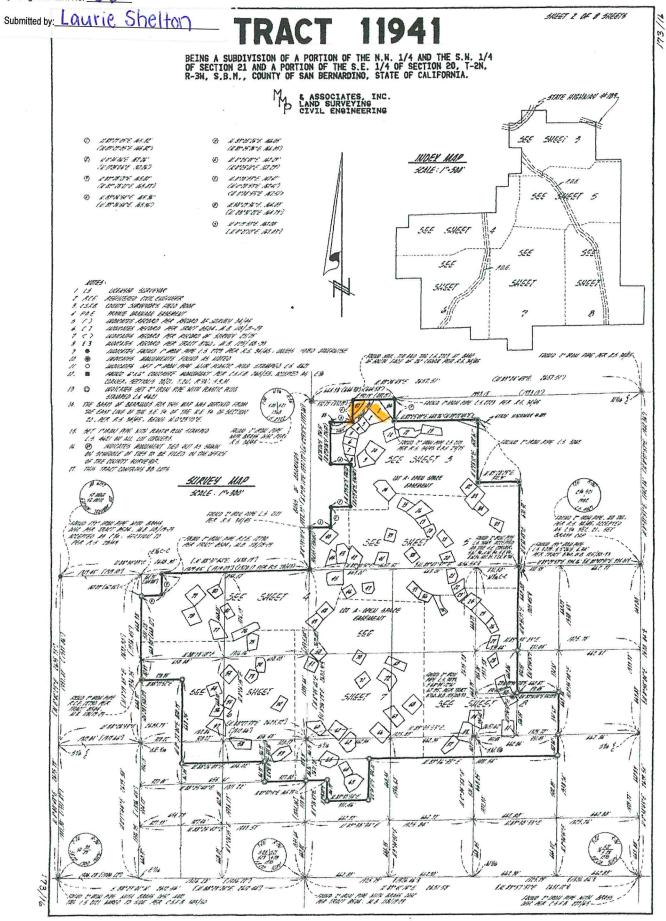
Board of Supervisors Meeting Date: 8/8/23

☐ Public Comment

Agenda Item No. _______

Item leb TED



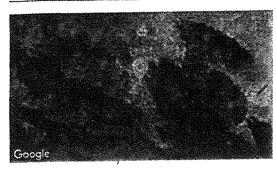


Comparative Market Analysis

STATE HIGHWAY 189, BLUE JAY, CA 92317

APN: 0335-031-42-0000

San Bernardino County Data as of: 08/14/2021



Bedrooms: Bathrooms:

Status:

Occupancy:

Property Type:

Owner Name:

Mailing Address:

Year Built: Square Feet: Comparables Properties:

64

Avg. Sale Price: Days on Market: \$670,367 75

Off Market No

Distressed: Ownership:

Corporate

Non-Owner Occupied

Opportunity **Estimated Value:**

Estimated Equity:

PROVENANCE PASADENA COMPANYMortgage Balance:

2056 EMPRESS AVE

Monthly Rent:

SOUTH PASADENA, CA 91030

Liens:

Property Description:

A PARCEL OF LAND LOCATED IN THE STATE OF CA, COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, WITH A SITUS ADDRESS OF STATE HIGHWAY 189, BLUE JAY, CA 92317 CURRENTLY OWNED BY PROVENANCE PASADENA COMPANY LLC HAVING A TAX ASSESSOR NUMBER OF 0335-031-42-0000 AND BEING THE SAME PROPERTY MORE FULLY DESCRIBED AS N-TRACT: 11941 BLOCK: LOT: 86 AND DESCRIBED IN DOCUMENT NUMBER 2018-0451734 DATED 11/20/2018 AND RECORDED 12/05/2018.

Last Market Sale

Current Listing Status

Active Foreclosure Status

Seller: Buyer:

CHANG MARIO P

There is no listing data available.

There is no foreclosure data available.

