SECTION 01 4200**

# REFERENCE STANDARDS AND DEFINITIONS

## PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 REFERENCES

A. The Contract Documents contain references to various standard specifications, codes, practices and requirements for materials, work quality, installation, inspections and tests, which references are published and issued by the organizations listed hereinafter by abbreviation and name. Such references are hereby made a part of these Contract Documents to the extent indicated or required.

#### **1.02 DEFINITIONS**

- A. General: Basic contract definitions are included in the General and Special Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Indicated": The term "indicated" refers to graphic representations, notes or schedules on the Drawings; or to other paragraphs or schedules in the Specifications and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Terms such as "shown", "noted", "scheduled" and "specified" are used to help the user locate the reference. Location is not limited.
- C. "Directed": Terms such as "directed", "requested", "authorized", "selected", "approved", "required" and "permitted" mean directed by the Architect, requested by the Architect, and similar phrases.
- D. "Approved": The term "approved", when used in conjunction with the Architect's action on the Contractor's submittals, applications and requests, is limited to the Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the General and Supplementary Conditions of the Contract.
- E. "Regulations": The term "regulations" includes laws, ordinances, statutes and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- F. "Furnish": The term "furnish" means to supply and deliver to the project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation and similar operations.
- G. "Install": The term "install" describes operations at the project site including the actual unloading, temporary storage, unpacking, assembling, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning and similar operations.
- H. "Provide": The term "provide" means to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Installer": An installer is the Contractor or another entity engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor or contractor of lower tier, who performs a particular construction activity including installation, erection, application, or similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.
  - 1. The term "experienced", when used with the term "installer", means having successfully completed a minimum of 5 previous projects similar in size and scope to this project, being familiar with the specified requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Trades: Using terms such as "carpentry" does not imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as "carpenter". It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespeople of the corresponding generic name.
  - Assigning Specialists: Certain sections of the Specifications require that specific construction activities shall be performed by specialists who are recognized experts in those operations. The specialists must be engaged for those activities, and their assignments are requirements over which the Contractor has no option. However, the ultimate responsibility for fulfilling contract requirements remains with the Contractor.

- a. This requirement shall not be interpreted to conflict with enforcing building codes and similar regulations governing the work. It is also not intended to interfere with local trade-union jurisdictional settlements and similar conventions.
- J. "Project Site" is the space available to the Contractor for performing construction activities, either exclusively or in conjunction with others performing work as part of the Project. The extent of the project site is shown on the drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which the Project is to be built.
- K. "Testing Agencies": A testing agency is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, either at the project site or elsewhere, and to report on and, if required, to interpret results of those inspections or tests.

### 1.03 SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND CONTENT EXPLANATION

- A. Specification Format: These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on the Construction Specifications Institute's 2004 "Masterformat" numbering system.
- B. Specification Content: These Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in Specifications and other Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate words implied, but not stated, shall be interpolated as the sense requires. Singular words shall be interpreted as plural and plural words interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.
  - 2. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by the Contractor. At certain locations in the text, subjective language is used for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by the Contractor or by others when so noted.
    - a. The words "shall", "shall be" or "shall comply with", depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

#### 1.04 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such Standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- B. When the effective date of a Reference Standard is not given, it shall be understood that the current edition or latest revision thereof and any amendments or supplements thereto in effect on the date of issue of these Contact Documents, as indicated by the date on the cover sheet or in the Invitation to Bid, shall govern the work.
- C. Conflicting Requirements: Where compliance with 2 or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent requirement. Refer uncertainties and requirements that are different but apparently equal to the Architect for a decision before proceeding.
  - 1. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum provided or performed. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of the requirements. Refer uncertainties to the Architect for a decision before proceeding.
- D. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on the Project must be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.

- 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, the Contractor shall obtain copies directly from the publication source and make them available on request.
- E. Abbreviations and Names: Trade association names and titles of general standards are frequently abbreviated. The following list of general reference standards is common to the construction industry. This list is not all-inclusive nor does the presence of a reference standard imply necessarily that it is referenced in the Specifications or other Contract Documents.

AA	Aluminum Association
AABC	Associated Air Balance Council
AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturers Association
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
ACI	American Concrete Institute International
ADC	American Diffusion Council
AGA	American Gas Association
AIA	American Institute of Architects
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
ALSC	American Lumber Standards Committee
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association International
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
APA	Engineered Wood Association (Formerly American Plywood Ass'n)
ARI	Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engrs
ASME	The American Society of Mechanical Engineers
ASPE	American Society of Plumbing Engineers
ASSE	The American Society of Sanitary Engineers
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
AWI	Architectural Woodwork Institute
AWS	American Welding Society
BHMA	Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association
BIA	Brick Industry Association
CISCA	Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association
CISPI	Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute
CLFMI	Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute
CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute
DHI	Door and Hardware Institute (Formerly Ntl. Builders Hardware Assoc)
EIMAEIFS	Industry Manufacturers Association
FGMA	Flat Glass Marketing Association
FM	Factory Mutual Research Corporation
GA	Gypsum Association
GANA	Glass Association of North America

REFERENCE STANDARDS AND

IAPMO	International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials
ICBO	International Conference of Building Officials
ICC	International Code Council
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IESNA	Illuminating Engineering Society of North America
IGCC	Insulating Glass Certification Council
MBMA	Metal Building Manufacturers Association
NAAMM	The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers
NCMA	National Concrete Masonry Association
NEBB	National Environmental Balancing Bureau
NECA	National Electrical Contractors Association
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
NETA	National Electrical Contractors Association
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
NRCA	National Roofing Contractors Association
NSFNSF	International (National Sanitation Foundation)
PCA	Portland Cement Association
PDI	Plumbing and Drainage Institute
SDI	Steel Door Institute
SGCC	Safety Glazing Certification Council
SJI	Steel Joist Institute
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association
TCA	Tile Council of America
UBC	Uniform Building Code (International Conference of Building Officials)
UL	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau
WDMA	Window and Door Manufacturers Association (Formerly NWWDA)
WIC	Woodwork Institute of California
Federal Govern	ment Agencies and Acronyms: Names and titles of Federal Government

F. Federal Government Agencies and Acronyms: Names and titles of Federal Government standards - or specification-producing agencies are often abbreviated. The following abbreviations and acronyms which may be referenced in the Contract Documents indicate names of standards - or specification-producing agencies of the Federal Government. This list is not all-inclusive nor does presence on the list imply necessarily that the abbreviation is referenced in the Specifications or other Contract Documents.

ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COE	Corps of Engineers, U S Army
CPSC	Consumer Product Safety Commission
DOC	Department of Commerce
DOT	Department of Transportation
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration

REFERENCE STANDARDS AND

- FCC Federal Communications Commission
- FDA Food and Drug Administration
- FHA Federal Housing Administration
- FS Federal Specifications and Standards (General Services Admin)
- GSA General Services Administration
- MIL Military Specifications and Standards (U S Dept of Defense)
- NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U S Dept of Labor)
- PS Product Standards (U S Dept of Commerce)
- USDA United States Department of Agriculture
- USPS United States Postal Service

PART 2 PRODUCTS

-- NOT APPLICABLE --

PART 3 EXECUTION

-- NOT APPLICABLE --

# SECTION 01 4500 QUALITY CONTROL

# PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality-control services.
- B. Quality-Control services include inspections, tests and related actions, including reports performed and/or directed by the Contractor, by independent agencies, and by governing authorities. They do not include contract enforcement activities performed by Architect.
- C. Inspection and testing services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated in the Construction Documents. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with Contract Document requirements.

#### 1.02 RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Owner will employ and pay for services of an Independent Testing Laboratory to perform specified inspections and testing.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities:
  - 1. Deliver to laboratory at designated location, adequate samples of materials proposed to be used which require testing, along with proposed mix designs.
  - 2. Cooperate with laboratory personnel, and provide access to the work, and to manufacturer's facilities.
  - 3. Provide incidental labor and facilities to provide access to work to be tested, to obtain and handle samples at the site or at source of products to be tested, to facilitate tests and inspections, storage and curing of test samples.
  - 4. Notify Architect/Engineer and laboratory 24 hours prior to expected time for operations requiring inspection and testing services.
    - a. Unless otherwise indicated as the responsibility of another identified entity, Contractor shall provide inspections, tests and other quality-control services specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents and required by authorities having jurisdiction. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
      - 1) Where individual sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Contractor's responsibility, the Contractor shall employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform quality-control services. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
- C. Retesting: The Contractor is responsible for retesting where results of inspections, tests or other quality-control services prove unsatisfactory and indicate noncompliance with Contract Document requirements.
  - 1. The cost of retesting construction, revised or replaced by the Contractor or Trade Subcontractor, is the Trade Subcontractor's responsibility where required tests performed on original construction indicated noncompliance with Contract Document requirements.
  - 2. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required inspections, tests and similar services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify the agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services required include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Provide security and protection of samples and test equipment a the project site.
- D. Duties of the Testing Agency: The Independent Agency engaged to perform inspections, sampling and testing of materials and construction specified in individual sections shall cooperate with the Architect and the Contractor in performance of the agency's duties. The testing agency shall provide qualified personnel to perform required inspections and tests.
  - 1. The agency shall notify the Architect and the Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the work during performance of its services.
  - 2. The agency is not authorized to release, revoke, alter or enlarge requirements of the Contract Documents or approve or accept any portion of the work.

- E. Coordination: Coordinate the sequence of activities to accommodate required services with a minimum of delay. Coordinate activities to avoid the necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate inspections and tests.
  - 1. The Contractor is responsible for scheduling times for inspections, tests, taking samples, and similar activities.

# 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. The Independent Testing Agency shall submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test or similar service to the Architect and Structural Engineer. If the Contractor is responsible for the service, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test, or similar service through the Contractor.
  - 1. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to the governing authority, when the authority so directs.
  - 2. Report Data: Written reports of each inspection, test or similar service include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Date of issue.
    - b. Project title and number.
    - c. Name, address and telephone number of testing agency.
    - d. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
    - e. Names of individuals making the inspection or test.
    - f. Designation of the work and test method.
    - g. Identification of product and Specification Section.
    - h. Complete inspection or test data.
    - i. Test results and an interpretation of test results.
    - j. Ambient conditions at the time of sample taking and testing.
    - k. Comments or professional opinion on whether inspected or tested work complies with Contract Document requirements.
    - I. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
    - m. Recommendations on retesting.

#### 1.04 REFERENCES AND STANDARDS

- A. For products and workmanship specified by reference to a document or documents not included in the Project Manual, also referred to a Reference Standards, comply with requirements of the Standard, except when more rigid requirements are specified or are required by applicable codes.
- B. Conform to Reference Standard of date of issue current on date of Contract Documents, except where a specific date is established by applicable code.
- C. Obtain copies of Standards where required by product specification sections.
- D. Maintain copy at project site during submittals, planning and progress of the specific work, until Substantial Completion.
- E. Should specified reference standards conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
  - . Neither the contractual relationships, duties or responsibilities of the parties in contract nor those of Architect shall be altered from the Contract Documents by mention or inference in any reference document.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications of Service Agencies: Engage inspection and testing service agencies, including independent testing laboratories, that are prequalified as complying with the American Council of Independent Laboratories' "Recommended Requirements for Independent Laboratory Qualification" and that specialize in the types of inspections and tests to be performed.
  - 1. Each Independent Inspection and Testing Agency engaged on the project shall be authorized by authorities having jurisdiction to operate in the state where the project is located.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### -- NOT APPLICABLE --

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: Upon completion of inspection, testing, sample taking and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes. Comply with Contract Document requirements for Section 01 7000 - "Execution Requirements".
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities, and protect repaired construction.
- C. Repair and protection is Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection, testing or similar services.
- D. Should manufacturer's instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Architect before proceeding.
- E. Comply with specified standards as minimum quality for the work except where more stringent tolerances, codes or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- F. Have work performed by persons qualified to produce required and specified quality.
- G. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on Shop Drawings or and instructed by the manufacturer.
- H. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, physical distortion and disfigurement.

### 3.02 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES

- A. When specified in individual specification sections, require material or product suppliers or manufacturers to provide qualified staff personnel to observe site conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, start-up of equipment, test, adjust and balance of equipment as applicable, and to initiate instructions when necessary.
- B. Report observations and site decisions or instructions given to applicators or installers that are supplemental or contrary to manufacturers' written instructions.

# SECTION 01 5713 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Prevention of erosion due to construction activities.
- B. Prevention of sedimentation of waterways, open drainage ways, and storm and sanitary sewers due to construction activities.
- C. Restoration of areas eroded due to insufficient preventive measures.
- D. Performance bond.
- E. Compensation of Owner for fines levied by authorities having jurisdiction due to non-compliance by Contractor.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 31 1000 Site Clearing: Limits on clearing; disposition of vegetative clearing debris.
- B. Section 31 2200 Grading: Temporary and permanent grade changes for erosion control.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D4355/D4355M Standard Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture and Heat in a Xenon Arc Type Apparatus; 2014.
- B. ASTM D4491 Standard Test Methods for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity; 1999a (Reapproved 2014).
- C. ASTM D4533 Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles; 2011.
- D. ASTM D4632/D4632M Standard Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles; 2015a.
- E. ASTM D4751 Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile; 2012.

#### 1.04 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Develop and follow an Erosion and Sedimentation Prevention Plan and submit periodic inspection reports.
- B. Do not begin clearing, grading, or other work involving disturbance of ground surface cover until applicable permits have been obtained; furnish all documentation required to obtain applicable permits.
- C. Provide to Owner a Performance Bond covering erosion and sedimentation preventive measures only, in an amount equal to 100 percent of the cost of erosion and sedimentation control work.
- D. Timing: Put preventive measures in place as soon as possible after disturbance of surface cover and before precipitation occurs.
  - Storm Water Runoff: Control increased storm water runoff due to disturbance of surface cover due to construction activities for this project.
    - Prevent runoff into storm and sanitary sewer systems, including open drainage channels, in excess of actual capacity or amount allowed by authorities having jurisdiction, whichever is less.
    - 2. Anticipate runoff volume due to the most extreme short term and 24-hour rainfall events that might occur in 25 years.
- F. Erosion On Site: Minimize wind, water, and vehicular erosion of soil on project site due to construction activities for this project.
  - 1. Control movement of sediment and soil from temporary stockpiles of soil.
  - 2. Prevent development of ruts due to equipment and vehicular traffic.

- 3. If erosion occurs due to non-compliance with these requirements, restore eroded areas at no cost to Owner.
- G. Erosion Off Site: Prevent erosion of soil and deposition of sediment on other properties caused by water leaving the project site due to construction activities for this project.
  - 1. Prevent windblown soil from leaving the project site.
  - 2. Prevent tracking of mud onto public roads outside site.
  - 3. Prevent mud and sediment from flowing onto sidewalks and pavements.
  - 4. If erosion occurs due to non-compliance with these requirements, restore eroded areas at no cost to Owner.
- H. Sedimentation of Waterways Off Site: Prevent sedimentation of waterways off the project site, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, open drainage ways, storm sewers, and sanitary sewers.
  - 1. If sedimentation occurs, install or correct preventive measures immediately at no cost to Owner; remove deposited sediments; comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- I. Open Water: Prevent standing water that could become stagnant.
- J. Maintenance: Maintain temporary preventive measures until permanent measures have been established.

### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan:
  - 1. Include:
    - a. Site plan identifying soils and vegetation, existing erosion problems, and areas vulnerable to erosion due to topography, soils, vegetation, or drainage.
    - b. Site plan showing grading; new improvements; temporary roads, traffic accesses, and other temporary construction; and proposed preventive measures.
    - c. Where extensive areas of soil will be disturbed, include storm water flow and volume calculations, soil loss predictions, and proposed preventive measures.
    - d. Schedule of temporary preventive measures, in relation to ground disturbing activities.
    - e. Other information required by law.
    - f. Format required by law is acceptable, provided any additional information specified is also included.
  - 2. Obtain the approval of the Plan by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Obtain the approval of the Plan by Owner.
- C. Certificate: Mill certificate for silt fence fabric attesting that fabric and factory seams comply with specified requirements, signed by legally authorized official of manufacturer; indicate actual minimum average roll values; identify fabric by roll identification numbers.
- D. Inspection Reports: Submit report of each inspection; identify each preventive measure, indicate condition, and specify maintenance or repair required and accomplished.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 MATERIALS

- Mulch: Use one of the following:
  - 1. Straw or hay.
  - 2. Wood waste, chips, or bark.
  - 3. Erosion control matting or netting.
  - 4. Polyethylene film, where specifically indicated only.
- B. Grass Seed For Temporary Cover: Select a species appropriate to climate, planting season, and intended purpose. If same area will later be planted with permanent vegetation, do not use species known to be excessively competitive or prone to volunteer in subsequent seasons.
- C. Bales: Air dry, rectangular straw bales.

- 1. Cross Section: 14 by 18 inches, minimum.
- 2. Bindings: Wire or string, around long dimension.
- D. Bale Stakes: One of the following, minimum 3 feet long:
  - 1. Steel U- or T-section, with minimum mass of 1.33 pound per linear foot.
  - 2. Wood, 2 by 2 inches in cross section.
- E. Silt Fence Fabric: Polypropylene geotextile resistant to common soil chemicals, mildew, and insects; non-biodegradable; in longest lengths possible; fabric including seams with the following minimum average roll lengths:
  - 1. Average Opening Size: 30 U.S. Std. Sieve, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4751.
  - 2. Permittivity: 0.05 sec^-1, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4491.
  - 3. Ultraviolet Resistance: Retaining at least 70 percent of tensile strength, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4355/D4355M after 500 hours exposure.
  - Tensile Strength: 100 pounds-force, minimum, in cross-machine direction; 124 pounds-force, minimum, in machine direction; when tested in accordance with ASTM D4632/D4632M.
  - 5. Elongation: 15 to 30 percent, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4632/D4632M.
  - 6. Tear Strength: 55 pounds-force, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D4533.
  - 7. Color: Manufacturer's standard, with embedment and fastener lines preprinted.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Examine site and identify existing features that contribute to erosion resistance; maintain such existing features to greatest extent possible.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Schedule work so that soil surfaces are left exposed for the minimum amount of time.

#### 3.03 SCOPE OF PREVENTIVE MEASURES

- A. In all cases, if permanent erosion resistant measures have been installed temporary preventive measures are not required.
- B. Storm Drain Curb Inlet Sediment Trap: Protect each curb inlet using one of the following measures:
  - 1. Filter fabric wrapped around hollow concrete blocks blocking entire inlet face area; use one piece of fabric wrapped at least 1-1/2 times around concrete blocks and secured to prevent dislodging; orient cores of blocks so runoff passes into inlet.
  - 2. Straw bale row blocking entire inlet face area; anchor into pavement.
- C. Storm Drain Drop Inlet Sediment Traps: As detailed on drawings.
- D. Temporary Splash Pads: Stone aggregate over filter fabric; size to suit application; provide at downspout outlets and storm water outlets.
  - Soil Stockpiles: Protect using one of the following measures:
    - 1. Cover with polyethylene film, secured by placing soil on outer edges.
  - Mulching: Use only for areas that may be subjected to erosion for less than 6 months. 1. Wood Waste: Use only on slopes 3:1 or flatter; no anchoring required.
  - Temporary Seeding: Use where temporary vegetated cover is required.