Rec. Date:

12/05/2018

Sale Date:

11/20/2018

sale Price:

\$575,000

Association Information

Type Home Owner Association Dogwood - Blue Jay Canyon Improvement

Home Owner Assessments Fee

Fee Amount

Fee Frequency

\$1,550

Annually

Property Details - Public Record

Land Use: Residential-Vacant Land Lot Size:

Living Area:

PROVENANCE PASADENA COMPANY LLC

10,177 SqFt.

Stories: Pool:

Fireplace:

Parking Spaces:

Parking Type: Interior Wall:

Year Built: Style:

Zoning:

Basement:

Bathrooms: **Total Rooms:**

Bedrooms:

Heating: Cooling: Exterior Wall: Price / Sq.Ft.

Open Liens

Owner 1: PROVENANCE PASADENA COMPANY LLC

Combined Loan To Value:

Estimated Equity:

Owner 2: Date

Position / Type

Lender

Borrower(s)

Loan Type

There is no open lien data available.

Involuntary Liens

Amount Debtor There is no involuntary lien data available

Prior Loan History

Date Position / Type 12/28/2009 1st / Trust Deed/Mortgage Amount

\$1,232,310 Far East Nat'l Bank

Borrower(s) Yorkcorp Inc

Variable

Term 30 Years

08/01/2005 1st / Trust Deed/Mortgage

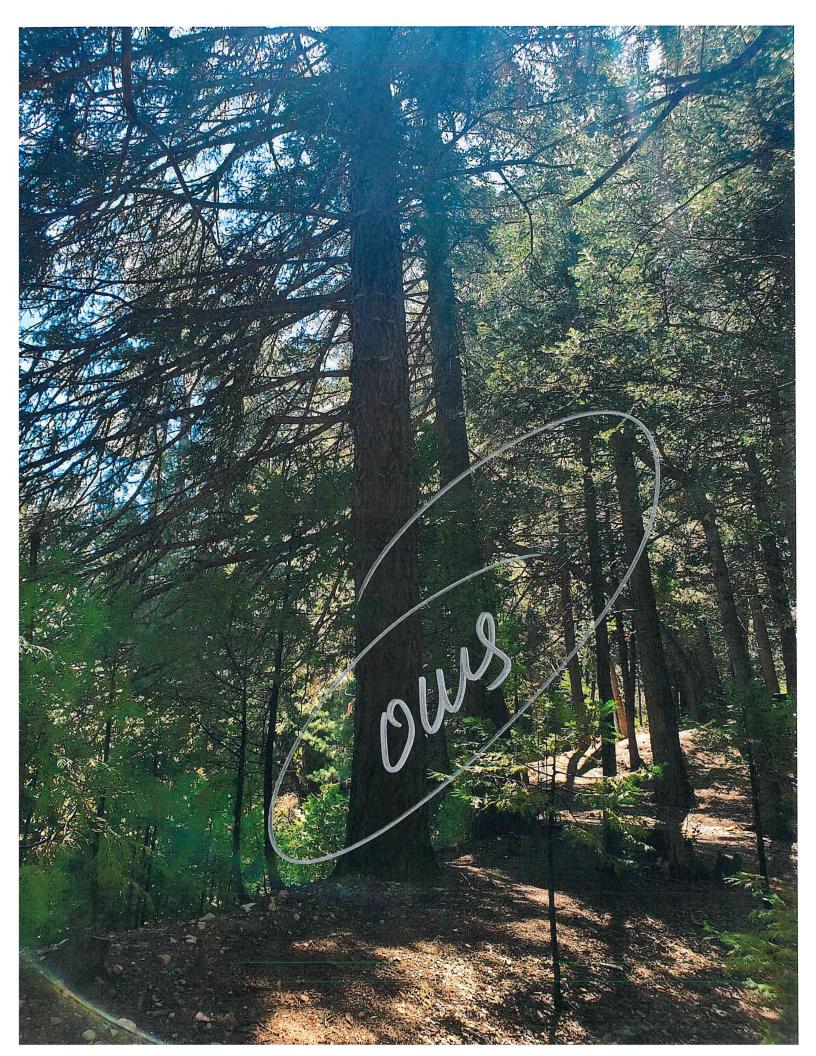
\$450,000

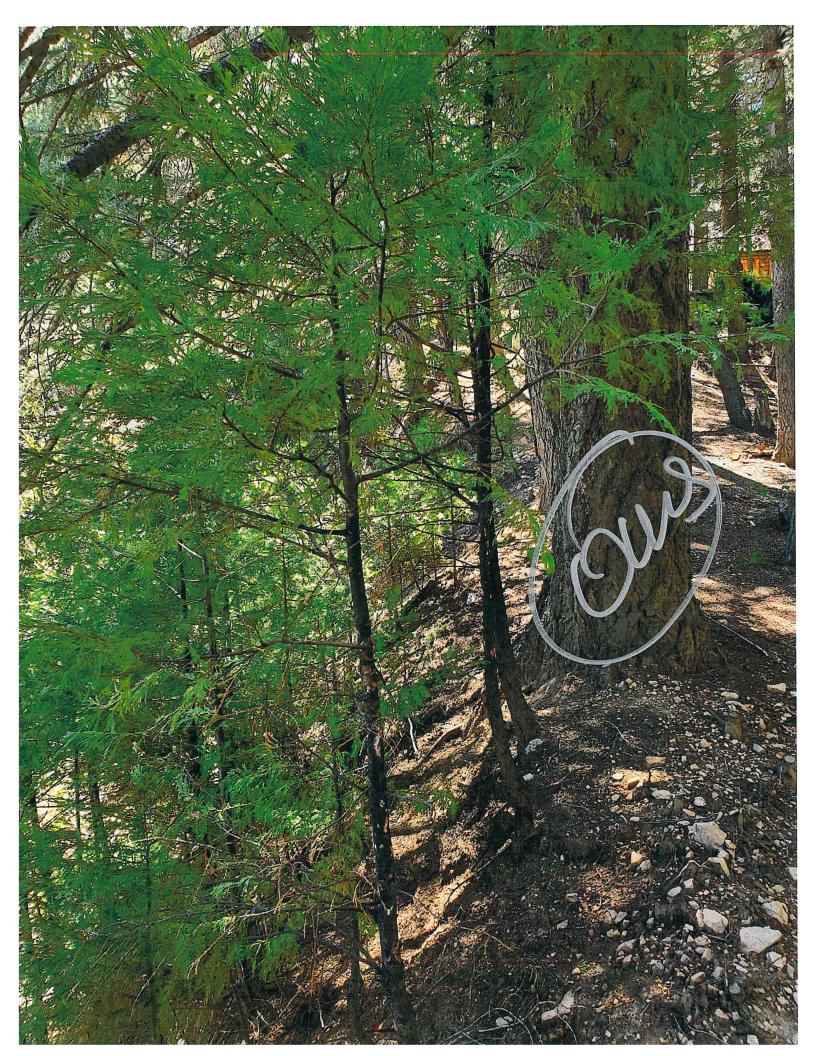
Far East Nat'l Bank

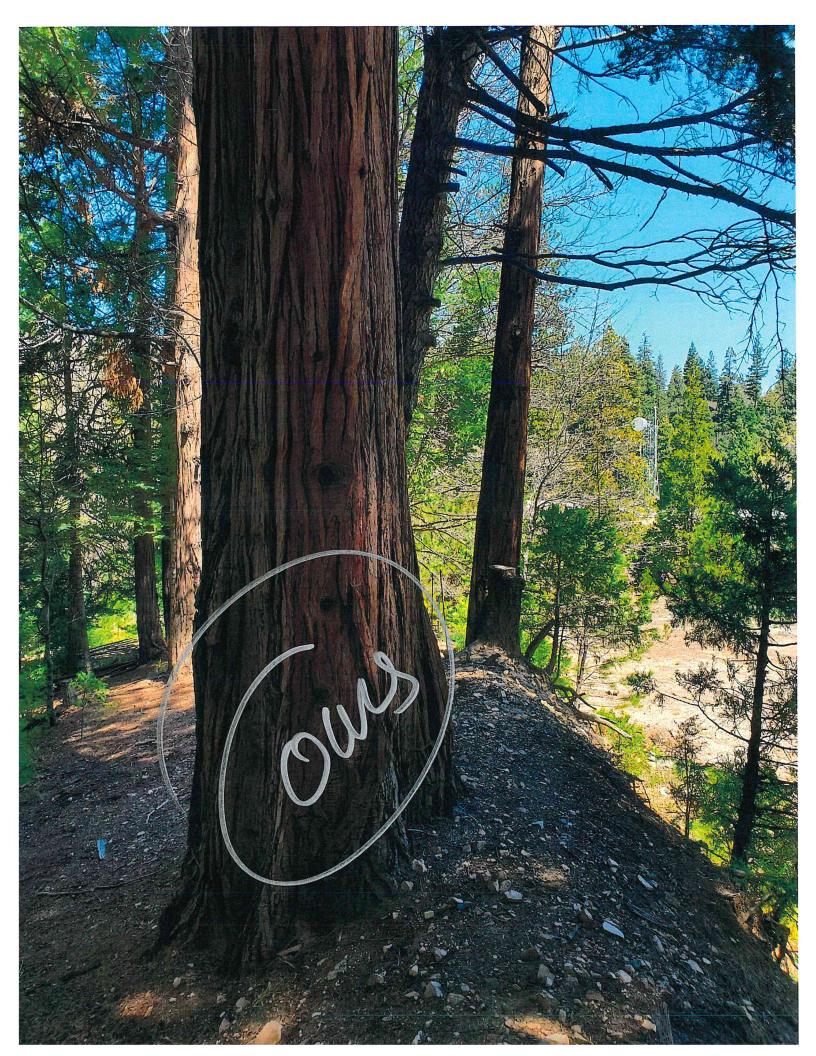
Lee Andrew Gin

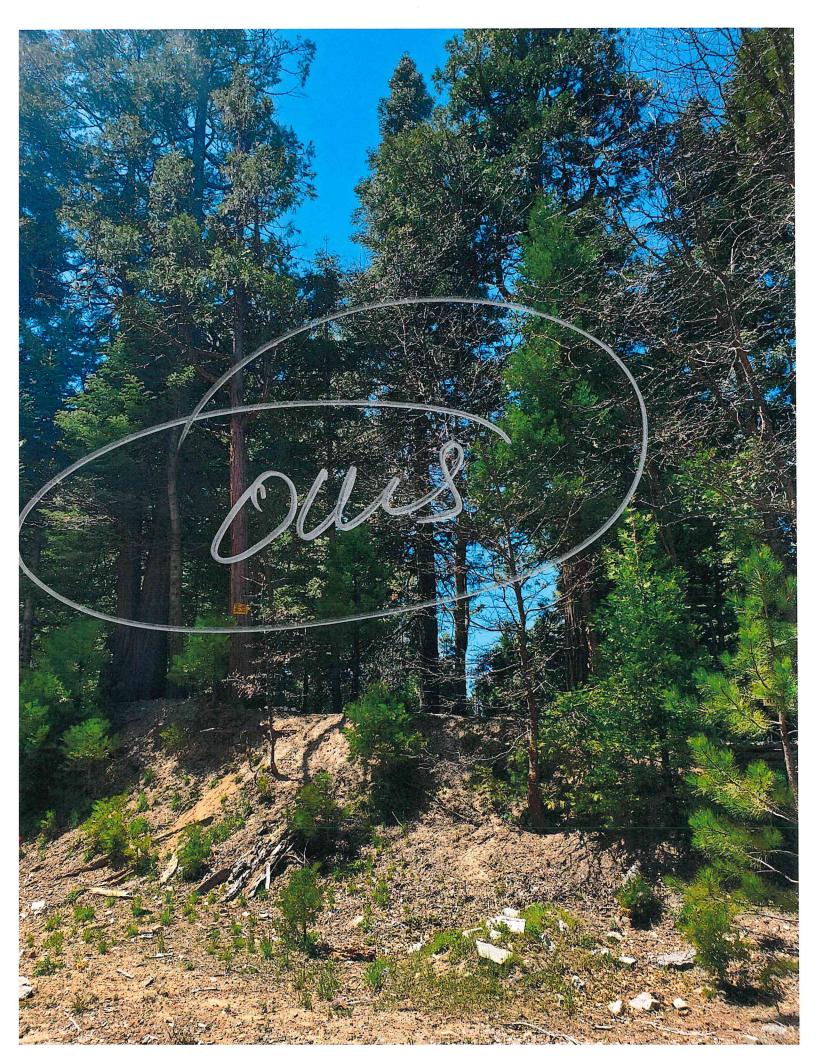
Variable

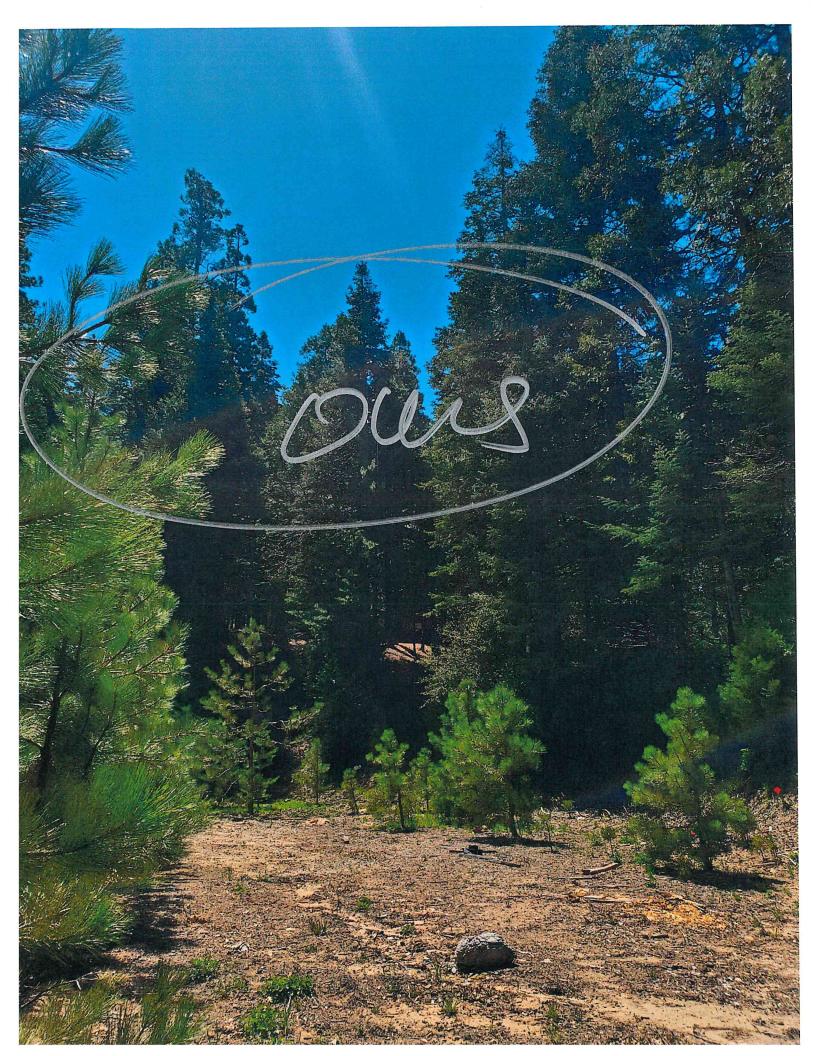
30 Years

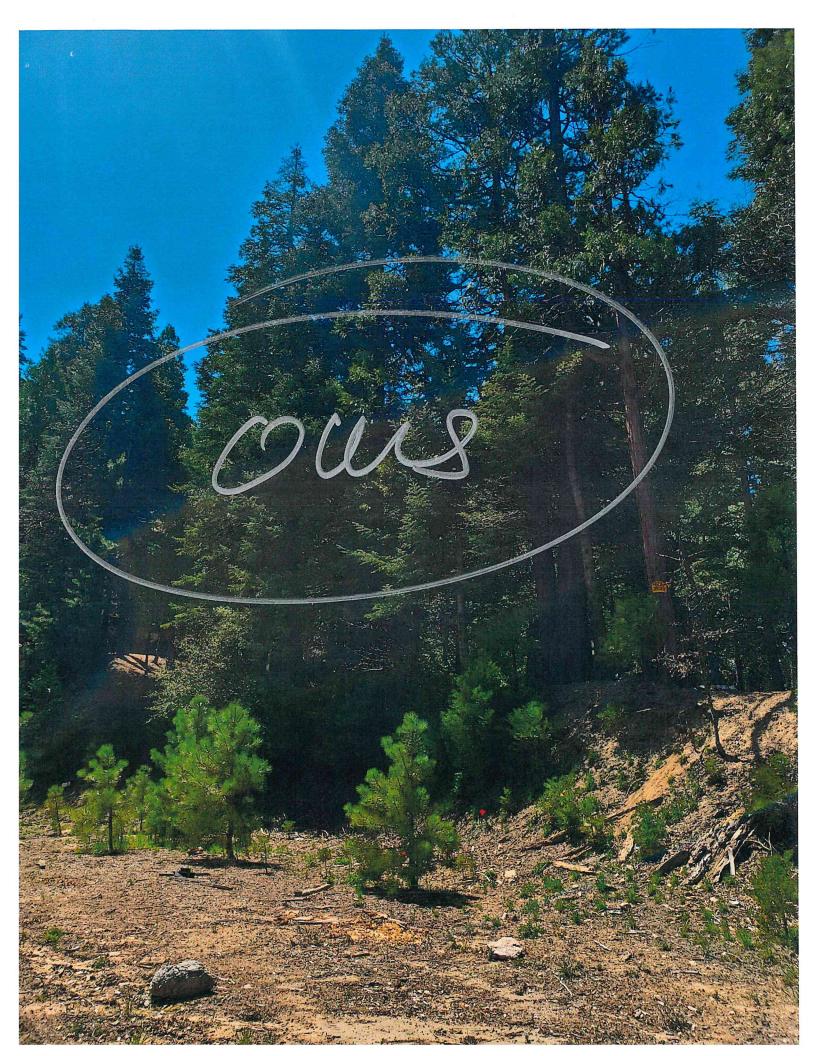
















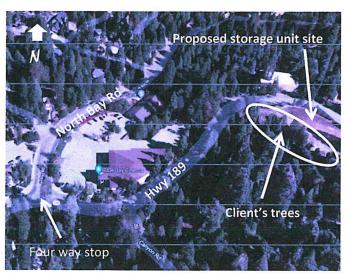
Daniel J. Begley ISA Certified Arborist WE10427A CTSP, TRAQ, V.P. MRFSC (Ret.) P.O. Box 26899 Running Springs CA 92382

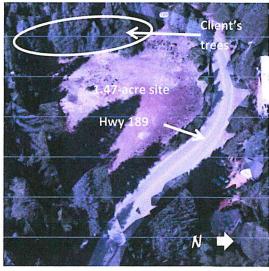
Laurie and Ted Shelton 27375 Hwy 189 Blue Jay CA 92317