#### 3.04 INSTALLATION

Ε.

- A. Straw Bale Rows:
  - 1. Install bales in continuous rows with ends butting tightly, with one bale at each end of row turned uphill.
  - 2. Install bales so that bindings are not in contact with the ground.
  - 3. Embed bales at least 4 inches in the ground.

- 4. Anchor bales with at least two stakes per bale, driven at least 18 inches into the ground; drive first stake in each bale toward the previously placed bale to force bales together.
- 5. Fill gaps between ends of bales with loose straw wedged tightly.
- 6. Place soil excavated for trench against bales on the upslope side of the row, compacted.
- B. Temporary Seeding:
  - 1. When hydraulic seeder is used, seedbed preparation is not required.
  - 2. When surface soil has been sealed by rainfall or consists of smooth undisturbed cut slopes, and conventional or manual seeding is to be used, prepare seedbed by scarifying sufficiently to allow seed to lodge and germinate.
  - 3. If temporary mulching was used on planting area but not removed, apply nitrogen fertilizer at 1 pound per 1000 sq ft.
  - 4. Irrigate as required to thoroughly wet soil to depth that will ensure germination, without causing runoff or erosion.
  - 5. Repeat irrigation as required until grass is established.

#### 3.05 MAINTENANCE

- A. Inspect preventive measures weekly, within 24 hours after the end of any storm that produces 0.5 inches or more rainfall at the project site, and daily during prolonged rainfall.
- B. Repair deficiencies immediately.
- C. Straw Bale Rows:
  - 1. Promptly replace bales that fall apart or otherwise deteriorate unless need has passed.
  - 2. Remove silt deposits that exceed one-half of the height of the bales.
  - 3. Repair bale rows that are undercut by runoff or otherwise damaged, whether by runoff or other causes.
- D. Place sediment in appropriate locations on site; do not remove from site.

#### 3.06 CLEAN UP

- A. Remove temporary measures after permanent measures have been installed, unless permitted to remain by Architect.
- B. Clean out temporary sediment control structures that are to remain as permanent measures.
- C. Where removal of temporary measures would leave exposed soil, shape surface to an acceptable grade and finish to match adjacent ground surfaces.

# SECTION 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Products.
- B. Transportation and handling.
- C. Storage and protection.
- D. Product options.
- E. Substitutions.

#### 1.02 PRODUCTS

- A. Products: Means new material, machinery, components, equipment, fixtures, and systems forming the Work. Does not include machinery and equipment used for preparation, fabrication, conveying and erection of the Work. Products may also include existing materials or components required for reuse
- B. Do not use materials and equipment removed from existing premises, except as specifically permitted by the Contract Documents.
- C. Provide interchangeable components of the same manufacturer, for similar components.

#### 1.03 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Transport and handle Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions
- B. Promptly inspect shipments to assure that Products comply with requirements, quantities are correct, and Products are undamaged.
- C. Provide equipment and personnel to handle Products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.

#### 1.04 STORAGE AND PROTECTION

- A. Store and protect Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible. Store sensitive products in weather-tight, climate controlled enclosures.
- B. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports, above ground.
- C. Provide off-site storage and protection when site does not permit on-site storage or protection.
- D. Cover Products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering. Provide ventilation to avoid condensation.
- E. Store loose granular materials on solid flat surfaces in a well-drained area. Prevent mixing with foreign matter.

Provide equipment and personnel to store Products by methods to prevent soiling, disfigurement, or damage.

. Arrange storage of Products to permit access for inspection. Periodically inspect to assure Products are undamaged and are maintained under specified conditions

#### **1.05 PRODUCT OPTIONS**

- A. Products Specified by Reference Standards or by Description Only: Any Product meeting those standards or description.
- B. Products Specified by Naming One or More Manufacturers with a Provision for Substitutions: Submit a request for substitution for any manufacturer not named.
- C. Products specified by naming only one Manufacturer is intended to establish the standard required. It is not intended to limit the selection of equal products of other manufacturers.

#### 1.06 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Owner, Architect/Engineer will consider requests for Equal / Substitutions at any time up to 35 days after the date of Owner Contractor Agreement.
- B. Equal / Substitutions will be approved only if the Owner, Architect/Engineer deems the product is of equal quality.
- C. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed Substitution with Contract Documents.
- D. A request constitutes a representation that the Contractor:
  - 1. Has investigated proposed product and determined that it meets or exceeds the quality level of the specified product.
  - 2. Will provide the same warranty for the Substitution as for the specified product.
  - 3. Will coordinate installation and make changes to other Work which may be required for the Work to be complete with no additional cost to Owner
  - 4. Waives claims for additional costs or time extension which may subsequently become apparent.
- E. Substitutions will not be considered when they are indicated or implied on shop drawing or product data submittals, without separate written request, or when acceptance will require revision to the Contract Documents.
- F. Substitution Submittal Procedure:
  - 1. Submit six copies of request for Substitution for consideration. Limit each request to one proposed Substitution.
  - 2. Submit shop drawings, Product data, and certified test results attesting to the proposed product equivalence.
  - 3. The Architect/Engineer will notify Contractor, in writing, of decision to accept or reject request.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

-- NOT APPLICABLE --PART 3 EXECUTION -- NOT APPLICABLE --

# SECTION 01 7000 EXECUTION REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Examination, preparation, and general installation procedures.
- B. Pre-installation meetings.
- C. Cutting and patching.
- D. Surveying for laying out the work.
- E. Cleaning and protection.
- F. Starting of systems and equipment.
- G. Demonstration and instruction of Owner personnel.
- H. General requirements for maintenance service.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 3000 Submittals: Submittal procedures.
- B. Section 01 4500 Quality Control: Testing and inspection procedures.
- C. Individual Product Specification Sections:
  - 1. Advance notification to other sections of openings required in work of those sections.
  - 2. Limitations on cutting structural members.

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Survey work: Submit name, address, and telephone number of Surveyor before starting survey work.

# 1.04 QUALIFICATIONS

A. For survey work, employ a land surveyor registered in the State of California and acceptable to Architect. Submit evidence of Surveyor's Errors and Omissions insurance coverage in the form of an Insurance Certificate.

#### 1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Ventilate enclosed areas to assist cure of materials, to dissipate humidity, and to prevent accumulation of dust, fumes, vapors, or gases.
- B. Dust Control: Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. Provide positive means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere and over adjacent property.

#### **1.06 COORDINATION**

- A. Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and requirements of Section 01 31 00 "Coordination" to ensure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements.
- B. Notify affected utility companies and comply with their requirements.
- C. Verify that utility requirements and characteristics of new operating equipment are compatible with building utilities. Coordinate work of various sections having interdependent responsibilities for installing, connecting to, and placing in service, such equipment.
- D. Coordinate space requirements, supports, and installation of mechanical and electrical work that are indicated diagrammatically on drawings. Follow routing indicated for pipes, ducts, and conduit, as closely as practicable; place runs parallel with lines of building. Utilize spaces efficiently to maximize accessibility for other installations, for maintenance, and for repairs.
- E. After Owner occupancy of premises, coordinate access to site for correction of defective work and work not in accordance with Contract Documents, to minimize disruption of Owner's activities.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

-- NOT APPLICABLE --

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that existing site conditions and substrate surfaces are acceptable for subsequent work. Start of work means acceptance of existing conditions.
- B. Verify that existing substrate is capable of structural support or attachment of new work being applied or attached.
- C. Examine and verify specific conditions described in individual specification sections.
- D. Take field measurements before confirming product orders or beginning fabrication, to minimize waste due to over-ordering or misfabrication.
- E. Verify that utility services are available, of the correct characteristics, and in the correct locations.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate surfaces prior to applying next material or substance.
- B. Seal cracks or openings of substrate prior to applying next material or substance.
- C. Apply manufacturer required or recommended substrate primer, sealer, or conditioner prior to applying any new material or substance in contact or bond.

#### 3.03 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. When required in individual specification sections, convene a preinstallation meeting at the site prior to commencing work of the section.
- B. Require attendance of parties directly affecting, or affected by, work of the specific section.
- C. Notify Architect four days in advance of meeting date.
- D. Prepare agenda and preside at meeting:
  - 1. Review conditions of examination, preparation and installation procedures.
    - 2. Review coordination with related work.
- E. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.

# 3.04 LAYING OUT THE WORK

- A. Verify locations of survey control points prior to starting work.
- B. Promptly notify Architect of any discrepancies discovered.
- C. Protect survey control points prior to starting site work; preserve permanent reference points during construction.
- D. Promptly report to Architect the loss or destruction of any reference point or relocation required because of changes in grades or other reasons.
- E. Replace dislocated survey control points based on original survey control. Make no changes without prior written notice to Architect.
- F. Utilize recognized engineering survey practices.
- G. Establish elevations, lines and levels. Locate and lay out by instrumentation and similar appropriate means:
  - 1. Site improvements including pavements; stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement; utility locations, slopes, and invert elevations.
  - 2. Grid or axis for structures.
  - 3. Building foundation, column locations, ground floor elevations.

#### 3.05 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install products as specified in individual sections, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and so as to avoid waste due to necessity for replacement.
- B. Make vertical elements plumb and horizontal elements level, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install equipment and fittings plumb and level, neatly aligned with adjacent vertical and horizontal lines, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Make consistent texture on surfaces, with seamless transitions, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Make neat transitions between different surfaces, maintaining texture and appearance.

#### 3.06 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Whenever possible, execute the work by methods that avoid cutting or patching.
- B. Execute work by methods that avoid damage to other work and that will provide appropriate surfaces to receive patching and finishing. In existing work, minimize damage and restore to original condition.
- C. Employ original installer to perform cutting for weather exposed and moisture resistant elements, and sight exposed surfaces.
- D. Cut rigid materials using masonry saw or core drill. Pneumatic tools not allowed without prior approval.
- E. Restore work with new products in accordance with requirements of Contract Documents.
- F. Fit work air tight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit, and other penetrations through surfaces.
- G. Patching:
  - 1. Finish patched surfaces to match finish that existed prior to patching. On continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection or natural break. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.
  - 2. Match color, texture, and appearance.
  - 3. Repair patched surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing other imperfections due to patching work. If defects are due to condition of substrate, repair substrate prior to repairing finish.

#### 3.07 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
- C. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
- D. Collect and remove waste materials, debris, and trash/rubbish from site periodically and dispose off-site; do not burn or bury.

#### 3.08 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED WORK

- A. Protect installed work from damage by construction operations.
- B. Provide special protection where specified in individual specification sections.
- C. Provide temporary and removable protection for installed products. Control activity in immediate work area to prevent damage.
- D. Protect finished floors, stairs, and other surfaces from traffic, dirt, wear, damage, or movement of heavy objects, by protecting with durable sheet materials.
- E. Prohibit traffic or storage upon waterproofed or roofed surfaces. If traffic or activity is necessary, obtain recommendations for protection from waterproofing or roofing material manufacturer.

F. Remove protective coverings when no longer needed; reuse or recycle coverings if possible.

#### 3.09 SYSTEM STARTUP

- A. Coordinate schedule for start-up of various equipment and systems.
- B. Notify Architect and Owner seven days prior to start-up of each item.
- C. Verify that each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, control sequence, and for conditions that may cause damage.
- D. Verify tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by the equipment or system manufacturer.
- E. Execute start-up under supervision of applicable Contractor personnel and manufacturer's representative in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- F. When specified in individual specification Sections, require manufacturer to provide authorized representative to be present at site to inspect, check, and approve equipment or system installation prior to start-up, and to supervise placing equipment or system in operation.

#### 3.10 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTION

- A. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, trouble-shooting, servicing, maintenance, and shutdown of each item of equipment at scheduled time, at equipment location.
- B. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation, perform demonstration for other season within six months.
- C. Provide a qualified person who is knowledgeable about the Project to perform demonstration and instruction of Owner's personnel.

#### 3.11 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust operating products and equipment to ensure smooth and unhindered operation.

#### 3.12 MAINTENANCE

- A. Provide service and maintenance of components indicated in specification sections.
- B. Maintenance Period: As indicated in specification sections or, if not indicated, not less than one year from the Date of Substantial Completion or the length of the specified warranty, whichever is longer.
- C. Examine system components at a frequency consistent with reliable operation. Clean, adjust, and lubricate as required.
- D. Include systematic examination, adjustment, and lubrication of components. Repair or replace parts whenever required. Use parts produced by the manufacturer of the original component.
- E. Maintenance service shall not be assigned or transferred to any agent or subcontractor without prior written consent of the Owner.

# SECTION 01 7700 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. This section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Inspection procedures for Completion Reviews.
  - 2. Final adjustments of accounts and payment.
  - 3. As-built drawings.
  - 4. Project record document submittal.
  - 5. Operation and maintenance manual submittal.
  - 6. Submittals and warranties.
  - 7. Final cleaning.
- B. Closeout requirements for specific construction activities are included in the appropriate individual sections.

#### 1.02 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting inspections for certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following:
  - 1. Conduct inspection to substantiate basis for request that Work is substantially complete. Create comprehensive list (initial punch list) indicating items to be completed or corrected, value of incomplete or non-conforming work, reason for being incomplete, and date of anticipated completion for each item.
  - 2. Advise the Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
  - 3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications and similar documents.
  - 4. Obtain and submit releases enabling the Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates and similar releases.
  - 5. Submit record drawings, maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys and similar final record information.
  - 6. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock and similar items.
  - 7. Make final changeover of permanent locks and transmit keys to the Owner. Advise the Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
  - 8. Complete startup testing of systems and instructions of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel. Discontinue and remove temporary facilities from the site, along with mockups, construction tools and similar elements.
  - 9. Complete final cleanup requirements, including touchup painting.
  - 10. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes.

#### 1.03 FINAL COMPLETION REVIEW

Within 7 days after receipt of request for final review, Architect will make site review to determine whether Work is complete following procedures indicated in Conditions of the Contract.

- B. Should Architect consider Work to be incomplete or defective:
  - 1. Architect will promptly notify Contractor listing incomplete or defective work.
- C. Contractor shall take immediate steps to remedy stated deficiencies and send second written request to Architect the Work is complete.
  - 1. Architect will reinspect the Work.
  - 2. Revisits for Site Reviews:
    - a. Should Architect have to re-perform site reviews due to failure of work to comply with claims of completion made by Contractor, Owner will reimburse Architect for such

additional services and will deduct amount of compensation from final payment to Contractor.

# 1.04 EVIDENCE OF PAYMENTS AND RELEASE OF LIENS

- A. Submit Contractor's affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims on AIA Document G706.
- B. Submit Contractor's affidavit of Release of Liens on AIA Document G706A with:
  - 1. Consent of Surety to Final Payment: AIA G707.
  - 2. Contractor's Release of Waiver of Liens.
  - 3. Separate releases or waivers of liens from subcontractors, suppliers and others with lien rights against property of Owner, together with list of those parties.
- C. Execute Submittals before delivery to Owner.

### 1.05 FINAL ADJUSTMENTS OF ACCOUNTS

- A. Submit final statement of accounting to Architect.
- B. Show adjustments to Contract Sum:
  - 1. Original Contract Sum.
  - 2. Additions and deductions resulting from:
    - a. Previous Change Orders.
    - b. Allowances.
    - c. Unit prices.
    - d. Deductions for uncorrected work.
    - e. Deductions for inspection payments.
    - f. Other adjustments.
  - 3. Total Contract Sum.
  - 4. Previous Payments.
  - 5. Retainage.
  - 6. Sum remaining due.
- C. Architect will prepare final Change Order reflecting approved adjustments to Contract Sum which are not included in Change Orders previously processed.

# 1.06 FINAL APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

A. Submit final Application for Payment in accordance with procedures and requirements stated in Conditions of the Contract.

# 1.07 RECORD DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS (AS-BUILTS)

- A. Record Drawings: Maintain a clean, undamaged set of blue or black line white-prints of Contract Drawings. Mark the set to show the actual installation where installation varies substantially from the work as originally shown. Mark which drawing is most capable of showing conditions fully and accurately. Give particular attention to concealed elements that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date.
  - 1. Mark record sets with red ink. Use other colors to distinguish between variations in separate categories of the work.
  - . Mark new information that is important to the Owner but was not shown on Contract Drawings.
- B. Maintenance Manuals: Organize operation and maintenance data into suitable sets of manageable size. Bind properly indexed data in individual, heavy-duty, 2-inch, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders, with pocket folders for folded sheet information. Furnish Architect with five (5) complete sets within 30 calendar days of initial Certificate of Occupancy. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder. Include the following types of information:
  - 1. Emergency instructions.
  - 2. Spare parts list.

- 3. Copies of warranties.
- 4. Wiring diagrams.
- 5. Recommended "turn-around" cycles.
- 6. Inspection procedures.
- 7. Product data.
- 8. Fixture lamping schedule.
- C. Spare Parts and Extra Stock Inventory: Transmit spare parts and extra stock to the Owner with an inventory checklist for review by the Owner. Checklist shall include an itemized listing of each type of item and quantity, a method for the Owner to check off each item accepted, and a receipt for the Owner to sign and return to the Contractor accepting the entire inventory.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### -- NOT APPLICABLE --

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each installer of equipment that requires regular maintenance to meet with the Owner's personnel to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Provide instructions by manufacturer's representatives if installers are not experienced in operation and maintenance procedures.
  - 1. Include a detailed review of the following items:
    - a. Maintenance manuals.
    - b. Record documents.
    - c. Spare parts and manuals.
    - d. Tools.
    - e. Lubricants.
    - f. Fuels.
    - g. Identification systems.
    - h. Control sequences.
    - i. Hazards.
    - j. Cleaning.
    - k. Warranties and bonds.
    - I. Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.
  - 2. As part of the instructions for operating equipment, demonstrate the following procedures:
    - a. Startup.
    - b. Shutdown.
    - c. Emergency operations.
    - d. Noise and vibration adjustments.
    - e. Safety procedures.
    - f. Economy and efficiency adjustments.
    - g. Effective energy utilization.
- B. Delivery of Spare Parts and Extra Stock: Deliver spare parts and extra stock to storage location designated by the Owner.

### 3.02 FINAL CLEANING

- A. General: The General Conditions require general cleaning during construction. Regular site cleaning is included in Section 01 7000 "Execution Requirements".
- B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to the condition expected in a normal, commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's instructions.

- C. Removal of Protection: Remove temporary protection and facilities installed for protection of the work during construction.
- D. Compliance: Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from the site as directed by the Owner.
  - 1. Where extra materials of value remain after completion of associated work, they become the Owner's property. Dispose of these materials as directed by the Owner.

# SECTION 02 4100 DEMOLITION

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Selective demolition of built site elements.
- B. Selective demolition of building elements for alteration purposes.
- C. Disposal of materials.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control.
- B. Section 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS: Handling and storage of items removed for salvage and relocation.
- C. Section 01 7000 Execution Requirements: Project conditions; protection of bench marks, survey control points, and existing construction to remain; reinstallation of removed products; temporary bracing and shoring.
- D. Section 31 2200 Grading: Fill material for filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal operations.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill: Filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal operations.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS -- NOT USED

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 GENERAL PROCEDURES AND PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Comply with applicable codes and regulations for demolition operations and safety of adjacent structures and the public.
  - 1. Obtain required permits.
  - 2. Take precautions to prevent catastrophic or uncontrolled collapse of structures to be removed; do not allow worker or public access within range of potential collapse of unstable structures.
  - 3. Provide, erect, and maintain temporary barriers and security devices.
  - 4. Conduct operations to minimize effects on and interference with adjacent structures and occupants.
  - 5. Do not close or obstruct roadways or sidewalks without permit.
  - 6. Conduct operations to minimize obstruction of public and private entrances and exits; do not obstruct required exits at any time; protect persons using entrances and exits from removal operations.
  - 7. Obtain written permission from owners of adjacent properties when demolition equipment will traverse, infringe upon or limit access to their property.
- B. Do not begin removal until receipt of notification to proceed from Owner.

Protect existing structures and other elements that are not to be removed.

- 1. Provide bracing and shoring.
- 2. Prevent movement or settlement of adjacent structures.
- 3. Stop work immediately if adjacent structures appear to be in danger.

#### 3.02 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION FOR ALTERATIONS

- A. Drawings showing existing construction and utilities are based on casual field observation and existing record documents only.
  - 1. Verify that construction and utility arrangements are as indicated.
  - 2. Report discrepancies to Architect before disturbing existing installation.
  - 3. Beginning of demolition work constitutes acceptance of existing conditions that would be apparent upon examination prior to starting demolition.

- B. Remove existing work as indicated and as required to accomplish new work.1. Remove items indicated on drawings.
- C. Services (Including but not limited to HVAC, Plumbing, Fire Protection, Electrical, and Telecommunications): Remove existing systems and equipment as indicated.
  - 1. Maintain existing active systems that are to remain in operation; maintain access to equipment and operational components.
  - 2. Where existing active systems serve occupied facilities but are to be replaced with new services, maintain existing systems in service until new systems are complete and ready for service.
  - 3. Verify that abandoned services serve only abandoned facilities before removal.
  - 4. Remove abandoned pipe, ducts, conduits, and equipment, including those above accessible ceilings; remove back to source of supply where possible, otherwise cap stub and tag with identification.
- D. Protect existing work to remain.
  - 1. Prevent movement of structure; provide shoring and bracing if necessary.
  - 2. Perform cutting to accomplish removals neatly and as specified for cutting new work.
  - 3. Repair adjacent construction and finishes damaged during removal work.
  - 4. Patch as specified for patching new work.

#### 3.03 DEBRIS AND WASTE REMOVAL

- A. Remove debris, junk, and trash from site.
- B. Leave site in clean condition, ready for subsequent work.
- C. Clean up spillage and wind-blown debris from public and private lands.

# SECTION 05 5000 METAL FABRICATIONS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

A. Shop fabricated ferrous metal items, galvanized and prime painted.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03 3000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Placement of metal fabrications in concrete.
- B. Section 09 9000 Painting and Coating: Paint finish.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A36/A36M Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel; '08.
- B. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-coated Welded and Seamless; '07.
- C. ASTM A123A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; '09.
- D. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; '09.
- E. ASTM A283/A283M Standard Specification for Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon Steel Plates; '03 (2007).
- F. ASTM A307 Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile Strength; '07b.
- G. AWS A2.0 Standard Welding Symbols.
- H. AWS D1.1/D1.1M Structural Welding Code Steel; 2015.

# 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate profiles, sizes, connection attachments, reinforcing, anchorage, size and type of fasteners, and accessories. Include erection drawings, elevations, and details where applicable.
- C. Indicate welded connections using standard AWS A2.0 welding symbols. Indicate net weld lengths.

# 1.05 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated on Drawings.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Sections: ASTM A36.
- B. Plates: ASTM A283.
- C. Pipe: ASTM A53, Grade B Schedule 40.
- D. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A307 galvanized to ASTM A153 for galvanized components.
- E. Welding Materials: AWS D1.1; type required for materials being welded.
- F. Shop and Touch-Up Primer: SSPC 15, Type 1, red oxide.

# 2.02 FABRICATION

- A. Fit and shop assemble items in largest practical sections, for delivery to site.
- B. Fabricate items with joints tightly fitted and secured.
- C. Continuously seal joined members by continuous welds.

- D. Grind exposed joints flush and smooth with adjacent finish surface. Make exposed joints butt tight, flush, and hairline. Ease exposed edges to small uniform radius.
- E. Exposed Mechanical Fastenings: Flush countersunk screws or bolts; unobtrusively located; consistent with design of component, except where specifically noted otherwise.
- F. Supply components required for anchorage of fabrications. Fabricate anchors and related components of same material and finish as fabrication, except where specifically noted otherwise.

#### 2.03 FINISHES

- A. Clean surfaces of rust, scale, grease, and foreign matter prior to finishing.
- B. Do not prime surfaces in direct contact with concrete or where field welding is required.
- C. Prime paint items with one coat.
- D. Galvanize in accordance with ASTM A123, structural steel members.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive work.
- B. Beginning of installation means erector accepts existing conditions.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and strip primed steel items to bare metal where site welding is required.
- B. Supply setting templates to the appropriate entities for steel items required to be cast into concrete or embedded in masonry.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install items plumb and level, accurately fitted, free from distortion or defects.
- B. Provide for erection loads, and for sufficient temporary bracing to maintain true alignment until completion of erection and installation of permanent attachments.
- C. Field weld components as indicated on drawings.
- D. Perform field welding in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- E. Obtain Architect/Engineer approval prior to site cutting or making adjustments not scheduled.

#### 3.04 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4-inch per story, non-cumulative.
- B. Maximum Offset From Plumb: 1/4-inch.

# **SECTION 07 9200** JOINT SEALANTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Nonsag gunnable joint sealants.
- B. Self-leveling pourable joint sealants.
- C. Joint backings and accessories.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 03 3000 - Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete floor slab and building foundation.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C834 Standard Specification for Latex Sealants; 2014.
- B. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2014.
- C. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2013.
- D. ASTM C1248 Standard Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants; 2008 (Reapproved 2012).
- E. ASTM C1311 Standard Specification for Solvent Release Sealants; 2014.
- F. SCAQMD 1168 South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule No.1168; current edition.

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data for Sealants: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheets for each product to be used, that includes the following.
  - Physical characteristics, including movement capability, VOC content, hardness, cure time, 1. and color availability.
  - 2. List of backing materials approved for use with the specific product.
  - 3. Substrates that product is known to satisfactorily adhere to and with which it is compatible.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- Non-Sag Sealants: Permits application in joints on vertical surfaces without sagging or A. slumping.
  - 1. Adhesives Technology Corporation; : www.atcepoxy.com/#sle.
  - 2 QUIKRETE Companies; \_\_\_\_\_: www.quikrete.com/#sle.
  - Sherwin-Williams Company; : www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle. 3.
  - Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS. 4
- Self-Leveling Sealants: Pourable or self-leveling sealant that has sufficient flow to form a В. smooth, level surface when applied in a horizontal joint.
  - Adhesives Technology Corporation; \_\_\_\_\_: www.atcepoxy.com/#sle. 1.
  - 2.
  - QUIKRETE Companies; \_\_\_\_\_: www.quikrete.com/#sle. Sherwin-Williams Company; \_\_\_\_\_: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle. 3.
  - Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS. 4

### 2.02 JOINT SEALANTS - GENERAL

- A. Sealants and Primers: Provide products having lower volatile organic compound (VOC) content than indicated in SCAQMD 1168.
- Silicone Sealant: FS TT-S-01543, Class A, low modulus type; color as selected; manufactured Β. by Dow Corning, General Electric, Sonneborn or approved equal.

### 2.03 ACCESSORIES

- A. Backer Rod: Cylindrical cellular foam rod with surface that sealant will not adhere to, compatible with specific sealant used, and recommended by backing and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- B. Backing Tape: Self-adhesive polyethylene tape with surface that sealant will not adhere to and recommended by tape and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- C. Masking Tape: Self-adhesive, nonabsorbent, non-staining, removable without adhesive residue, and compatible with surfaces adjacent to joints and sealants.
- D. Joint Cleaner: Non-corrosive and non-staining type, type recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- E. Primers: Type recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application; non-staining.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that joints are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that backing materials are compatible with sealants.
- C. Verify that backer rods are of the correct size.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean joints, and prime as necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.
- D. Mask elements and surfaces adjacent to joints from damage and disfigurement due to sealant work; be aware that sealant drips and smears may not be completely removable.

#### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Perform installation in accordance with ASTM C1193.
- C. Install bond breaker backing tape where backer rod cannot be used.
- D. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags, and without getting sealant on adjacent surfaces.
- E. Do not install sealant when ambient temperature is outside manufacturer's recommended temperature range, or will be outside that range during the entire curing period, unless manufacturer's approval is obtained and instructions are followed.
- F. Nonsag Sealants: Tool surface concave, unless otherwise indicated; remove masking tape immediately after tooling sealant surface.

#### 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Perform field quality control inspection/testing as specified in PART 1 under QUALITY ASSURANCE article.
- B. Remove and replace failed portions of sealants using same materials and procedures as indicated for original installation.

# SECTION 09 9000 PAINTING AND COATING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Surface preparation.
- B. Field application of paints, stains, varnishes, and other coatings.
- C. Scope: Finish all interior and exterior surfaces exposed to view, unless fully factory-finished and unless otherwise indicated, including the following:
- D. Do Not Paint or Finish the Following Items:
  - 1. Items fully factory-finished unless specifically so indicated; materials and products having factory-applied primers are not considered factory finished.
  - 2. Items indicated to receive other finishes.
  - 3. Items indicated to remain unfinished.
  - 4. Fire rating labels, equipment serial number and capacity labels, and operating parts of equipment.
  - 5. Floors, unless specifically so indicated.
  - 6. Glass.
  - 7. Concealed pipes, ducts, and conduits.
- E. See Surface Finish Schedule.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 05 5000 Metal Fabrications: Shop-primed items.
- B. Section 13 3420 Metal Building Systems: Paint all exposed non-galvanized surfaces.
- C. Section 26 0553 Electrical Identification: Painted identification.

### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. Conform to ASTM D16 for interpretation of terms used in this section.

### 1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM D2016 Test Method for Moisture Content of Wood.
- B. ASTM D16 Standard Terminology for Paint, Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications; 2014.

### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide complete list of all products to be used, with the following information for each:
  - 1. Manufacturer's name, product name and/or catalog number, and general product category (e.g. "alkyd enamel").
  - 2. MPI product number (e.g. MPI #47).
  - Cross-reference to specified paint system(s) product is to be used in; include description of each system.
- C. Samples: Submit two samples, 8 x 10 inch in size, illustrating range of colors and textures available for each surface finishing product scheduled.
- D. Submit manufacturer's application instructions.

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified, with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Applicator Qualifications: Company specializing in commercial painting and finishing approved by product manufacturer.

### 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to site in sealed and labeled containers; inspect to verify acceptability.
- B. Container Label: Include manufacturer's name, type of paint, brand name, lot number, brand code, coverage, surface preparation, drying time, cleanup requirements, color designation, and instructions for mixing and reducing.
- C. Paint Materials: Store at minimum ambient temperature of 45 degrees F and a maximum of 90 degrees F, in ventilated area, and as required by manufacturer's instructions.

#### **1.08 FIELD CONDITIONS**

- A. Do not apply materials when surface and ambient temperatures are outside the temperature ranges required by the paint product manufacturer.
- B. Follow manufacturer's recommended procedures for producing best results, including testing of substrates, moisture in substrates, and humidity and temperature limitations.
- C. Provide lighting level of 80 ft candles measured mid-height at substrate surface.

#### 1.09 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Supply 1 gallon (4L) of each color, texture, and type; store where directed.
- B. Label each container with color, texture and room locations, in addition to the manufacturer's label.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

## 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide all paint and coating products used in any individual system from the same manufacturer; no exceptions.
- B. Provide all paint and coating products from the same manufacturer to the greatest extent possible.
  - 1. In the event that a single manufacturer cannot provide all specified products, minor exceptions will be permitted provided approval by Architect is obtained using the specified procedures for substitutions.
  - 2. Substitution of other products by the same manufacturer is preferred over substitution of products by a different manufacturer.
  - 3. Substitution of a different paint system using MPI-approved products by the same manufacturer will be considered.
- C. Paints:
  - 1. Vista Paint: www.vistapaint.com.
  - 2. Benjamin Moore & Co: www.benjaminmoore.com/#sle.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle.
- D. Transparent Finishes:
  - 1. Behr Process Corporation: www.behr.com/#sle.
  - 2. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle.
  - Stains:
    - 1. Behr Process Corporation: www.behr.com/#sle.
    - 2. Sherwin-Williams Company: www.sherwin-williams.com/#sle.
  - Primer Sealers: Same manufacturer as top coats.
- G. Block Fillers: Same manufacturer as top coats.
- H. Elastomeric Paint: Vista Paint or approved equal.
- I. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS.

### 2.02 PAINTS AND COATINGS - GENERAL

A. Paints and Coatings: Ready mixed, unless intended to be a field-catalyzed coating.

- 1. Provide paints and coatings of a soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to a homogeneous coating, with good flow and brushing properties, and capable of drying or curing free of streaks or sags.
- 2. Supply each coating material in quantity required to complete entire project's work from a single production run.
- 3. Do not reduce, thin, or dilute coatings or add materials to coatings unless such procedure is specifically described in manufacturer's product instructions.
- B. Primers: As follows unless other primer is required or recommended by manufacturer of top coats; where the manufacturer offers options on primers for a particular substrate, use primer categorized as "best" by the manufacturer.
- C. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content:
  - 1. Provide coatings that comply with the most stringent requirements specified in the following:
    - a. 40 CFR 59, Subpart D--National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Architectural Coatings.
  - 2. Determination of VOC Content: Testing and calculation in accordance with 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24), exclusive of colorants added to a tint base and water added at project site; or other method acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that surfaces are ready to receive work as instructed by the product manufacturer.
- B. Examine surfaces scheduled to be finished prior to commencement of work. Report any condition that may potentially affect proper application.
- C. Test shop-applied primer for compatibility with subsequent cover materials.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly and correct defects prior to coating application.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Remove or mask surface appurtenances, including electrical plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings, prior to preparing surfaces or finishing.
- D. Seal surfaces that might cause bleed through or staining of topcoat.
- E. Remove mildew from impervious surfaces by scrubbing with solution of tetra-sodium phosphate and bleach. Rinse with clean water and allow surface to dry.

# 3.03 APPLICATION

- A. Apply products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Do not apply finishes to surfaces that are not dry. Allow applied coats to dry before next coat is applied.
- Apply each coat to uniform appearance.
- . Vacuum clean surfaces of loose particles. Use tack cloth to remove dust and particles just prior to applying next coat.
  - Reinstall electrical cover plates, hardware, light fixture trim, escutcheons, and fittings removed prior to finishing.

# 3.04 CLEANING

A. Collect waste material that could constitute a fire hazard, place in closed metal containers, and remove daily from site.

### 3.05 PROTECTION

A. Protect finished coatings until completion of project.

B. Touch-up damaged coatings after Substantial Completion.

## 3.06 SCHEDULE - EXTERIOR SURFACES

- A. Wood Transparent:
  - 1. One coat stain Olympic Stain, Semi-Transparent.
  - 2. One coat sealer As directed.
- B. Concrete, Concrete Block:
  - 1. One coat block primer Vista Paint 018, 100% Acrylic Block Filler.
  - 2. One coat primer sealer latex Vista Paint 4600 Uniprime II.
  - 3. One coat latex paint Vista Paint 3000 Acribond.
- C. Steel Unprimed:
  - 1. One coat zinc chromate primer Vista Paint 4800 Metal Pro or Carbomastic 90.
  - 2. Two coats acrylic enamel, semi-gloss Vista Paint 8400 Semi-Gloss or 7900 Premogloss or Carboline 133 VOC.
- D. Steel Shop Primed:
  - 1. Touch-up with zinc chromate primer Vista Paint 4800 Metal Pro or Carbomastic 90.
  - 2. Two coats alkyd enamel, semi-gloss Vista Paint 8400 Semi-Gloss or 7900 Premogloss or Carboline 133 VOC.
- E. Steel Galvanized (where indicated).
  - 1. Pretreatment Jasco Prep N Prime.
  - 2. One coat zinc chromate primer Vista Paint 4800 Metal Pro or Carbomastic 90.
  - 3. Two coats acrylic enamel, semi-gloss Vista Paint 8400 Semi-Gloss or 7900 Premogloss or Carboline 133 VOC.
- F. Pavement Markings:
  - 1. "Laycold Line Paint" or Vista Paint 6900 On-Line Traffic Marking Paint.

# SECTION 10 0001 MISCELLANEOUS SPECIALTIES

## PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. ADA International Symbol of Accessibility (ISA) Signs.
- B. Restroom Signs.
- C. BBQ grills.
- D. Picnic Tables.

## 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures, project meetings, progress schedules and documentation, reports, coordination.
- B. Section 01 6000 Product Requirements: Fundamental product requirements, substitutions and product options, delivery, storage, and handling.
- C. Section 01 7000 Execution Requirements: Examination, preparation, and general installation procedures; preinstallation meetings; cutting and patching; cleaning and protection; starting of systems; demonstration and instruction; closeout procedures except payment procedures; requirements for alterations work.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design, DOJ.
- B. CBC 2019 California Building Code, based on 2018 International Building Code (IBC), with California Amendments.

## 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product data, accessories, configurations and insallatin instructions..
- C. Provide Shop Drawings for signage (cast metal) indicating layout and mounting methods.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Flagpole Qualifications: Design flagpole foundation under direct supervision of a Professional Structural Engineer experienced in design of this Work and licensed the State in which the Project is located. Provide stamped and signed shop drawings for flagpole and foundation.

# 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store and protect products under provisions of Section 01 6000 - "Product Requirements".

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 MANUFACTURERS (OR APPROVED EQUAL)

- ADA International Symbol of Accessibility (ISA) Signs by STOPSignsAndMore.com (or approved equal), 2101 Las Palmas Dr. Suite A, Carlsbad, CA 92011:
  - (888)931-1793 / sales@stopsignsandmore.com.
  - 1. Model: ADA-1157, 6x6 Brushed Aluminum.
- B. Restroom Signs:
  - 1. Door Mounted Signs (ASI Sign Systems or approved equal).
    - a. Public Restroom Unisex: 12-inch diameter circle with 1/4" thick triangle superimposed within circle, white on blue plexiglass, with International symbols, screw mount.
    - b. All signs to be compliant with 2010 ADAS and 2019 CBC, including required Braille (Grade 2).
    - c. Mount as indicated.
  - 2. Wall Mounted Signs (ASI Sign Systems or approved equal).