May 2, 2022

Re: Project #2020-00205 and potential impact to trees

The landowners at above address, Ted and Laurie Shelton, contacted me to inspect and comment on the potential harmful impact the construction of a storage facility next door could have on their trees. I utilized the International Society of Arboriculture Level II inspection protocol to determine the general health and physicality of the trees that could be impacted. I observed no obvious issues at the time. The location within the landscape and proximity of these trees to the site, a 1.47 acre vacant lot adjacent to their residential property, are shown in the photos bellow and indicated by the yellow ovals. The client's home at 27375 Hwy 189 is approximately 500 feet east of the 4-way stop sign at the corner of North Bay Road. The altitude is approximately 5200 feet. The trees grow atop an old cut slope and have adapted to the winds associated with such sites. The 1.47 acre site is comprised of parcels 0335-022-07 and 0355-031-42.





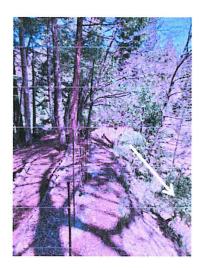


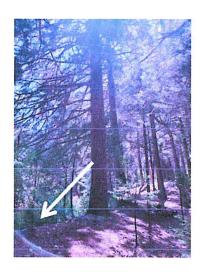
Note the significant diameter and taper developed by this California incense cedar (*Calocedrus decurrens*) which allows it to occupy this windy site atop the cut slope. Trees like these lining the top of the slope protect those downwind. The loss of such trees leads to "edge trees," which are more likely to fail during wind events. Maintain these trees at all costs.

The concerns for the health and safety of these trees are legitimate. Specifically, cutting into this slope to build a retaining wall, or for any other reason, can result in the loss of feeder roots at the least, and buttress roots at the worst. The former will stress a tree, while the latter will destabilize it. The destabilization of and the loss of this row of trees, residing atop a slope and facing the brunt of storms from the northeast, would subject the newly exposed trees behind them, making them "edge trees." Edge trees have not evolved in the wind as their former protectors did, and do not possess the requisite diameter and taper to sustain the forces of straight-line wind events. This renders them more likely to fail. That is, unless they themselves are afforded enough time to form "reaction wood" and become strong enough. There is no guarantee of that.

The photos below show trees along the top of the slope between the client's property and the proposed storage facility below. The white arrows point downslope. Storms from the northeast, including Santa Ana winds, blow up this slope and straight into these strong trees. Weaker trees are sheltered downwind.







The loss of these trees could also subject structures to storms formerly unable to inflict much damage to them. Additionally, a realistic and significant concern is soil movement, through erosion or mechanical disturbance. The average density of the local soil is 1.3 grams per cc. It is very loose and airy, being just over 50% soil 3 feet down from the surface. The rest is space: macro holes and micro holes. This is characteristic of granite-based soils. The looseness of this soil type is renowned, and particular care must be exercised should high angle slopes be disturbed to ensure soils supporting the trees are not likewise disturbed. Soil can simply fall away, leaving roots exposed with no earth to cling to. Without appropriate caution, these trees could be rendered hazardous. To avoid this, it is strongly advised that no improvements be made any closer than twelve (12) horizontal feet from the base of any tree. It is further advised that a certified arborist be enlisted to establish a Tree Protection Zone (TPP) to ensure damages are avoided. It is assumed that no contaminants, including solvents, gasoline or diesel fuel, cement or mortar, adhesives, or other compounds utilized during and after construction, are allowed to enter the environment.

In conclusion, I strongly advise the following:

- Establish a Tree Protection Zone on the construction side of the trees. Ensure that all tradesmen adhere to TPP rules.
- Avoid any physical improvements within twelve (12) feet horizontally from any tree.
- Any desired tree work should be done before the construction commences.
- Avoid introducing contaminants, including trash, within the TPP.
- Do not allow backhoes, excavators, trenchers, or any other construction equipment to come in contact with these trees.
- In the unlikely event that soil is added on the cut slope, do not extend this onto the client's property. This can affect the roots ability to uptake nutrients and water.

Regards,

Dan Begley

Dan Begley, ISA Certified Arborist WE10427A

Blind Cure Hwy 189