- a. Character type to be raised 1/32-inch minimum and be sans serif uppercase characters accompanied by Grade 2 Braille (2019 CBC 11B).
  - 1) Finish to be non-glare.
  - 2) Characters shall be selected from fonts where the width of the uppercase letter "O" is 60 percent minimum and 110 percent maximum of the height of the uppercase letter "I"." and "Stroke thickness of the uppercase letter "I" shall be 10 percent minimum and 15 percent maximum of the height of the character.
- b. Public Restroom Single-User: With the International symbol of accessibility. Border dimensions of pictogram to be 6" minimum. Description ("Restroom") to be placed directly below the pictogram symbol of accessibility.
- C. BBQ Grills by RJ Thomas Manufacturing Co. Inc. (or approved equal), 5648 US-59, Cherokee, IA 51012: (800) 762-5002 / www.pilotrock.com.
  - 1. Model: ASW-24 Accessible Park Grill.
  - 2. Model: Q3-2460 B8 Large Group Multilevel Grill.
- D. Picnic Tables by Belson Outdoors (or approved equal), 111 North River Road, North Aurora, IL 60542: (800) 323-5664 / sales@belson.com.
  - 1. Model: 347S-P8 In-ground Mount Dual Pedestal Table.
    - a. Main Pedestal Column: 4"x4" power-coated commercial grade steel tubing supporting table top, extension arms, and bench seats.
    - b. Expanded steel top and benches shall be finished in impact, weather, vandal resistant and UV stabilized thermoplastic polyethylene coating. Color as selected by owner from manufacturer's color options.
  - 2. Model: 347SH-P8 In-ground Mount ADA Dual Pedestal Table.
    - a. Main Pedestal Column: 4"x4" power-coated commercial grade steel tubing supporting table top, extension arms, and bench seats.
    - b. Expanded steel top and benches shall be finished in impact, weather, vandal resistant and UV stabilized thermoplastic polyethylene coating. Color as selected by owner from manufacturer's color options.
- E. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Beginning of installation means acceptance of existing conditions.

# 3.02 ANCHORAGE

A. Furnish and install all anchorage devices required to install the item and its appurtenances, complete. Provide anchorage in ample time, when required to be built-in by other trades.

# 3.03 INSTALLATION

A. Install all items not called for to be installed by manufacturer or supplier. Install per details on drawings, manufacturer's printed installation instructions and any additional requirements specified. All wall-mounted items shall be securely fastened to solid backing or blocking.

### 3.04 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust operating devices to ensure that equipment functions smoothly.
- B. Clean all exposed surfaces.

## SECTION 10 7300 SPECIALTIES MANUFACTURERS OF PROTECTIVE COVERS

## PART1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT
  - A. SQR 30 (Square) with 16" Standing Seam Metal Roof.
  - B. ROOF SLOPE: 4/12.
  - C. Minimum Clearance Height (MCH): **7.5 in ft.** Minimum clearance height under the structure indicates the lowest height of a member from finish grade for clearance under the structure. This is generally the clearance under roof eave or frame, whichever is lower.

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. REFERENCE STANDARDS:
  - 1. AISC American Institute of Steel Construction Manual of Steel Construction.
  - 2. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials.
  - 3. AWS American Welding Society.
  - 4. LEED Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design.
  - 5. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration Steel Erection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart R-Steel Erection.
  - 6. PCI Powder Coating Institute.
  - 7. SSPC The Society for Protective Coatings.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit 4 sets of submittal drawings and 2 sets of calc books, both signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of CA.
- B. PRODUCT DESIGN REQUIREMENTS:

The building shall meet the following design requirements as shown on the drawings:

- 1. Building Code: CBC 2019.
- 2. Ground Snow Load (Pg): 5.
- 3. Basic Wind Speed (V): 110.
- 4. Seismic Design: See drawings.

#### C. SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS:

Calculations and Submittal drawings shall include, at a minimum:

- 1. Calculations:
  - a. References to building codes and design manuals used for calculations.
  - b. Identification of lateral force resisting system.
  - c. Formulas used for determining snow, wind, and seismic loads to specific project location.
  - d. Three dimensional modeling input, model geometry, and analysis results.
  - e. Member design results and controlling load combinations.
  - f. Connection design for structural bolts, welds, plate thicknesses, and anchorage to the foundation.
  - g. Foundation designs shall include the required combinations of gravity and lateral loads.
- 2. Submittal Drawings:
  - a. Anchor bolt layout.
  - b. Foundation design.
  - c. Three dimensional views of frame.
  - d. Member sizes and locations.
  - e. Structural connection details, including bolt sizes and plate thicknesses.
  - f. Roof trim and connection details for installation clarity.
- D. FOUNDATION DESIGN:
  - 1. The shelter shall be set on foundations designed by manufacturer.
  - 2. Foundation materials shall be provided by contractor.
  - 3. Owner shall provide manufacturer with complete information about the site including soil bearing capacity and lateral load capacity.
  - 4. Foundations shall be designed to the minimum values identified in the governing building code.
- E. ANCHOR BOLTS:

Anchor bolts shall be provided by manufacturer.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. MANUFACTURER QUALIFICATIONS:
  - 1. Minimum of (10) years in the shelter construction industry.
  - 2. Full time on-staff Licensed Engineer.
  - 3. Full time on-staff AWS Certified Associate Welding Inspector.
  - 4. Full time on-staff Quality Assurance Manager.
  - 5. All welders AWS Certified.
  - 6. Manufacturer owned and controlled finishing system to include shot blast, pretreatment, primer, and top coat.
- MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATONS:
  - 1. PCI 4000 S Certified, Certification thru Powder Coating Institute for original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) to evaluate process on entire finish system to add powder coat over steel.
  - 2. City of Los Angeles, CA Approved Fabricator Type I Steel.
  - 3. City of Riverside, CA Approved Fabricator Type I Steel.
  - 4. City of Phoenix, AZ Approved Steel Fabricator.

#### 1.5 FIELD OR SITE CONDITIONS

A. Foundations shall be at the same elevation unless specifically noted otherwise on the drawings.

#### 1.6 MANUFACTURER WARRANTY

- A. Shelter must have a (10) year limited warranty on steel frame members.
- B. Shelter must have a (10) year limited warranty on paint system.
- C. Pass through warranty of Metal Roof manufacturer shall be provided upon request.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SHELTER SYSTEM AND MATERIALS

- A. MANUFACTURERS (OR APPROVED EQUAL):
  - RCP Shelters, Inc. 2100 SE Rays Way Stuart, FL, 34994 (800) 525.0207 / <u>info@rcpshelters.com</u>; <u>www.rcpshelters.com</u>.
  - 2. The product shall be designed, produced, and finished at a facility operated and directly supervised by the supplier who has a minimum of (10) years in the business of making pre-manufactured shelters.
- B. Or approved equal.
- C. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- D. PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS AND MATERIALS:
  - 1. GENERAL:

The pre-engineered package shall be pre-cut unless otherwise noted and prefabricated which will include all parts necessary to field construct the shelter. The shelter shall be shipped knocked down to minimize shipping expenses. Field labor will be kept to a minimum by pre-manufactured parts. Onsite welding is not necessary.

- 2. REINFORCED CONCRETE:
  - a. Concrete shall have minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3,000 psi and slump of 4" (+/- 1"), unless otherwise noted on the drawings.
  - b. Reinforcing shall be ASTM A615, grade 60.
- 3. STEELCOLUMNS:
  - a. Hollow structural steel tube minimum ASTM A500 grade B with a minimum wall thickness of 3/16".
  - b. Unless columns are direct buried, columns shall be anchored directly to concrete foundation with a minimum of four anchor rods to meet OSHA requirement 1926.755(a)(1).
- 4. STRUCTURAL FRAMING:

Hollow Structural Steel tube minimum ASTM A500 grade B, "I" beams, tapered columns or open channels shall not be accepted for primary beams. Frame will have a **STANDARD POLI-5000** finish. Color chosen from manufacturer's standard color chart: By Owner.

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#### 5. COMPRESSION MEMBERS:

Compression Rings of structural channel or welded plate minimum ASTM A36 or compression tubes of structural steel tube minimum ASTM A500 grade B shall only be used.

- 6. CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS:
  - a. Anchor bolts shall be ASTM F1554 (Grade 36) unless otherwise noted.
  - b. Structural fasteners shall be zinc plated ASTM A325 high strength bolts and A563 high strength nuts.
  - c. Structural fasteners shall be hidden within framing members wherever possible.
  - d. No field welding shall be required to construct the shelter.
  - e. All welds shall be free of burrs and inconsistencies.
  - f. Exposed fasteners shall be powder coated by manufacturer prior to shipment to match frame or roof colors as applicable.
  - g. Manufacturer shall provide extra structural and roofing fasteners.
- 7. ROOFING MATERIALS:
  - a. PRIMARY ROOF DECK OF STANDING SEAM METAL ROOFING (SS):
    - 1) Standing seam metal roofing shall be 24 gauge galvalume 16" wide with ribs 1 3/4" high.
    - 2) Roof surface shall be painted with Kynar 500 to the manufacturer's standard color: **TBD.** Ceiling surface shall be a "wash coat" primer.
    - 3) Angles shall be cut in the field.
    - 4) Metal roofing trim shall match the color of the roof and shall be factory made of 26 gauge Kynar 500 painted steel.
    - 5) Trim shall include panel ridge caps, hip caps, eave trim, splice channels, rake trim, roof peak cap, and corner trim as applicable for model selected. Trim may need to be cut to length and notched. Installation drawings shall have detailed information on how to cut and affix roof trim.
    - 6) Ridge, hip, and valley caps shall be pre-formed with a single central bend to match the roof pitch and shall be hemmed on the sides.
    - 7) Roof peak cap shall be pre-manufactured.
    - 8) Manufacturer shall supply painted screws and butyl tape.
- 8. FINISHES:
  - a. STANDARD POLI-5000 FINISH:
    - 1) Steel shall be cleaned, pretreated and finished at a facility owned and directly supervised by the manufacturer.
    - 2) Steel shall be shot blasted to SSPC-SP10 near-white blast cleaning. SSPC-SP2 hand tool cleaning will not be an acceptable alternative.
    - 3) Parts shall be pretreated in a 3 stage iron phosphate or equal washer.
    - 4) Epoxy primer powder coat shall be applied to parts for superior corrosion protection.
    - 5) Top coat of Super Durable TGIC powder coat shall be applied over the epoxy primer.
    - 6) Finish shall not have any VOC emissions.
    - 7) Sample production parts shall have been tested and meet the following criteria:
      - a) Salt spray resistance per ASTM B 117/ ASTM D 1654 to 10,000 hours with no creep from scribe line and rating of 10.
      - b) Humidity resistance per ASTM D2247-02 to 5,000 hours with no loss of adhesion or blistering.
      - c) Color/UV resistance per ASTM G154-04 to 2,000 hours exposure, alternate cycles with results of no chalking, 75% color retention, color variation maximum 3.0 E variation CIE formula (before and after 2,000 hours exposure).

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#### SPECIALTIES MANUFACTURERS OF PROTECTIVE COVERS

- 8) The manufacturer shall be PCI 4000 S Certified.
- 9) Exposed fasteners for frame and ornamentation shall be powder coated to match structure.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLERS STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Protect building products after arrival at destination from weather, sunlight, and damage.
- B. Installer shall store product elevated to allow air circulation and to not introduce mold, fungi decay or insects to the product.
- C. Product must be handled with protective straps or padded forks if lifting with mechanical equipment. Use of chain or cable to lift product into place will not be accepted and may void manufacturer's warranty.

### 3.2 ERECTION

A. INSTALLATION:

Install all components according to manufacturer's installation instructions and these specifications.

B. TOLERANCES:

Tolerances on steel structural members are set according to AISC construction practices, abided in the factory, and cannot be increased. No field slotting or opening of holes will be allowed. It is therefore essential that contractors conform to the tolerances specified on the installation drawings for anchor bolt or column layout details.

C. OSHA COMPLIANCE: OSHA Compliance to Steel Erection Standard 29CRF 1926 Subpart R-Steel Erection.

### 3.3 REPAIR

A. Do not attempt any field changes without first contacting product manufacturer.

## 3.4 FIELD OR SITE QUALITY CONTROL

Field or Site Tests and Inspections are required by the building inspector.

# SECTION 26 0010 BASIC ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SCOPE

- A. This section supplements all sections of this division and shall apply to all phases of work hereinafter specified, shown on the drawings, or required to provide a complete installation of electrical systems for the Project. The work required under this division is not limited to the electrical specifications and drawings. Refer to all bid documents including Civil, Architectural, Structural, and Mechanical documents which may designate Work to be accomplished. The intent of the Specifications is to provide a complete and operable electrical system, which shall include all documents that are a part of the entire Project Contract.
  - 1. Work included: Furnish all labor, material, tools, equipment, facilities, transportation, skilled supervision necessary for, and incidental to, performing operations in connection with furnishing, delivery, and installation of the work in this division complete as shown or noted on the Drawings and specified herein.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Refer to all sections in the general contract conditions, Contract Requirements and Division 1, General Requirements.
- C. Work Installed but Furnished by Others:
  - 1. The electrical work includes the installation or connection of certain materials and equipment furnished by others. Verify installation details. Foundations for apparatus and equipment will be furnished by others unless otherwise noted or detailed.

#### 1.02 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Guarantee See General Conditions:
  - Except as may be specified under other Sections in the specification, guarantee equipment furnished under the specifications for a period of one year, except for equipment required to have a longer guarantee period, from date of final completion. Guarantee all work against defective workmanship, material, and improper installation. Upon notification of failure, correct deficiency immediately and without additional cost to the Owner.
  - 2. Standard warranty of manufacturer shall apply for replacement of parts after expiration of the above period. Manufacturer shall furnish replacement parts to the Owner or his service agency as approved. Furnish to the Owner, through the Architect, printed manufacturer's warranties complete with material included and expiration dates, upon completion of project. Conform to Division 01.
  - . Equipment Safety: All electrical materials and equipment shall be new and shall be listed by Underwriter's Laboratories and bear their label, or listed and certified by a nationally recognized testing authority where UL does not have an approval. Custom made equipment must have complete test data submitted by the manufacturer attesting to its safety.
- C. Codes and Regulations:
  - 1. Design, manufacturer, testing and method of installation of all apparatus and materials furnished under the requirements of these specifications shall conform to the latest publications or standard rules of the following:
    - a. Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers IEEE
    - b. National Electrical Manufacturers' Association NEMA
    - c. Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. UL
    - d. National Fire Protection Association NFPA
    - e. American Society for Testing and Materials ASTM
    - f. American National Standards Institute ANSI

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BASIC ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

- g. California Electrical Code CEC, Title 24, Part 3
- h. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Subchapter 5
- i. California Building Code-CBC, Title 24 Parts 1 &2
- j. State & Municipal Codes in Force in the Specific Project Area
- k. Occupational Safety & Health Administration OSHA
- I. California State Fire Marshal
- m. California Fire Code- CFC, Title 24 Part 9
- n. National Electrical Testing Association NETA
- 2. The term "Code", when used within the specifications, shall refer to the Publications, Standards, ordinances and codes, listed above. In the case where the codes have different levels of requirements the most stringent rules shall apply.
- D. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies:
  - 1. Codes, Permits, and Fees: Where the Contract Documents exceed minimum requirements, the Contract Documents take precedence. Where code conflicts occur, the most stringent shall apply. The most stringent condition shall be as interpreted by the Engineer.
    - a. Comply with all requirements for permits, licenses, fees and Code. Permits, licenses, fees, inspections and arrangements required for the Contractor at his expense shall obtain the Work, unless otherwise specified.
    - b. Comply with the requirements of the applicable utility companies serving the Project. Make all arrangements with the utility companies for proper coordination of the Work.
- E. NOT USED
- F. Interpretations: The Contractor through the Architect must make Requests for interpretations of drawings and specifications. Any such requests made by equipment manufacturers or suppliers will be referred to the Contractor.
- G. Standard of Quality
  - 1. The contract Drawings and Specifications establish the "MINIMUM STANDARD OF QUALITY" each product and/or system must meet to be considered acceptable. Products of other manufactures will be considered if the product and/or system meet or exceed the "MINIMUM STANDARD OF QUALITY" established by this Contract Document.
  - 2. Items for similar application shall be of the same manufacturer.
  - 3. The label of listing by UL shall appear on all materials and equipment for which standards have been established by the agency.
  - 4. Where codes as listed in Section General Requirement Section of the Specifications that establish label or approved requirements, furnish all materials and equipment with either the required labels affixed or the necessary written approval.
  - 5. Provide the type and quantity of electrical materials and equipment necessary to complete Work and all systems in operation, tested and ready for use.
  - 6. Provide and install all incidental items that belong to the Work described and which are required for complete systems.
  - 7. All switchboards, distribution boards, panel boards and circuit breakers shall be of the same manufacturer.
  - 8. All wiring devices such as switches and receptacles shall be of the same manufacturer.
- H. Substitutions: Refer to Division 01
  - Submit comprehensive material list, shop drawings and complete technical data for the following equipment and materials:
    - 1. General Requirements:
      - a. Panelboards.
        - b. Conduits
      - c. Conductors, include all selected insulation types.
      - d. Fuses
      - e. Disconnect switches and Starters.
      - f. Pullboxes, manholes and handholes.

- J. Record Drawings: Refer to Division 01, Contract Closeout.
- K. Work Responsibilities:
  - 1. The drawings indicate diagrammatically the desired locations or arrangement of conduit runs, outlets, junction boxes and equipment and are to be followed. Execute the work so as to secure the best possible installation in the available space and to overcome local difficulties due to space limitations. The Contractor is responsible for the correct placing of his work. Where conflicts occur in plans and/or specifications, the most stringent application shall apply and shall be part of the base bid.
  - 2. Locations shown on architectural plan or on wall elevations shall take precedence over electrical plan locations, but where a major conflict is evident, notify the Architect.
  - 3. In the event minor changes in the indicated locations or arrangement are necessary due to developed conditions in the building construction or rearrangement of furnishings or equipment or due to interference with other trades, such changes shall be made without extra cost.
  - 4. Verify dimensions and the correct location of Owner-Furnished equipment before proceeding with the roughing-in of connections.
  - 5. All scaled and figured dimensions are approximate of typical equipment of the class indicated. Before proceeding with work carefully check and verify dimensions and sizes with the drawings to see that the furnished equipment will fit into the spaces provided without violation of applicable Codes.
  - 6. Should any changes to the work indicated on the drawings or described in the specifications be necessary in order to comply with the above requirements, notify the Architect.
  - 7. Contractor shall be responsible for coordination of coordinated drawings when required by the Architect.
  - 8. Replace or repair, without additional compensation any work which does not comply with or which is installed in violation of any of these requirements.
- L. Installation General: For special requirements, refer to specific equipment under these requirements.
  - 1. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in the specifications, do all excavating necessary for the proper installation of the electrical work.
  - 2. Locations of Openings: Locate chases, shafts and openings required for the installation of the electrical work during framing of the structure. Do any additional cutting and patching required. Cutting or drilling in any structural member is prohibited without approval of the Architect. Furnish all access panels to make all boxes, connections and devices accessible as required by CEC.
  - Location of Sleeves: Where conduits pass through concrete walls, suspended slabs or metal deck floors, install sleeves of adequate size to permit installation of conduit.
     Sleeves shall be installed prior to pouring of concrete and shall have ends flush with the wall or extend 2 inches above floor surfaces. Verify locations.
  - 4. Wherever conduit extends through roof, install flashings in accordance with drawings and details.
  - 5. Contractor shall be responsible for cutting and patching which may be required for the proper installation of the electrical work.
  - Protect work, materials and equipment and provide adequate and proper storage facilities during the progress of the work. Storage outdoors shall be weather protected and shall include space heaters to prevent condensation. Provide for the safety and good condition of all work until final acceptance of the work. Replace all damaged or defective work, materials and equipment before requesting final acceptance.
  - 7. Conduit and Equipment to be Installed: Clean thoroughly to remove plaster, spattered paint, cement and dirt on both exterior and interior. All underground conduits shall be mandrelled prior to pulling wire.
  - 8. Conduit and Equipment to be Painted: Clean conduit exposed to view in completed structure by removing plaster and dirt. Remove grease, oil and similar material from

conduit and equipment by wiping with clean rags and suitable solvents in preparation for paint.

- 9. Items with Factory Finish: Remove cement, plaster, grease and oil, and leave surfaces, including cracks and corners, clean and polished. Touch up scratched or bare spots to match finish.
- 10. Site Cleaning: Remove from site all packing cartons, scrap materials and other rubbish on a weekly basis. Vacuum out all cabinets, switchgear and panels and junction boxes prior to pulling any conductors.
- 11. Electrical equipment and materials exposed to public and in finished areas shall be finishpainted after installation in accordance with the Painting Section. All exposed screw-type fasteners, exterior, or interior in restrooms, shall be vandal-resistant spanner type; include tool.
- M. Excavation, Cutting and Patching:
  - 1. Excavating, trenching and backfilling required for the work of this Division in accordance with the applicable requirements of Division 2. Excavating and backfilling connected with electrical work, repaving cuts and providing and maintaining protective measures for the electrical work excavation required by the governing authorities having jurisdiction shall be performed as a part of the work of this Division.
  - 2. Verify openings indicated on the drawings. Provide all cutting, patching and reinforcement of the construction of the building as required to install electrical work.
- N. NOT USED
- O. Protection: Protect finish parts of the materials and equipment against damage during the progress of the work and until final completion and acceptance. Cover materials and equipment in storage and during construction in such a manner that no finished surfaces will be damaged or marred. Keep moving parts clean, dry and lubricated.
- P. Cleaning Up:
  - 1. Upon completion of the work and at various time during the progress of the work, remove from the building all surplus materials, rubbish and debris resulting from the work of this Division.
  - 2. Thoroughly clean switchgear including busses, apparatus, exposed conduit, metal work including the exterior and interior, and accessories for the work of this Division, of cement, plaster and other deleterious materials; remove grease and oil spots with cleaning solvent; carefully wipe surfaces and scrape cracks and corners clean.
  - 3. Thoroughly polish chromium or plated work. Remove dirt and stains from lighting fixtures.
  - 4. Leave the entire installation in a clean condition.
- Q. Completion:
  - 1. The work will not be reviewed for final acceptance until operating and maintenance data, manufacturer's literature, panel directories and nameplates specified herein have been approved and properly posted or installed and final cleaning of equipment and premises has been completed.
  - 2. When the installation is complete and adjustments have been made, operate the system for a period of one week, during which time demonstrate that systems are completed and operating in conformance with the specifications.
- R. Operating and Maintenance Data: Submit complete and at one time, prior to acceptance of the installation, 4 copies of manufacturer's instructions for operation and maintenance of electrical equipment, including replacement parts lists. As specified in Division 01
- S. Inspection and Acceptance Procedures: The Architect will submit observation reports periodically during the construction phase detailing Contract deficiencies. The Contractor is responsible for making corrections immediately. Notice of Completion of the project will not be made until all items have been corrected.
- T. Final Completion of Electrical Systems:
  - 1. Prior to Final Completion of operating electrical systems, the Contractor shall:

- a. Provide materials of the type and quality specified and as necessary for proper operation, tested and ready for use.
- b. Furnish the required Operating and Maintenance Data/Manuals.
- c. Clean up of the project pertaining to this Division of the work.
- d. After installation has been completed and adjustments made, operate the system for a period of one week, during which time, demonstrate to the Architect that systems are complete and operating in conformance with Contract Documents.
- e. Conduct tests required and as specified in this Division and submit test reports and corrective actions taken.
- f. Submission of warranties and guarantees.
- 2. Final Completion of Work Shall be Contingent On:
  - a. Contractor replacing defective materials and workmanship.
  - b. Upon completion of work and adjustments made, Contractor shall conduct an operating test for each system for approval at such time as Architect directs. Conduct test in presence of authorized representative of Architect and demonstrate that systems and equipment do operate in accordance with requirements of the Contract Documents and are free from electrical and mechanical defects.
  - c. Contractor shall provide the necessary training programs and instructions to the Owner's representative. Number of hours shall be a minimum of four (4) hours for each system or days as required under separate Sections of these Specifications. Complete operation and maintenance manuals shall be provided at least two (2) weeks prior to training.
  - d. Submit copies of manufacturer's instructions and maintenance of electrical equipment including replacement parts lists. Each set shall include one set of shop drawings of equipment installed.
- U. Submittals for Change Orders: When changes are made during the construction phase, deletions and additions shall be presented in a manner that will indicate the cost of each item of material and corresponding labor. Markup shall be then added in accordance with the requirements of the General Conditions as modified by the Supplementary Conditions.
- V. The Contractor at a time convenient to the Owner shall provide instruction to the Owner's operating personnel in the proper operation and maintenance of all equipment and systems. The instructors shall have received factory training and shall be thoroughly familiar with the equipment installed. The operating personnel shall receive the number of days instruction as indicated in other sections.

## 1.03 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Record Drawings: CAD: Use a computer aided drafting (CAD) system in the preparation of record drawings for this Project. Acceptable CAD systems shall be capable of producing files in AutoCAD Version 2014 compatible DWG or DXF format. Owner's consultant will furnish CAD backgrounds for use by the Contractor after construction is 85% complete except where prohibited by Contract.

B. Record Set During the Work: At site, maintain at least one set of Drawings as a Field Record Set. Also maintain at least one copy of all Addenda, Modifications, approved submittals, correspondence, and transmittals at site. Keep Drawings and data in good order and readily available to Architect and Owner.

- Changes: Clearly and correctly mark Record Drawings to show changes made during the construction process at the time the changed work is installed. No such changes shall be made in the work unless authorized by the Architect.
- D. Final Record Drawings: Conform to Division 01 requirements.
- E. Preparation of Final Record Drawings: Contractor shall transfer recorded changes in the work indicated on the Field Record Set to the record set. Changes shall be neatly and clearly drawn and noted by skilled draftsmen, and shown technically correct.

- F. Approval: Prior to Architect's inspection for Substantial Completion, submit the Final Record Drawings to the Architect for review, and make such revisions as may be necessary for Final Record Drawings to be a true, complete, and accurate record of the work.
- G. Manuals: Obtain data from the various manufacturers and submit instruction, operation, and maintenance manuals as required and to the extent required under other Sections.
- H. At all times when the work is in progress, maintain at the workplace, fabrication shop or Project Site as applies, a complete separate, clean, undamaged set of the latest stamped, actioned submittals. As work progresses, maintain records of "as installed" conditions on this set in suitable ink or chemical fluid. Update the set daily. After successful completion of Project Site testing specified herein, and after completion of Punch List corrections, copy all records of "as installed" conditions on to originals.
- I. Quantity:
  - 1. Review sets: As for Shop and Field Drawings.
  - 2. Record set:Refer to Division 01.
- J. Content: All drawings required under "Field and Shop Drawings". Show "as installed" condition. Where room designations according to Project permanent signage differ from construction designations in the Contract Documents, show both designations.
- K. Warranty Certificates: Comply with Division 01.

### **SECTION 26 0519**

# LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Single conductor building wire.
- B. Wiring connectors.
- C. Electrical tape.
- D. Heat shrink tubing.
- E. Wire pulling lubricant.
- F. Cable ties.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 26 05 53 - Identification for Electrical Systems: Identification products and requirements.

### **1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate sizes of raceways, boxes, and equipment enclosures installed under other sections with the actual conductors to be installed, including adjustments for conductor sizes increased for voltage drop.
  - 2. Coordinate with electrical equipment installed under other sections to provide terminations suitable for use with the conductors to be installed.
  - 3. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for conductors and cables, including detailed information on materials, construction, ratings, listings, and available sizes, configurations, and stranding.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual installed circuiting arrangements. Record actual routing for underground circuits.

### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store conductors and cables in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 CONDUCTOR AND CABLE APPLICATIONS

A. Do not use conductors and cables for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.

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- B. Provide single conductor building wire installed in suitable raceway unless otherwise indicated, permitted, or required.
- C. Nonmetallic-sheathed cable is not permitted.
- D. Underground feeder and branch-circuit cable is not permitted.
- E. Service entrance cable is not permitted.
- F. Armored cable is not permitted.
- G. Metal-clad cable is not permitted.

## 2.02 CONDUCTOR AND CABLE GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide products that comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- C. Provide new conductors and cables manufactured not more than one year prior to installation.
- D. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required conduit, boxes, wiring, connectors, etc. as required for a complete operating system.
- E. Comply with NEMA WC 70.
- F. Thermoplastic-Insulated Conductors and Cables: Listed and labeled as complying with UL 83.
- G. Thermoset-Insulated Conductors and Cables: Listed and labeled as complying with UL 44.
- H. Conductor Material:
  - 1. Provide copper conductors only. Aluminum conductors are not acceptable for this project. Conductor sizes indicated are based on copper.
  - 2. Copper Conductors: Soft drawn annealed, 98 percent conductivity, uncoated copper conductors complying with ASTM B3, ASTM B8, or ASTM B787/B787M unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Tinned Copper Conductors: Comply with ASTM B33.
- I. Minimum Conductor Size:
  - 1. Branch Circuits: 12 AWG.
    - a. Exceptions:
      - 1) 20 A, 120 V circuits longer than 75 feet: 10 AWG, for voltage drop.
      - 2) 20 A, 120 V circuits longer than 150 feet: 8 AWG, for voltage drop.
      - 3) 20 A, 277 V circuits longer than 150 feet: 10 AWG, for voltage drop.
  - 2. Control Circuits: 14 AWG.
- J. Conductor Color Coding:
  - 1. Color code conductors as indicated unless otherwise required by the authority having jurisdiction. Maintain consistent color coding throughout project.
  - 2. Color Coding Method: Integrally colored insulation.
    - a. Conductors size 4 AWG and larger may have black insulation color coded using vinyl color coding electrical tape.
  - 3. Color Code:
    - a. 208Y/120 V, 3 Phase, 4 Wire System:
      - 1) Phase A: Black.
      - 2) Phase B: Red.
      - 3) Phase C: Blue.
      - 4) Neutral/Grounded: White.
    - b. Equipment Ground, All Systems: Green.

### 2.03 SINGLE CONDUCTOR BUILDING WIRE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Copper Building Wire:
    - a. Cerro Wire LLC: www.cerrowire.com/#sle.

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- b. Encore Wire Corporation: www.encorewire.com/#sle.
- c. Southwire Company: www.southwire.com/#sle.
- d. Rome Wire and Cable.
- e. Okonite Wire
- f. Pirelli Wire and Cable
- g. Carol Cable
- B. Description: Single conductor insulated wire.
- C. Conductor Stranding:
  - 1. Feeders and Branch Circuits:
    - a. Size 10 AWG and Smaller: Solid.
    - b. Size 8 AWG and Larger: Stranded.
- D. Insulation Voltage Rating: 600 V.
- E. Insulation:
  - 1. Copper Building Wire: Type THHN/THWN or THHN/THWN-2, except as indicated below.
    - a. Size 4 AWG and Larger: Type XHHW-2.
    - b. Installed Underground: Type XHHW-2.

#### 2.04 WIRING CONNECTORS

- A. Description: Wiring connectors appropriate for the application, suitable for use with the conductors to be connected, and listed as complying with UL 486A-486B or UL 486C as applicable.
- B. Wiring Connectors for Splices and Taps:
  - 1. Copper Conductors Size 8 AWG and Smaller: Use twist-on insulated spring connectors.
  - 2. Copper Conductors Size 6 AWG and Larger: Use mechanical connectors or compression connectors.
- C. Wiring Connectors for Terminations:
  - 1. Provide terminal lugs for connecting conductors to equipment furnished with terminations designed for terminal lugs.
  - 2. Provide compression adapters for connecting conductors to equipment furnished with mechanical lugs when only compression connectors are specified.
  - 3. Where over-sized conductors are larger than the equipment terminations can accommodate, provide connectors suitable for reducing to appropriate size, but not less than required for the rating of the overcurrent protective device.
  - 4. Copper Conductors Size 8 AWG and Larger: Use mechanical connectors or compression connectors where connectors are required.
- D. Do not use insulation-piercing or insulation-displacement connectors designed for use with conductors without stripping insulation.
- E. Do not use push-in wire connectors as a substitute for twist-on insulated spring connectors.
  - . Twist-on Insulated Spring Connectors: Rated 600 V, 221 degrees F for standard applications and 302 degrees F for high temperature applications; pre-filled with sealant and listed as complying with UL 486D for damp and wet locations.
- G. Mechanical Connectors: Provide bolted type or set-screw type.
- H. Compression Connectors: Provide circumferential type or hex type crimp configuration.

### 2.05 WIRING ACCESSORIES

- A. Electrical Tape:
  - 1. Vinyl Color Coding Electrical Tape: Integrally colored to match color code indicated; listed as complying with UL 510; minimum thickness of 7 mil; resistant to abrasion, corrosion, and sunlight; suitable for continuous temperature environment up to 221 degrees F.
  - 2. Vinyl Insulating Electrical Tape: Complying with ASTM D3005 and listed as complying with UL 510; minimum thickness of 7 mil; resistant to abrasion, corrosion, and sunlight;

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LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS & CABLES conformable for application down to 0 degrees F and suitable for continuous temperature environment up to 221 degrees F.

- 3. Rubber Splicing Electrical Tape: Ethylene Propylene Rubber (EPR) tape, complying with ASTM D4388; minimum thickness of 30 mil; suitable for continuous temperature environment up to 194 degrees F and short-term 266 degrees F overload service.
- 4. Electrical Filler Tape: Rubber-based insulating moldable putty, minimum thickness of 125 mil; suitable for continuous temperature environment up to 176 degrees F.
- 5. Moisture Sealing Electrical Tape: Insulating mastic compound laminated to flexible, allweather vinyl backing; minimum thickness of 90 mil.
- B. Heat Shrink Tubing: Heavy-wall, split-resistant, with factory-applied adhesive; rated 600 V; suitable for direct burial applications; listed as complying with UL 486D.
- C. Wire Pulling Lubricant: Listed; suitable for use with the conductors or cables to be installed and suitable for use at the installation temperature.
- D. Cable Ties: Material and tensile strength rating suitable for application.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that interior of building has been protected from weather.
- B. Verify that work likely to damage wire and cable has been completed.
- C. Verify that raceways, boxes, and equipment enclosures are installed and are properly sized to accommodate conductors and cables in accordance with NFPA 70.
- D. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Clean raceways thoroughly to remove foreign materials before installing conductors and cables.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Circuiting Requirements:
  - 1. Unless dimensioned, circuit routing indicated is diagrammatic.
  - 2. When circuit destination is indicated without specific routing, determine exact routing required.
  - 3. Arrange circuiting to minimize splices.
  - 4. Include circuit lengths required to install connected devices within 10 ft of location indicated.
  - 5. Circuiting Adjustments: Unless otherwise indicated, when branch circuits are indicated as separate, combining them together in a single raceway is not permitted.
  - 6. Common Neutrals: Unless otherwise indicated, sharing of neutral/grounded conductors among single phase branch circuits of different phases installed in the same raceway is not permitted. Provide dedicated neutral/grounded conductor for each individual branch circuit.
  - Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- D. Installation in Raceway:
  - 1. Tape ends of conductors and cables to prevent infiltration of moisture and other contaminants.
  - 2. Pull all conductors and cables together into raceway at same time.

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- 3. Do not damage conductors and cables or exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tension and sidewall pressure.
- 4. Use suitable wire pulling lubricant where necessary, except when lubricant is not recommended by the manufacturer.
- E. Paralleled Conductors: Install conductors of the same length and terminate in the same manner.
- F. Secure and support conductors and cables in accordance with NFPA 70 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from raceways, piping, ductwork, or other systems.
  - 1. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling support system. Do not provide support from ceiling grid or allow conductors and cables to lay on ceiling tiles.
  - 2. Installation in Vertical Raceways: Provide supports where vertical rise exceeds permissible limits.
- G. Install conductors with a minimum of 12 inches of slack at each outlet.
- H. Where conductors are installed in enclosures for future termination by others, provide a minimum of 5 feet of slack.
- I. Neatly train and bundle conductors inside boxes, wireways, panelboards and other equipment enclosures.
- J. Group or otherwise identify neutral/grounded conductors with associated ungrounded conductors inside enclosures in accordance with NFPA 70.
- K. Make wiring connections using specified wiring connectors.
  - 1. Make splices and taps only in accessible boxes. Do not pull splices into raceways or make splices in conduit bodies or wiring gutters.
  - 2. Remove appropriate amount of conductor insulation for making connections without cutting, nicking or damaging conductors.
  - 3. Do not remove conductor strands to facilitate insertion into connector.
  - 4. Clean contact surfaces on conductors and connectors to suitable remove corrosion, oxides, and other contaminates. Do not use wire brush on plated connector surfaces.
  - 5. Mechanical Connectors: Secure connections according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
  - 6. Compression Connectors: Secure connections using manufacturer's recommended tools and dies.
- L. Insulate splices and taps that are made with uninsulated connectors using methods suitable for the application, with insulation and mechanical strength at least equivalent to unspliced conductors.
  - . Dry Locations: Use insulating covers specifically designed for the connectors, electrical tape, or heat shrink tubing.
    - a. For taped connections, first apply adequate amount of rubber splicing electrical tape or electrical filler tape, followed by outer covering of vinyl insulating electrical tape.
  - 2. Damp Locations: Use insulating covers specifically designed for the connectors, electrical tape, or heat shrink tubing.
    - a. For connections with insulating covers, apply outer covering of moisture sealing electrical tape.
    - b. For taped connections, follow same procedure as for dry locations but apply outer covering of moisture sealing electrical tape.
  - 3. Wet Locations: Use heat shrink tubing.
- M. Insulate ends of spare conductors using vinyl insulating electrical tape.
- N. Field-Applied Color Coding: Where vinyl color coding electrical tape is used in lieu of integrally colored insulation as permitted in Part 2 under "Color Coding", apply half overlapping turns of tape at each termination and at each location conductors are accessible.

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- O. Identify conductors and cables in accordance with Section 26 05 53.
- P. Install firestopping to preserve fire resistance rating of partitions and other elements, using materials and methods specified in Section Firestopping.
- Q. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide final connections to all equipment and devices, including those furnished by others, as required for a complete operating system.

#### 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS, except Section 4.
- B. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.3.2. The insulation resistance test is required for all conductors. The resistance test for parallel conductors listed as optional is not required.
- C. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective conductors and cables.

September 2020

# **SECTION 26 0526**

## GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Grounding and bonding requirements.
- B. Conductors for grounding and bonding.
- C. Connectors for grounding and bonding.
- D. Ground rod electrodes.

#### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. IEEE 81 IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance, and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System; 2012.
- B. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- C. NEMA GR 1 Grounding Rod Electrodes and Grounding Rod Electrode Couplings; 2007.
- D. NETA ATS Acceptance Testing Specifications for Electrical Power Equipment and Systems; 2013.
- E. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- F. UL 467 Grounding and Bonding Equipment; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Verify exact locations of underground metal water service pipe entrances to building.
  - 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide steel reinforcement complying with specified requirements for concrete-encased electrode.
  - 3. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.
- B. Sequencing:
  - 1. Do not install ground rod electrodes until final backfill and compaction is complete.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for grounding and bonding system components.
- B. Field quality control test reports.
- C. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of grounding electrode system components and connections.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- C. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

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### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 GROUNDING AND BONDING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- B. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required components, conductors, connectors, conduit, boxes, fittings, supports, accessories, etc. as necessary for a complete grounding and bonding system.
- C. Where conductor size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.
- D. Grounding System Resistance:
  - 1. Achieve specified grounding system resistance under normally dry conditions unless otherwise approved by Architect. Precipitation within the previous 48 hours does not constitute normally dry conditions.
  - 2. Grounding Electrode System: Not greater than 25 ohms to ground, when tested according to IEEE 81 using "fall-of-potential" method.
- E. Grounding Electrode System:
  - 1. Provide connection to required and supplemental grounding electrodes indicated to form grounding electrode system.
    - a. Provide continuous grounding electrode conductors without splice or joint.
    - b. Install grounding electrode conductors in raceway where exposed to physical damage. Bond grounding electrode conductor to metallic raceways at each end with bonding jumper.
  - 2. Metal Underground Water Pipe(s):
    - a. Provide connection to underground metal domestic and fire protection (where present) water service pipe(s) that are in direct contact with earth for at least 10 feet at an accessible location not more than 5 feet from the point of entrance to the building.
    - b. Provide bonding jumper(s) around insulating joints/pipes as required to make pipe electrically continuous.
    - c. Provide bonding jumper around water meter of sufficient length to permit removal of meter without disconnecting jumper.
  - 3. Metal In-Ground Support Structure:
    - a. Provide connection to metal in-ground support structure that is in direct contact with earth in accordance with NFPA 70.
  - 4. Concrete-Encased Electrode:
    - a. Provide connection to concrete-encased electrode consisting of not less than 20 feet of either steel reinforcing bars or bare copper conductor not smaller than 4 AWG embedded within concrete foundation or footing that is in direct contact with earth in accordance with NFPA 70.
  - 5. Provide additional ground electrode(s) as required to achieve specified grounding electrode system resistance.

Grounding for Separate Building or Structure Supplied by Feeder(s) or Branch Circuits:

- 1. Provide grounding electrode system for each separate building or structure.
- 2. Provide equipment grounding conductor routed with supply conductors.
- 3. For each disconnecting means, provide grounding electrode conductor to connect equipment ground bus to grounding electrode system.
- 4. Do not make any connections and remove any factory-installed jumpers between neutral (grounded) conductors and ground.

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- G. NOT USED
- H. Bonding and Equipment Grounding:
  - 1. Provide bonding for equipment grounding conductors, equipment ground busses, metallic equipment enclosures, metallic raceways and boxes, device grounding terminals, and other normally non-current-carrying conductive materials enclosing electrical conductors/equipment or likely to become energized as indicated and in accordance with NFPA 70.
  - 2. Provide insulated equipment grounding conductor in each feeder and branch circuit raceway. Do not use raceways as sole equipment grounding conductor.
  - 3. Where circuit conductor sizes are increased for voltage drop, increase size of equipment grounding conductor proportionally in accordance with NFPA 70.
  - 4. Unless otherwise indicated, connect wiring device grounding terminal to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor and to outlet box with bonding jumper.
  - 5. Terminate branch circuit equipment grounding conductors on solidly bonded equipment ground bus only. Do not terminate on neutral (grounded) or isolated/insulated ground bus.
  - 6. Provide bonding jumper across expansion or expansion/deflection fittings provided to accommodate conduit movement.

## 2.02 GROUNDING AND BONDING COMPONENTS

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
  - 2. Provide products listed and labeled as complying with UL 467 where applicable.
- B. Conductors for Grounding and Bonding, in Addition to Requirements of Section 26 05 26:
  - 1. Use insulated copper conductors unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Exceptions:
      - 1) Use bare copper conductors where installed underground in direct contact with earth.
      - 2) Use bare copper conductors where directly encased in concrete (not in raceway).
- C. Connectors for Grounding and Bonding:
  - 1. Description: Connectors appropriate for the application and suitable for the conductors and items to be connected; listed and labeled as complying with UL 467.
  - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, use exothermic welded connections for underground, concealed and other inaccessible connections.
  - 3. Unless otherwise indicated, use mechanical connectors, compression connectors, or exothermic welded connections for accessible connections.
- D. Ground Rod Electrodes:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA GR 1.
  - 2. Material: Copper-bonded (copper-clad) steel.
  - 3. Size: 3/4 inch diameter by 10 feet length, unless otherwise indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that work likely to damage grounding and bonding system components has been completed.
- B. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

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GROUNDING & BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Ground Rod Electrodes: Unless otherwise indicated, install ground rod electrodes vertically. Where encountered rock prohibits vertical installation, install at 45 degree angle or bury horizontally in trench at least 30 inches (750 mm) deep in accordance with NFPA 70 or provide ground plates.
- D. Make grounding and bonding connections using specified connectors.
  - 1. Remove appropriate amount of conductor insulation for making connections without cutting, nicking or damaging conductors. Do not remove conductor strands to facilitate insertion into connector.
  - 2. Remove nonconductive paint, enamel, or similar coating at threads, contact points, and contact surfaces.
  - 3. Exothermic Welds: Make connections using molds and weld material suitable for the items to be connected in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  - 4. Mechanical Connectors: Secure connections according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
  - 5. Compression Connectors: Secure connections using manufacturer's recommended tools and dies.
- E. Identify grounding and bonding system components in accordance with Section 26 05 53.

#### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect and test in accordance with NETA ATS except Section 4.
- B. Perform inspections and tests listed in NETA ATS, Section 7.13.
- C. Perform ground electrode resistance tests under normally dry conditions. Precipitation within the previous 48 hours does not constitute normally dry conditions.
- D. Investigate and correct deficiencies where measured ground resistances do not comply with specified requirements.

#### **SECTION 26 0529**

### HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Support and attachment requirements and components for equipment, conduit, cable, boxes, and other electrical work.

#### 1.02 NOT USED

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2015.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2016a.
- C. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2015.
- D. MFMA-4 Metal Framing Standards Publication; 2004.
- E. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.

#### 1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with the actual equipment and components to be installed.
  - 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
  - 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at the installed locations.
  - 4. Coordinate the arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
  - 5. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for channel (strut) framing systems, non-penetrating rooftop supports, and post-installed concrete and masonry anchors.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include details for fabricated hangers and supports where materials or methods other than those indicated are proposed for substitution.

### **1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Comply with NFPA 70.
- B. Comply with applicable building code.

### 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Receive, inspect, handle, and store products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

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HANGERS & SUPPORTERS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 SUPPORT AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Provide all required hangers, supports, anchors, fasteners, fittings, accessories, and hardware as necessary for the complete installation of electrical work.
  - 2. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended, where applicable.
  - 3. Where support and attachment component types and sizes are not indicated, select in accordance with manufacturer's application criteria as required for the load to be supported with a minimum safety factor of 5 times the applied force. Include consideration for vibration, equipment operation, and shock loads where applicable.
  - 4. Do not use products for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
  - 5. Do not use wire, chain, perforated pipe strap, or wood for permanent supports unless specifically indicated or permitted.
  - 6. Steel Components: Use corrosion resistant materials suitable for the environment where installed.
    - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use zinc-plated steel or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
    - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel, stainless steel, or approved equivalent unless otherwise indicated.
    - c. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633.
    - d. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M.
- B. Conduit and Cable Supports: Straps, clamps, etc. suitable for the conduit or cable to be supported.
  - 1. Conduit Straps: two-hole type; steel or malleable iron.
  - 2. Conduit Clamps: Bolted type unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Outlet Box Supports: Hangers, brackets, etc. suitable for the boxes to be supported.
- D. Metal Channel (Strut) Framing Systems: Factory-fabricated continuous-slot metal channel (strut) and associated fittings, accessories, and hardware required for field-assembly of supports.
  - 1. Comply with MFMA-4.
  - 2. Channel Material:
    - a. Indoor Dry Locations: Use painted steel, zinc-plated steel, or galvanized steel.
    - b. Outdoor and Damp or Wet Indoor Locations: Use galvanized steel.
- E. Hanger Rods: Threaded zinc-plated steel unless otherwise indicated.
  - Anchors and Fasteners:
    - 1. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use the anchor and fastener types indicated for the specified applications.
    - 2. New Concrete: Use preset concrete inserts.
    - 3. Existing Concrete: Use expansion anchors.
    - 4. Solid or Grout-Filled Masonry: Use expansion anchors.
    - 5. Hollow Masonry: Use toggle bolts.
    - 6. Hollow Stud Walls: Use toggle bolts.
    - 7. Steel: Use welded threaded studs complying with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, with lock washers and nuts or Beam clamps (MSS Type 19, 21, 23, 25, or 27) complying with MSS SP-69.
    - 8. Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
    - 9. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes,

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transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate by means that meet seismic-restraint strength and anchorage requirements.

- 10. Preset Concrete Inserts: Continuous metal channel (strut) and spot inserts specifically designed to be cast in concrete ceilings, walls, and floors.
  - a. Comply with MFMA-4.
  - b. Channel Material: Use galvanized steel.
  - c. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of metal channel (strut) framing system,

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Architect, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.
- E. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Architect, do not provide support from roof deck.
- F. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- G. Equipment Support and Attachment:
  - 1. Use metal fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel (strut) to support equipment as required.
  - 2. Use metal channel (strut) secured to studs to support equipment surface-mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
  - 3. Use metal channel (strut) to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
  - 4. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- I. Secure fasteners according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.
- J. Remove temporary supports.

### 3.03 NOT USED

### 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect support and attachment components for damage and defects.
- B. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- C. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective support and attachment components.

### END OF SECTION

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# SECTION 26 0533.13 CONDUIT FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC).
- B. Liquidtight flexible metal conduit (LFMC).
- C. Electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- D. Rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit.
- E. Conduit fittings.
- F. Accessories.

# 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI C80.1 American National Standard for Electrical Rigid Steel Conduit (ERSC); 2015.
- B. ANSI C80.3 American National Standard for Electrical Metallic Tubing -- Steel (EMT-S); 2015.
- C. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- D. NECA 101 Standard for Installing Steel Conduits (Rigid, IMC, EMT); 2013.
- E. NECA 111 Standard for Installing Nonmetallic Raceways (RNC, ENT, LFNC); 2003.
- F. NEMA FB 1 Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- G. NEMA RN 1 Polyvinyl-Chloride (PVC) Externally Coated Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit and Intermediate Metal Conduit; 2005 (R2013).
- H. NEMA TC 2 Electrical Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Conduit; 2013.
- I. NEMA TC 3 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Fittings for Use with Rigid PVC Conduit and Tubing; 2015.
- J. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- L. UL 6 Electrical Rigid Metal Conduit-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- M. UL 360 Liquid-Tight Flexible Steel Conduit; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- N. UL 514B Conduit, Tubing, and Cable Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- O. UL 651 Schedule 40, 80, Type EB and A Rigid PVC Conduit and Fittings; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- P. UL 797 Electrical Metallic Tubing-Steel; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

# A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate minimum sizes of conduits with the actual conductors to be installed, including adjustments for conductor sizes increased for voltage drop.
- 2. Coordinate the arrangement of conduits with structural members, ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
- 3. Verify exact conduit termination locations required for boxes, enclosures, and equipment installed under other sections or by others.
- 4. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide roof penetrations that preserve the integrity of the roofing system and do not void the roof warranty.
- 5. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

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CONDUIT FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

#### B. Sequencing:

1. Do not begin installation of conductors and cables until installation of conduit is complete between outlet, junction and splicing points.

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for conduits and fittings.
- B. Project Record Documents: Record actual routing for conduits installed underground and conduits 2 inch (53 mm) trade size and larger.

#### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 CONDUIT APPLICATIONS

- A. Do not use conduit and associated fittings for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated and where not otherwise restricted, use the conduit types indicated for the specified applications. Where more than one listed application applies, comply with the most restrictive requirements. Where conduit type for a particular application is not specified, use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- C. Underground:

E.

- 1. Under Slab on Grade: Use rigid PVC conduit.
- 2. Exterior, Direct-Buried: Use rigid PVC conduit.
- 3. Where rigid polyvinyl (PVC) conduit is provided, transition to galvanized steel rigid metal conduit where emerging from underground.
- 4. Where rigid polyvinyl (PVC) conduit larger than 2 inch (53 mm) trade size is provided, use PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit elbows for bends.
- 5. Where steel conduit is installed in direct contact with earth where soil has a resistivity of less than 2000 ohm-centimeters or is characterized as severely corrosive based on soils report or local experience, use corrosion protection tape to provide supplementary corrosion protection or use PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- 6. Where steel conduit emerges from concrete into soil, use corrosion protection tape to provide supplementary corrosion protection for a minimum of 4 inches on either side of where conduit emerges or use PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- Concealed Within Hollow Stud Walls: Use electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- Concealed Above Accessible Ceilings: Use electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
- G. Interior, Damp or Wet Locations: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
  - Exposed, Interior, Not Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit or electrical metallic tubing (EMT).
  - Exposed, Interior, Subject to Physical Damage: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
    - 1. Locations subject to physical damage include, but are not limited to:
      - a. Where exposed below 8 feet, except within electrical and communication rooms or closets.
- J. Exposed, Exterior: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.

- K. Concealed, Exterior, Not Embedded in Concrete or in Contact With Earth: Use galvanized steel rigid metal conduit.
- L. Connections to Luminaires Above Accessible Ceilings: Use flexible metal conduit.
- 1. Maximum Length: 6 feet.
- M. Connections to Vibrating Equipment:
  - 1. Dry Locations: Use flexible metal conduit.
  - 2. Damp, Wet, or Corrosive Locations: Use liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
  - 3. Maximum Length: 6 feet unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Vibrating equipment includes, but is not limited to:
    - a. Transformers.
    - b. Motors.
- N. Fished in Existing Walls, Where Necessary: Use flexible metal conduit.

## 2.02 CONDUIT REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide all conduit, fittings, supports, and accessories required for a complete raceway system.
- B. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- C. Minimum Conduit Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated;
  - 1. Branch Circuits: 3/4 inch (21 mm) trade size.
  - 2. Branch Circuit Homeruns: 3/4 inch (21 mm) trade size.
  - 3. Control Circuits: 1/2 inch (16 mm) trade size.
  - 4. Flexible Connections to Luminaires: 3/8 inch (12 mm) trade size.
  - 5. Underground, Exterior: 1 inch (27 mm) trade size.
- D. Where conduit size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.

# 2.03 GALVANIZED STEEL RIGID METAL CONDUIT (RMC)

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type RMC galvanized steel rigid metal conduit complying with ANSI C80.1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 6.
- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Non-Hazardous Locations: Use fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
  - 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
  - 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use threaded type fittings only. Threadless set screw and compression (gland) type fittings are not permitted.

# 2.04 NOT USED

2.05 NOT USED

# 2.06 LIQUIDTIGHT FLEXIBLE METAL CONDUIT (LFMC)

Description: NFPA 70, Type LFMC polyvinyl chloride (PVC) jacketed steel flexible metal conduit listed and labeled as complying with UL 360.

### Fittings:

- 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
- 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.

# 2.07 ELECTRICAL METALLIC TUBING (EMT)

A. Description: NFPA 70, Type EMT steel electrical metallic tubing complying with ANSI C80.3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 797.

- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA FB 1 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 514B.
  - 2. Material: Use steel or malleable iron.
  - 3. Connectors and Couplings: Use compression (gland) or set-screw type.
    - a. Do not use indenter type connectors and couplings.

# 2.08 RIGID POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) CONDUIT

- A. Description: NFPA 70, Type PVC rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit complying with NEMA TC 2 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; Schedule 40 unless otherwise indicated, Schedule 80 where subject to physical damage; rated for use with conductors rated 90 degrees C.
- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturer: Same as manufacturer of conduit to be connected.
  - 2. Description: Fittings complying with NEMA TC 3 and listed and labeled as complying with UL 651; material to match conduit.

# 2.09 ACCESSORIES

- A. Corrosion Protection Tape: PVC-based, minimum thickness of 20 mil.
- B. Conduit Joint Compound: Corrosion-resistant, electrically conductive; suitable for use with the conduit to be installed.
- C. Solvent Cement for PVC Conduit and Fittings: As recommended by manufacturer of conduit and fittings to be installed.
- D. Pull Strings: Use nylon cord with average breaking strength of not less than 200 pound-force.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Install galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) in accordance with NECA 101.
- D. Install PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) using only tools approved by the manufacturer.
- E. Install rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit in accordance with NECA 111.
- F. Conduit Routing:
  - 1. Unless dimensioned, conduit routing indicated is diagrammatic.
  - 2. When conduit destination is indicated without specific routing, determine exact routing required.
  - 3. Conceal all conduits unless specifically indicated to be exposed.
  - 4. Conduits installed underground or embedded in concrete may be routed in the shortest possible manner unless otherwise indicated. Route all other conduits parallel or perpendicular to building structure and surfaces, following surface contours where practical.
  - 5. Arrange conduit to maintain adequate headroom, clearances, and access.
  - 6. Arrange conduit to provide no more than the equivalent of four 90 degree bends between pull points.
  - 7. Arrange conduit to provide no more than 150 feet between pull points.
  - 8. Route conduits above water and drain piping where possible.
  - 9. Arrange conduit to prevent moisture traps. Provide drain fittings at low points and at sealing fittings where moisture may collect.

- 10. Maintain minimum clearance of 6 inches between conduits and piping for other systems.
- 11. Maintain minimum clearance of 12 inches between conduits and hot surfaces. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Heaters.
  - b. Hot water piping.
  - c. Flues.
- 12. Group parallel conduits in the same area together on a common rack.
- G. Conduit Support:
  - 1. Secure and support conduits in accordance with NFPA 70 and Section 26 05 29 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
  - 3. Installation Above Suspended Ceilings: Do not provide support from ceiling support system. Do not provide support from ceiling grid or allow conduits to lay on ceiling tiles.
  - 4. Use conduit strap to support single surface-mounted conduit.
    - a. Use clamp back spacer with conduit strap for damp and wet locations to provide space between conduit and mounting surface.
  - 5. Use metal channel (strut) with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel surface-mounted conduits.
  - 6. Use conduit clamp to support single conduit from beam clamp or threaded rod.
  - 7. Use trapeze hangers assembled from threaded rods and metal channel (strut) with accessory conduit clamps to support multiple parallel suspended conduits.
  - 8. Use non-penetrating rooftop supports to support conduits routed across rooftops (only where approved).
  - 9. Use of spring steel conduit clips for support of conduits is not permitted.
  - 10. Use of wire for support of conduits is not permitted.
- H. Connections and Terminations:
  - 1. Use approved zinc-rich paint or conduit joint compound on field-cut threads of galvanized steel conduits prior to making connections.
  - 2. Where two threaded conduits must be joined and neither can be rotated, use three-piece couplings or split couplings. Do not use running threads.
  - 3. Use suitable adapters where required to transition from one type of conduit to another.
  - 4. Provide drip loops for liquidtight flexible conduit connections to prevent drainage of liquid into connectors.
  - 5. Terminate threaded conduits in boxes and enclosures using threaded hubs or double lock nuts for dry locations and raintight hubs for wet locations.
  - 6. Provide insulating bushings or insulated throats at all conduit terminations to protect conductors.
  - 7. Secure joints and connections to provide maximum mechanical strength and electrical continuity.
  - Penetrations:
    - 1. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members, including footings and grade beams, without approval of Structural Engineer.
    - 2. Make penetrations perpendicular to surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
    - 3. Provide sleeves for penetrations as indicated or as required to facilitate installation. Set sleeves flush with exposed surfaces unless otherwise indicated or required.
    - 4. Conceal bends for conduit risers emerging above ground.
    - 5. Seal interior of conduits entering the building from underground at first accessible point to prevent entry of moisture and gases.
    - 6. Where conduits penetrate waterproof membrane, seal as required to maintain integrity of membrane.
    - 7. Make penetrations for roof-mounted equipment within associated equipment openings and curbs where possible to minimize roofing system penetrations. Where penetrations are necessary, seal as indicated or as required to preserve integrity of roofing system and

maintain roof warranty. Include proposed locations of penetrations and methods for sealing with submittals.

- J. Underground Installation:
  - 1. Minimum Cover, Unless Otherwise Indicated or Required:
    - a. Underground, Exterior: 24 inches.
    - b. Under Slab on Grade: 12 inches to bottom of slab.
  - 2. Provide underground warning tape in accordance with Section 26 05 53 along entire conduit length.
- L. Conduit Movement Provisions: Where conduits are subject to movement, provide expansion and expansion/deflection fittings to prevent damage to enclosed conductors or connected equipment. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - 1. Where conduits cross structural joints intended for expansion, contraction, or deflection.
  - 2. Where calculated in accordance with NFPA 70 for rigid polyvinyl chloride (PVC) conduit installed above ground to compensate for thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 3. Where conduits are subject to earth movement by settlement or frost.
- M. Condensation Prevention: Where conduits cross barriers between areas of potential substantial temperature differential, provide sealing fitting or approved sealing compound at an accessible point near the penetration to prevent condensation. This includes, but is not limited to:
  - 1. Where conduits pass from outdoors into conditioned interior spaces.
  - 2. Where conduits pass from unconditioned interior spaces into conditioned interior spaces.
- N. Provide pull string in all empty conduits and in conduits where conductors and cables are to be installed by others. Leave minimum slack of 12 inches at each end.
- O. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 26 05 26.
- P. Identify conduits in accordance with Section 26 05 53.

### 3.02 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- B. Where coating of PVC-coated galvanized steel rigid metal conduit (RMC) contains cuts or abrasions, repair in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective conduits.



#### 3.03 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of conduits to remove moisture and foreign matter.

### 3.04 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after installation of conduit, use suitable manufactured plugs to provide protection from entry of moisture and foreign material and do not remove until ready for installation of conductors.

# SECTION 26 0533.16 BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Device boxes up to 100 cubic inches, including those used as junction and pull boxes.
- B. Cabinets and enclosures, including junction and pull boxes larger than 100 cubic inches.

### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. NECA 1 Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction; 2015.
- B. NECA 130 Standard for Installing and Maintaining Wiring Devices; 2010.
- C. NEMA FB 1 Fittings, Cast Metal Boxes, and Conduit Bodies for Conduit, Electrical Metallic Tubing, and Cable; 2014.
- D. NEMA OS 1 Sheet-Steel Outlet Boxes, Device Boxes, Covers, and Box Supports; 2013.
- E. NEMA 250 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum); 2014.
- F. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code; Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- G. UL 50 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Non-Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- H. UL 50E Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, Environmental Considerations; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- I. UL 508A Industrial Control Panels; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- J. UL 514A Metallic Outlet Boxes; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

# 1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate the work with other trades to avoid placement of ductwork, piping, equipment, or other potential obstructions within the dedicated equipment spaces and working clearances for electrical equipment required by NFPA 70.
  - 2. Coordinate arrangement of electrical equipment with the dimensions and clearance requirements of the actual equipment to be installed.
  - 3. Coordinate minimum sizes of boxes with the actual installed arrangement of conductors, clamps, support fittings, and devices, calculated according to NFPA 70.
  - 4. Coordinate minimum sizes of pull boxes with the actual installed arrangement of connected conduits, calculated according to NFPA 70.
  - 5. Coordinate the placement of boxes with millwork, furniture, devices, equipment, etc. installed under other sections or by others.
  - 6. Coordinate the work with other trades to preserve insulation integrity.
  - 8. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from the contract documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.

# 1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for floor boxes and underground boxes/enclosures.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.

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### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 BOXES

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Do not use boxes and associated accessories for applications other than as permitted by NFPA 70 and product listing.
  - 2. Provide all boxes, fittings, supports, and accessories required for a complete raceway system and to accommodate devices and equipment to be installed.
  - 3. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
  - 4. Where box size is not indicated, size to comply with NFPA 70 but not less than applicable minimum size requirements specified.
  - 5. Provide grounding terminals within boxes where equipment grounding conductors terminate.
- B. Device Boxes Up to 100 cubic inches, Including Those Used as Junction and Pull Boxes:
  - 1. Use sheet-steel boxes for dry locations unless otherwise indicated or required.
  - 2. Use cast iron boxes or cast aluminum boxes for damp or wet locations unless otherwise indicated or required; furnish with compatible weatherproof gasketed covers.
  - 5. Use raised covers suitable for the type of wall construction and device configuration where required.
  - 6. Use shallow boxes where required by the type of wall construction.
  - 7. Do not use "through-wall" boxes designed for access from both sides of wall.
  - 8. Sheet-Steel Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A.
  - 9. Cast Metal Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, and list and label as complying with UL 514A; furnish with threaded hubs.
  - 11. Boxes for Ganged Devices: Use multigang boxes of single-piece construction. Do not use field-connected gangable boxes unless specifically indicated or permitted.
  - 12. Minimum Box Size, Unless Otherwise Indicated;
    - a. Wiring Devices (Other Than Communications Systems Outlets): 4 inch square by 1-1/2 inch deep (100 by 38 mm) trade size.
    - b. Communications Systems Outlets: 4 inch square by 2-1/8 inch (100 by 54 mm) trade size.
    - c. Ceiling Outlets: 4 inch octagonal or square by 1-1/2 inch deep (100 by 38 mm) trade size.
- C. Cabinets and Enclosures, Including Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches:
  - 1. Comply with NEMA 250, and list and label as complying with UL 50 and UL 50E, or UL 508A.
  - 2. NEMA 250 Environment Type, Unless Otherwise Indicated:
  - 3. Junction and Pull Boxes Larger Than 100 cubic inches:
    - a. Provide screw-cover or hinged-cover enclosures unless otherwise indicated.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 INSTALLATION

- Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install boxes in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship) and, where applicable, NECA 130, including mounting heights specified in those standards where mounting heights are not indicated.
- C. Arrange equipment to provide minimum clearances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NFPA 70.
- D. Provide separate boxes for emergency power and normal power systems.

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- E. Unless otherwise indicated, provide separate boxes for line voltage and low voltage systems.
- G. Box Locations:
  - 1. Locate boxes to be accessible. Provide access panels in accordance with Section Access Panels as required where approved by the Architect.
  - 2. Unless dimensioned, box locations indicated are approximate.
  - Locate boxes as required for devices installed under other sections or by others.
    a. Switches, Receptacles, and Other Wiring Devices: Comply with Section 26 27 26.
  - 4. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not span different building finishes.
  - 5. Locate boxes so that wall plates do not cross masonry joints.
  - 6. Unless otherwise indicated, where multiple outlet boxes are installed at the same location at different mounting heights, install along a common vertical center line.
  - 10. Locate junction and pull boxes as indicated, as required to facilitate installation of conductors, and to limit conduit length and/or number of bends between pulling points in accordance with Section 26 05 33.13.
  - 11. Locate junction and pull boxes in the following areas, unless otherwise indicated or approved by the Architect:
    - a. Concealed above accessible suspended ceilings.
    - b. Within joists in areas with no ceiling.
    - c. Electrical rooms.
    - d. Mechanical equipment rooms.
- H. Box Supports:
  - 1. Secure and support boxes in accordance with NFPA 70 and Section 26 05 29 using suitable supports and methods approved by the authority having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide independent support from building structure except for cast metal boxes (other than boxes used for fixture support) supported by threaded conduit connections in accordance with NFPA 70. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, or other systems.
- I. Install boxes plumb and level.
- K. Install boxes as required to preserve insulation integrity.
- L. Install permanent barrier between ganged wiring devices when voltage between adjacent devices exceeds 300 V.
- N. Close unused box openings.
- O. Install blank wall plates on junction boxes and on outlet boxes with no devices or equipment installed or designated for future use.
- P. Provide grounding and bonding in accordance with Section 26 05 26.

### 3.02 CLEANING

A

Clean interior of boxes to remove dirt, debris, plaster and other foreign material.

### 3.03 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after installation, protect boxes from entry of moisture and foreign material until ready for installation of conductors.

# SECTION 31 1000 SITE CLEARING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Clearing and protection of vegetation.
- B. Removal of existing debris.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control.
- B. Section 01 7000 Execution Requirements: Project conditions; protection of bench marks, survey control points, and existing construction to remain; reinstallation of removed products.
- C. Section 01 7419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal: Limitations on disposal of removed materials; requirements for recycling.
- D. Section 31 2200 Grading: Fill material for filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal operations.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill: Filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal operations.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 MATERIALS

A. Fill Material: As specified in Section 31 2200 - Grading

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 SITE CLEARING

- A. Comply with other requirements specified in Section 01 7000.
- B. Minimize production of dust due to clearing operations; do not use water if that will result in ice, flooding, sedimentation of public waterways or storm sewers, or other pollution.

### 3.02 VEGETATION

- A. Do not remove or damage vegetation beyond the limits indicated on drawings.
- B. Install substantial, highly visible fences at least 3 feet high to prevent inadvertent damage to vegetation to remain:
  - 1. At vegetation removal limits.
- C. In areas where vegetation must be removed but no construction will occur other than pervious paving, remove vegetation with minimum disturbance of the subsoil.
- D. Vegetation Removed: Do not burn, bury, landfill, or leave on site, except as indicated.
  - 1. Chip, grind, crush, or shred vegetation for mulching, composting, or other purposes; preference should be given to on-site uses.
  - 2. Trees: Sell if marketable; if not, treat as specified for other vegetation removed; remove stumps and roots to depth of 18 inches.
  - 3. Sod: Re-use on site if possible; otherwise sell if marketable, and if not, treat as specified for other vegetation removed.
  - Restoration: If vegetation outside removal limits or within specified protective fences is damaged or destroyed due to subsequent construction operations, replace at no cost to Owner.

# 3.03 DEBRIS

- A. Remove debris, junk, and trash from site.
- B. Leave site in clean condition, ready for subsequent work.
- C. Clean up spillage and wind-blown debris from public and private lands.

# SECTION 31 2200 GRADING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Removal of topsoil and subsoil.
- B. Cutting, grading, filling and rough contouring the site.
- C. Finish Grading.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 4500 Quality Control: Testing fill compaction.
- B. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control.
- C. Section 31 1000 Site Clearing.
- D. Section 31 2316 Excavation.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ANSI/ASTM D1557 Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures Using 10-lb Rammer and 18-inch Drop; '07.
- B. CBC 2019 California Building Code, based on 2018 International Building Code (IBC), with California Amendments.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Samples: Submit 10-lb sample of each type of fill to testing laboratory, in air-tight containers.

#### 1.05 PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

A. Accurately record actual locations of utilities remaining, by horizontal dimensions, elevations or inverts, and slope gradients.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. All grading shall be performed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the CBC.

### 2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Topsoil: Excavated material, graded, free of roots, rocks larger than 1-inch, subsoil, debris and large weeds.
- B. Subsoil: Excavated material, graded, free of lumps larger than 6-inches, rocks larger than 3-inches and debris.
- C. Granular Fill: Type A.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify site conditions.
- B. Verify that survey benchmark and intended elevations for the work are as indicated.

### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours and datum.
- B. Identify known underground, above ground, and aerial utilities. Stake and flag locations.
- C. Notify utility company to remove, rebuild and relocate utilities.

- D. Protect above and below grade utilities which are to remain.
- E. Protect bench marks, existing structures, sidewalks, paving and curbs from excavation equipment and vehicular traffic.

#### 3.03 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Debris from the demolition of the existing structures, grasses, weeds, brush, trees and other deleterious materials shall be removed from the proposed building, exterior hardscape and pavement areas and areas to receive structural fill before grading is performed. Any organic material and miscellaneous/demolition debris shall be legally disposed of off site. Any highly organic soils encountered shall be stripped and stockpiled for use on finished grades in landscape areas or exported from the site. Disking or mixing of organic material into the earth materials proposed to be used as structural fill shall not be permitted. Trees and their roots shall be completely removed, ensuring that 95 percent or more of the root systems are extracted.
- B. Man-made objects encountered (i.e., septic tanks, leach lines, irrigation systems, underground utilities, old foundations, construction debris, etc.) shall be over-excavated, exported from the site, and legally disposed of off site. Cesspools or seepage pits, if encountered shall be abandoned and capped according to directions and supervision of San Bernardino County Department of Health, the State of California, and/or the appropriate governmental agency procedures which has jurisdiction over them before fill and/or pavement is placed over the area. If no procedures are required by the Health Department or if the following recommendations are more stringent, the cesspool or seepage pit shall be pumped free of any liquid and filled with a low strength sand/cement slurry to an elevation 5.0 feet below the final site grade in the area. The upper 5.0 feet of the cesspool or seepage pit shall be excavated and the area backfilled with a properly compacted fill material. The location of the cesspool or seepage pit shall be surveyed and plotted on the final "As Graded" plan prepared by the project Civil Engineer.
- C. Wells, if encountered, shall be abandoned and capped according to directions and supervision of the San Bernardino County Department of Health, the State of California, and/or the appropriate governmental agency procedures which has jurisdiction over the well before fill and/or pavement is placed over the area.

### 3.04 TESTING AND INSPECTION

- A. During grading, tests and observations shall be performed by the Geotechnical Engineer or this representative in order to verify that the grading is being performed in accordance with the project specifications. The minimum acceptable degree of compaction shall be 90 percent of the maximum dry density as obtained by the ASTM D1557 test method. Where testing indicates insufficient density, additional compactive effort shall be applied until retesting indicates satisfactory compaction.
- B. Testing will be also conducted to verify that the soils will not subject concrete to sulfate attack and are not corrosive. Testing of any proposed import will be necessary prior to placement on the site. Testing of on-site soils may be done on either a selective or random basis as site conditions indicate.
  - If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, remove work, replace and retest at no cost to Owner.

# SECTION 31 2316 EXCAVATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Excavating for footings, slabs-on-grade, and site structures.
- B. Trenching for utilities outside the building to utility main connections.

#### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control: Slope protection and erosion control.
- B. Section 01 7000 Execution Requirements: Project conditions; protection of bench marks, survey control points, and existing construction to remain; reinstallation of removed products; temporary bracing and shoring. General requirements for dewatering of excavations and water control.
- C. Section 02 4100 Demolition: Shoring and underpinning existing structures.
- D. Section 31 2200 Grading: Surface preparation for paving materials.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill: Fill materials, filling, and compacting.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### -- NOT APPLICABLE --

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum locations.
- B. Locate, identify, and protect utilities that remain and protect from damage.
- C. Grade top perimeter of excavation to prevent surface water from draining into excavation. Provide temporary means and methods, as required, to maintain surface water diversion until no longer needed, or as directed by Architect.

### 3.02 EXCAVATING

- A. Excavate to accommodate new structures and construction operations.
- B. Slope banks of excavations deeper than 4 feet to angle of repose or less until shored.
- C. Do not interfere with 45 degree bearing splay of foundations.
- D. Cut utility trenches wide enough to allow inspection of installed utilities.
- E. Hand trim excavations. Remove loose matter.
- F. Remove excess excavated material from site.

### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- See Section 01 4500 "Quality Control", for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Provide for visual inspection of load-bearing excavated surfaces by Architect before placement of foundations.

### 3.04 PROTECTION

- A. Divert surface flow from rains or water discharges from the excavation.
- B. Prevent displacement of banks and keep loose soil from falling into excavation; maintain soil stability.
- C. Protect open excavations from rainfall, runoff, freezing groundwater, or excessive drying so as to maintain foundation subgrade in satisfactory, undisturbed condition.

- D. Protect bottom of excavations and soil adjacent to and beneath foundation from freezing.
- E. Keep excavations free of standing water and completely free of water during concrete placement.

# SECTION 31 2323 FILL AND BACKFILL

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Filling, backfilling, and compacting for site grading and footings, slabs-on-grade, and site structures.
- B. Backfilling and compacting for utilities outside the building to utility main connections.
- C. Filling holes, pits, and excavations generated as a result of removal (demolition) operations.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control: Slope protection and erosion control.
- B. Section 01 5713 Temporary Erosion Control.
- C. Section 31 2200 Grading: Site grading.
- D. Section 31 2316 Excavation: Removal and handling of soil to be re-used.
- E. Section 32 1313 Portland Cement Concrete Paving: Leveling bed placement under paving.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO T 180 Standard Specification for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 4.54 kg (10-lb) Rammer and a 457 mm (18 in.) Drop; 2010.
- B. ASTM D698 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft3 (600 kN-m/m3)); 2012.
- C. ASTM D1556 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Sand-Cone Method; 2007.
- D. ASTM D1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft3 (2,700 kN m/m3)); 2012.
- E. ASTM D2167 Standard Test Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by the Rubber Balloon Method; 2008.
- F. ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System); 2011.
- G. ASTM D2922 Standard Test Methods for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth); 2005.
- H. ASTM D3017 Standard Test Method for Water Content of Soil and Rock in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth); 2005.

# 1.04 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade Elevations: Indicated on drawings.
- B. Subgrade Elevations: 4 inches below finish grade elevations indicated on drawings, unless otherwise indicated.

# 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Materials Sources: Submit name of imported materials source.
- C. Fill Composition Test Reports: Results of laboratory tests on proposed and actual materials used, including manufactured fill.
- D. Compaction Density Test Reports.

# 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. When necessary, store materials on site in advance of need.
- B. When fill materials need to be stored on site, locate stockpiles where indicated.
  - 1. Separate differing materials with dividers or stockpile separately to prevent intermixing.

- 2. Prevent contamination.
- 3. Protect stockpiles from erosion and deterioration of materials.
- C. Verify that survey bench marks and intended elevations for the Work are as indicated.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 FILL MATERIALS

- A. General Fill Fill Type \_\_\_\_: Complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_ Highway Department standard.
- B. General Fill: Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 6 inches, and debris.
  - 3. Conforming to ASTM D2487 Group Symbol CL, or as approved by the Soils Engineer.
- C. Structural Fill Fill Type \_\_\_\_: Complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_ Highway Department standard.
- D. Structural Fill: Subsoil excavated on-site.
  - 1. Graded.
  - 2. Free of lumps larger than 3 inches, rocks larger than 2 inches, and debris.
  - 3. Conforming to ASTM D2487 Group Symbol CL.
- E. Concrete for Fill: Lean concrete, 1 or 2 sack slurry.
- F. Granular Fill Fill Type \_\_\_\_: Coarse aggregate, complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_ Highway Department standard.
- G. Sand Fill Type \_\_\_\_: Complying with State of \_\_\_\_\_Highway Department standard.

### 2.02 ACCESSORIES

A. Geotextile Fabric: Non-biodegradable, woven, Structural Geogrid BX1200; manufactured by Tensar Earth Technologies, Inc., or approved equal by Architect; submittal required.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum locations.
- B. Verify underground tanks are anchored to their own foundations to avoid flotation after backfilling.
- C. Verify areas to be filled are not compromised with surface or ground water.

# 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Scarify and proof roll subgrade surface to a depth of 6 inches to identify soft spots.
- B. Cut out soft areas of subgrade not capable of compaction in place. Backfill with general fill.
- C. Compact subgrade to density equal to or greater than requirements for subsequent fill material.
- D. Until ready to fill, maintain excavations and prevent loose soil from falling into excavation.

# 3.03 FILLING

- A. Fill to contours and elevations indicated using unfrozen materials.
- B. Employ a placement method that does not disturb or damage other work.
- C. Systematically fill to allow maximum time for natural settlement. Do not fill over porous, wet, frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- D. Maintain optimum moisture content of fill materials to attain required compaction density.
- E. Granular Fill: Place and compact materials in equal continuous layers not exceeding 6 inches compacted depth.
- F. Slope grade away from building minimum 2 inches in 10 feet, unless noted otherwise. Make gradual grade changes. Blend slope into level areas.
- G. Correct areas that are over-excavated.

- 1. Other areas: Use general fill, flush to required elevation, compacted to minimum 95 percent of maximum dry density.
- H. Compaction Density Unless Otherwise Specified or Indicated:
  - 1. Under paving, slabs-on-grade, and similar construction: 95 percent of maximum dry density.
- I. Reshape and re-compact fills subjected to vehicular traffic.
- J. Maintain temporary means and methods, as required, to remove all water while fill is being placed as required, or until directed by the Architect. Remove and replace soils deemed unsuitable by classification and which are excessively moist due to lack of dewatering or surface water control.

### 3.04 FILL AT SPECIFIC LOCATIONS

### 3.05 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 01 4500 "Quality Control", for general requirements for field inspection and testing.
- B. Perform compaction density testing on compacted fill in accordance with ASTM D1556, ASTM D2167, ASTM D2922, or ASTM D3017.
- C. Evaluate results in relation to compaction curve determined by testing uncompacted material in accordance with ASTM D698 ("standard Proctor"), ASTM D1557 ("modified Proctor"), or AASHTO T 180.
- D. If tests indicate work does not meet specified requirements, remove work, replace and retest.

### 3.06 CLEANING

- A. See Section 01 7419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal, for additional requirements.
- B. Remove unused stockpiled materials, leave area in a clean and neat condition. Grade stockpile area to prevent standing surface water.
- C. Leave borrow areas in a clean and neat condition. Grade to prevent standing surface water.

# SECTION 32 1216 ASPHALTIC CONCRETE PAVING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Asphaltic concrete paving and surface sealer.
- B. Aggregate base course.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures, project meetings, progress schedules and documentation, reports, coordination.
- B. Section 02 4100 Demolition: Selective demolition, site demolition.
- C. Section 31 2200 Grading: Preparation of site for paving and compacted base.
- D. Section 31 2316 Excavation.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill.

### 1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 203-6.
- B. Mixing Plant: Conform to Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 203-6.
- C. Obtain materials from same source throughout.
- D. Maintain one copy of each document on site.

### **1.04 FIELD CONDITIONS**

A. Do not place asphalt when ambient air or base surface temperature is less than 40 degrees F, or surface is wet or frozen.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Design paving and subbase at 60,000 lbs for medium duty commercial vehicle traffic.

# 2.02 MATERIALS

- A. Prime Coat: Homogeneous medium curing liquid asphalt, MC-70 per Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 302-5.3.
- B. Tack Coat: AR-1000 per Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 302-5.4.
- C. Asphalt Concrete: AR-4000 per Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, lates edition, Section 203-6.
- D. Aggregates for binder mix shall conform to Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 203-7, 3/4" maximum, medium grade.
- E. Seal Coat shall conform to Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section203-9.
  - Mineral Filler: Finely ground particles of limestone, hydrated lime or other mineral dust, free of foreign matter.
- G. Aggregate Base: Class II aggregate base shall conform to the provisions of Section 26 of the Standard Specifications for the State of California, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, latest edition.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that compacted subgrade is dry and ready to support paving and imposed loads.

B. Verify gradients and elevations of base are correct.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION - SUBBASE

A. Preparation of subbase shall be in conformance with the Geotechnical Study.

### 3.03 PREPARATION - AGGREGATE BASE

- A. Preparation of Aggregate Base shall be in conformance with Sections 26-1.035, 26-1.04 and 26-1.05 of Standard Specifications of the State of California, Department of Transportation, Division of Highways, latest edition
- B. Verify gradients and elevations of base are correct.
- C. Verify that compacted subbase is dry and ready to support imposed loads.

#### 3.04 BASE COURSE

A. Place and compact base course.

#### 3.05 PREPARATION - PRIMER

- A. Apply primer on base or subbase over subgrade surface at uniform rate of 1/2 gal/sq yd.
- B. Apply primer to contact surfaces.
- C. Use clean sand to blot excess primer.

### 3.06 PREPARATION - TACK COAT

- A. Apply tack coat on asphalt or concrete surfaces over subgrade surface at uniform rate of 1/2 gal/sq yd.
- B. Coat surfaces of catch basin frames with oil to prevent bond with asphalt pavement. Do not tack coat these surfaces.

#### 3.07 PLACING ASPHALT PAVEMENT - SINGLE COURSE

- A. Install work in accordance with Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 302-5.5.
- B. Place asphalt within 24 hours of applying primer or tack coat.
- C. Place to compacted thickness. Thickness identified on Drawings.
- D. Install gutter drainage grilles and frames in correct position and elevation.

### 3.08 SEAL COAT

A. Apply seal coat to surface course in accordance with Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction, latest edition, Section 203-9, at a rate of 0.05 gal/sq yd, not less that 14 days after laying of asphalt concrete surfacing.

### 3.09 TOLERANCES

- A. Flatness: Maximum variation of 1/4-inch measured with a 10-foot straight edge.
- B. Variation from True Elevation: Within 1/2-inch.

### 3.10 STRIPING

A.

Thoroughly clean all areas where striping will be applied and locate all striping as shown on Drawings. Apply striping paint in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions, using all means necessary to protect surface until dry.

### 3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Field inspection and testing will be performed under provisions of Section 01 4500 - "Quality Control".

# 3.12 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after placement, protect pavement under provisions of Division 1.

# SECTION 32 1313 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Concrete sidewalks, integral curbs, gutters, parking areas and roads.
- B. Aggregate base course.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements: Submittal procedures, project meetings, progress schedules and documentation, reports, coordination.
- B. Section 02 4100 Demolition: Selective demolition, site demolition, structure removal.
- C. Section 09 9000 Paints and Coatings: Pavement markings.
- D. Section 31 2200 Grading: Preparation of site for paving.
- E. Section 31 2323 Fill and Backfill: Compacted subbase for paving.
- F. Section 32 1713 Wheel Stops: Precast concrete parking bumpers.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings; American Concrete Institute; '05.
- B. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; '09.
- C. ASTM C94/C94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete; '09.
- D. ASTM C1116/C1116M Standard Specification for Fiber-Reinforced Concrete; '09.
- E. ASTM D1751 Standard Specification for Preformed Expansion Joint Filler for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction (Nonextruding and Resilient Bituminous Types); '04 (2008).
- F. ASTM D1752 Standard Specification for Preformed Sponge Rubber and Cork Expansion Joint Fillers for Concrete Paving and Structural Construction; '04a (2008).
- G. FS TT-S-227e Polyurethane or Polysulfide Sealants; Federal Specifications.
- H. FS TT-C-800 Curing Compound, Concrete, for New and Existing Surfaces; Federal Specifications.

# 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 "Submittals", for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide product data on joint sealant.

# 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with ACI 301.
- B. Obtain cementitious materials from same source throughout.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.01 AGGREGATE BASE

A. Aggregate Base Course: Thickness and size of aggregate as indicated on the drawings.

# 2.02 FORM MATERIALS

A. Form Materials: Conform to ACI 301.

# 2.03 REINFORCING STEEL

A. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, grade 60 billet steel deformed bars.

# 2.04 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Concrete Materials: ASTM C150/C150M, Type II Moderate Portland type.
  - 1. Acquire cement for entire project from same source.

- B. Fine and Coarse Aggregates: ASTM C33/C33M.
  - 1. Acquire aggregates for entire project from same source.
- C. Water: ASTM C1602/C1602M; clean, potable, and not detrimental to concrete.
- D. Admixtures: Fly Ash is Not Allowed.

### 2.05 ACCESSORIES

- A. Curing Compound: FS TT-C-800, Type 1, 30 percent solids.
- B. Joint Filler: ASTM D1751 type; 1/2-inch, "Homex 300" expansion joint filler.
- C. Joint Sealant: Federal Specification TT-S-227e, 3/4-inch thick polyurethane joint sealant by Pacific Polymers, Inc.; "Elasto-Thane 227 High Shore".
- D. All accessories listed above shall be used, as required.

# 2.06 CONCRETE MIX - BY PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

- A. Mix and deliver concrete in accordance with ASTM C94, Alternative No. 2.
- B. Select proportions for normal weight concrete in accordance with ACI 301, Method 2.
- C. Provide concrete to the following criteria
  - 1. Compressive Strength: 4,000 psi @ 28 days.
  - 2. Slump: 3 to 4 inches.
- D. Use accelerating admixtures in cold weather only when approved by Architect/Engineer. Use of admixtures will not relax cold weather placement requirements.
- E. Use calcium chloride only when approved by Architect/Engineer.
- F. Use set retarding admixtures during hot weather only when approved by Architect/Engineer..

### 2.07 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Provide mix design under provisions of Section 01 4500 "Quality Control".
- B. Submit proposed mix design to appointed firm for review prior to commencement of work.
- C. Test samples in accordance with ACI 301.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify base conditions
- B. Verify compacted subgrade is acceptable and ready to support paving and imposed loads.
- C. Verify gradients and elevations of base are correct.

# 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Moisten subgrade to minimize absorption of water from fresh concrete.
- B. Notify Architect/Engineer minimum 24 hours prior to commencement of concreting operations.

# 3.03 FORMING

- A. Place and secure forms to correct location, dimension, profile and gradient.
- B. Assemble formwork to permit easy stripping and dismantling without damaging concrete.
- C. Place expansion joint filler vertical in position, in straight lines. Secure to formwork during concrete placement.

# 3.04 JOINTS

- A. Place expansion joints at 50-foot intervals (maximum), and control joints at 20-foot intervals (maximum), or as indicated. Align curb, gutter, paving and sidewalk joints.
- B. Place joint filler between paving components and building or other appurtenances.

# 3.05 PLACING CONCRETE

A. Place concrete in accordance with ACI 301.

- B. Ensure reinforcement, inserts, embedded parts, and formed joints are not disturbed during concrete placement.
- C. Place concrete continuously over the full width of the panel and between predetermined construction joints. Do not break or interrupt successive pours such that cold joints occur.
- D. Place concrete to pattern indicated. Saw cut contraction joints 3/16-inch wide at an optimum time after finishing. Cut 1/3 into depth of slab.

#### 3.06 FINISHING

- A. Paving: Light broom.
- B. Sidewalk Paving: Light broom, radiused to 3/8-inch radius, and trowel joint edges.
- C. Curbs and Gutters: Light broom.
- D. Inclined Vehicular Ramps: Broomed perpendicular to slope.
- E. Place curing compound on exposed concrete surfaces immediately after finishing. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Joint Sealant:
  - 1. Surface Preparation: All joints must be absolutely clean. For concrete, sandblasting is required. All curing compounds, old caulks, waterproofing compounds, etc., must be removed. Polyethylene rod or polyurethane foam is recommended as a joint-filler and backup material. Fillers treated with bituminous products, grease or oil, should not be used. Where present, they must be removed or separated by vinyl tape or polyethylene film. All surfaces must be primed with ELASTO-THANE PRIMER.
  - 2. Application: Apply by caulking gun, hand or pressure type, or pour from container. Bulk sealant can be applied by pumping equipment, trowel or putty knife. Press firmly into joint to assure good contact.

#### 3.07 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field Inspection and testing will be performed under provisions of Section 01 4500 "Quality Control".
- B. Testing firm will take cylinders and perform slump tests in accordance with ACI 301.

#### 3.08 PROTECTION

A. Immediately after placement, protect pavement from premature drying, excessive hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.

# SECTION 32 1713 WHEEL STOPS

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

A. Precast concrete parking wheel stops (Parking Bumpers) and anchorage.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 32 1216 Asphaltic Concrete Paving: Substrate for wheel stops.
- B. Section 32 1313 Portland Cement Concrete Paving: Substrate for wheel stops.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A615/A615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; '09.
- B. ASTM C33/C33M Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates; '08.
- C. ASTM C150/C150M Standard Specification for Portland Cement; '09.
- D. ASTM C260 Standard Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete; '06.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Parking Wheel Stops: Precast concrete, conforming to the following:
  - 1. Cement: ASTM C150, Portland Type I Normal; white color.
  - 2. Concrete Materials: ASTM C33 aggregate, water and sand.
  - 3. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615/A615M, deformed steel bars; unfinished, strength and size commensurate with precast unit design.
  - 4. Air Entrainment Admixture: ASTM C260.
  - 5. Concrete Mix: Minimum 5000 psi, 28 day strength, air entrained to 5 7 percent.
  - 6. Use rigid molds, constructed to maintain precast units uniform in shape, size and finish. Maintain consistent quality during manufacturer.
  - 7. Embed reinforcing steel, and drill or sleeve for two dowels.
  - 8. Cure units to develop concrete quality, and to minimize appearance blemishes such as non-uniformity, staining or surface cracking.
  - 9. Minor patching in plant is acceptable, providing appearance of units is not impaired.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install units without damage to shape or finish. Replace or repair damaged units.
- B. Install units in alignment with adjacent work.
- C. Fasten units in place with 2 dowels per unit.

# SECTION 32 1726 TACTILE WARNING SURFACING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

A. Plastic tactile and detectable warning tiles for pedestrian walking surfaces.

#### **1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

A. Section 32 1313 - Concrete Paving: Concrete sidewalks.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 49 CFR 37 Transportation Services for Individuals with Disabilities (ADA); current edition.
- B. AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, Customary U.S. Units (6th Edition); 2012.
- C. ADA Standards Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- D. ASTM A666 Standard Specification for Annealed or Cold-Worked Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar; 2015.
- E. ASTM D543 Standard Practices for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents; 2014.
- F. ASTM D570 Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics; 1998 (Reapproved 2010).
- G. ASTM D638 Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics; 2014.
- H. ASTM D695 Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics; 2010.
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2015a.
- J. ATBCB PROWAG Proposed Accessibility Guidelines for Pedestrian Facilities in the Public Right-of-Way; 2011.

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, standard details, details specific to this project; written installation and maintenance instructions.
- C. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty; complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.

### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section, with not less than five years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company certified in writing by product manufacturer as having successfully completed work substantially similar to the work of this section.

### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver to project site in manufacturer's protective wrapping and in manufacturer's unopened packaging.
  - Store covered and elevated above grade and in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation. Maintain at ambient temperature between 40 and 90 degrees F.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

Β.

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Plastic Tactile and Detectable Warning Surface Tiles:
  - 1. Access Tile, a brand of Access Products, Inc; \_\_\_\_: www.accesstile.com/#sle.
  - 2. ADA Solutions, LLC; \_\_\_\_\_: www.adatile.com/#sle.

- Armor-Tile, a brand of Engineered Plastics, Inc; \_\_\_\_\_: www.armortiletransit.com/#sle.
- 4. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS.

# 2.02 TACTILE AND DETECTABLE WARNING DEVICES

- A. Plastic Tactile and Detectable Warning Tiles: ADA Standards compliant, glass fiber and carbon fiber reinforced, exterior grade, matte finish polyester sheet with truncated dome pattern, solid color throughout, internal reinforcing of sheet and of truncated domes, integral radius cut lines on back face of tile; with factory applied removable protective sheeting.
  - 1. Material Properties:
    - a. Water Absorption: 0.20 percent, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D570.
    - b. Slip Resistance: 0.50 minimum dry static coefficient of friction, when tested in accordance with ASTM D2047.
    - c. Compressive Strength: 25,000 pounds per square inch, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D695.
    - d. Tensile Strength: 10,000 pounds per square inch, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D638.
    - e. Flexural Strength: 25,000 pounds per square inch minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D790.
    - f. Chemical Stain Resistance: No reaction to 1 percent hydrochloric acid, motor oil, calcium chloride, gum, soap solution, bleach, or antifreeze, when tested in accordance with ASTM D543.
    - g. Abrasion Resistance: 300, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM C501.
    - h. Flame Spread Index: 25, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
    - i. Accelerated Weathering: Delta-E of less than 5.0 at 2,000 hours exposure, when tested in accordance with ASTM G155.
    - j. Adhesion: No delamination of tile prior to board failure in a temperature range of 20 to 180 degrees F, when tested in accordance with ASTM C903.
    - k. Loading: No damage when tested according to AASHTO LRFD test method HS20.
    - I. Salt and Spray Performance: No deterioration or other defect after 200 hours of exposure, when tested in accordance with ASTM B117.
  - 2. Installation Method: Surface applied.
  - 3. Shape: Rectangular.
  - 4. Dimensions: 36 inches by 60 inches.
  - 5. Pattern: In-line pattern of truncated domes complying with ADA Standards.
  - 6. Edge: Square.
  - 7. Joint: Butt.
  - 8. Color: SAE AMS-STD-595, Table IV, Federal Yellow No. 33538.

# 2.03 ACCESSORIES

- Fasteners: ASTM A666, Type 304 stainless steel
  - 1. Type: Countersunk, color matched composite sleeve anchors
  - 2. Size: 1/4 inch diameter and 1-1/2 inches long.
- B. Adhesive: Type recommended and approved by surfacing tile manufacturer.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. When installation location is near site boundary or property line, verify required location using property survey.
- B. Verify that work area is ready to receive work:
  - 1. If existing conditions are not as required to properly complete the work of this section, notify Architect.
  - 2. Do not proceed with installation until deficiencies in existing conditions have been corrected.

C. Verify that dimensions, tolerances, and attachment methods for work in this section are properly coordinated with other work on site.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Do not install damaged, warped, bowed, dented, abraded, or otherwise defective units.
  - 2. Do not install when ambient or substrate temperature has been below 40 degrees F during the preceding 8 daylight hours.
- B. Field Adjustment:
  - 1. Locate relative to curb line in compliance with ATBCB PROWAG, Sections 304 and 305.
  - 2. Orient so dome pattern is aligned with the direction of ramp.
- C. Install units fully seated to substrate, square to straight edges and flat to required slope.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION, SURFACE APPLIED PLASTIC TILES

- A. Cure concrete surfaces for a minimum of 4 days before installing units.
- B. Mechanically roughen surface as required to remove contaminants and prepare surface for adhesive and sealant application.
- C. Drill fastener holes straight, true and to depth recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Apply adhesive to back of unit as recommended by manufacturer.
- E. Mechanically fasten to substrate. Avoid striking or damaging the unit itself during installation.
- F. Apply sealant to edges in cove profile.