## Palmer's Mariposa Lily (Calochortus palmeri var. palmeri)

Palmer's mariposa lily is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. This perennial, bulbiferous herb occurs in mesic chaparral, lower montane coniferous forest, meadows and seeps from approximately 3,200 to 7,200 feet above msl. It is a California endemic found in the South Coast and Transverse ranges in Kern, Los Angeles, Riverside, Santa Barbara, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, and Ventura counties. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it has a moderate potential to occur on the project site given the availability of marginally suitable habitat in mesic portions of Jeffrey pine forest.

## San Bernardino Mountain Owl's Clover (Castilleja applegateii ssp. martinii)

San Bernardino Mountain owl's clover is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between June and August. This hemiparasitic, annual herb occurs in mesic chaparral, meadows and seeps, pebble plain, and upper montane coniferous forests from approximately 4,200 to 7,850 feet above msl. It is a California endemic found in Riverside and San Bernardino counties. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it has a high potential to occur on the project site given the availability of suitable habitat throughout the project site, especially within pebble plains and open Jeffrey pine forest where Wright's matting buckwheat occurs.

# San Benardino Mountains Dudleya (Dudleya abramsii ssp. affinis)

San Bernardino Mountains dudleya is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and June. This perennial herb occurs in granitic, quartzite, or carbonate soils of pebble plain, pinyon and juniper woodland, and upper montane coniferous forests from approximately 5,200 to 28,000 feet above msl. It is endemic to the San Bernardino Mountains. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it has a moderate potential to occur on the project site given the presence of marginally suitable habitat within the pebble plain vegetation type.

### Leafy Buckwheat (Eriogonum foliosum)

Leafy buckwheat is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between July and October. This annual herb occurs in sandy soils of chaparral, lower montane coniferous forest, and pinyon and juniper woodland from approximately 3,900 to 7,200 feet above msl. It occurs in Riverside, San Bernardino, and San Diego counties. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it has a high potential to occur throughout the project site given the presence of suitable habitat.

## Southern Mountain Buckwheat (Eriogonum kennedyi var. austromontanum)

Southern mountain buckwheat is a federally-listed Threatened and CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between June and August. It is a mat-forming, woody perennial endemic to pebble plain habitats in Big Bear and Holcomb valleys in the San Bernardino Mountains from approximately 5,800 to 7,500 feet above msl. This species often serves as a host plant for the hemi-parasitic ashgray Indian paintbrush and is also a food plant for the recently described, locally-endemic San Bernardino blue butterfly (*Euphilotes bernardino bernardino*). It is very similar to the more common Wright's matting buckwheat which is common on the project site. Several flowers and dried inflorescences of mat-forming buckwheats found throughout the project site were examined and identified as Wright's matting buckwheat. Southern mountain buckwheat was not seen during the 2002 botanical surveys and it has not been reported on the project site by other botanists (MBA 2000; CDFG 2001). However, it is considered to have a low potential to occur given that suitable habitat occurs within pebble plains on the project site.

## Baldwin Lake Linanthus (Linanthus killipii)

Baldwin Lake linanthus is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. It is an annual herb that occurs in alkaline meadows and seeps, pebble plain, pinyon and juniper woodland, and upper montane coniferous forest from approximately 5,500 to 7,900 feet above msl. It is endemic to the San Bernardino Mountains. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a high potential to occur on the project site given the presence of suitable habitat in the open Jeffrey pine and pebble plain vegetation types.

## San Bernardino Mountain Monkeyflower (Mimulus exiguus)

San Bernardino Mountain monkeyflower is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between June and July. This annual herb occurs in mesic clay soils of meadows and seeps, pebble plain, and upper montane coniferous forest from approximately 5,900 to 7,600 feet above msl. It occurs in the San Bernardino Mountains and in Baja California. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a high potential to occur on the project site given the presence of suitable habitat, particularly within the pebble plain vegetation type.

## Bear Valley Phlox (Phlox dolichantha)

Bear Valley phlox is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. This perennial herb occurs in pebble plain and open montane coniferous forest from approximately 6,000 to 9,750 feet above msl. It is endemic to the San Bernardino Mountains. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a high potential to occur on the project site given the presence of suitable habitat in the pebble plain and open Jeffrey pine forest vegetation types.

#### San Bernardino Bluegrass (Poa atropurpurea)

San Bernardino bluegrass is a federally-listed Endangered and CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and June. This rhizomatous, perennial grass occurs in mesic meadows and seeps from approximately 4,400 to 8,100 feet above msl. It is known only from the San Bernardino Mountains and Laguna Mountains (San Diego County). Marginally suitable habitat for this species occurs along the lakeshore areas of the project site. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a low to moderate potential for occurrence on the project site given the presence of marginally suitable habitat.

#### Parish's Checkerbloom (Sidalcea hickmanii ssp. parishii)

Parish's checkerbloom is a CNPS List 1B and state-listed Rare species and Candidate for federal listing as Threatened or Endangered. It is a stout perennial herb that typically blooms between June and August. This species occurs in chaparral, woodlands, and forests from approximately 3,200 to 8,200 feet above msl and appears to germinate following fires. It is known from a few sites in the Santa Ana River Canyon of the San Bernardino Mountains, and in a few localities in Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a low potential to occur given the presence of suitable habitat and the project site's distance to known populations.

### Bird's Foot Checkerbloom (Sidalcea pedata)

Bird's foot checkerbloom is a federally- and state-listed Endangered species and CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. It occurs in meadows and seeps from approximately 5,200 to 8,100 feet above msl and is endemic to the San Bernardino Mountains.

Marginally suitable habitat occurs along the lakeshore. No bird's foot checkerbloom were encountered during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a moderate potential to occur on the project site given the presence of suitable habitat.

### Southern Jewelflower (Streptanthus campestris)

Southern jewelflower is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. This perennial herb occurs in rocky soils of chaparral, lower montane coniferous forest, and pinyon and juniper woodland from approximately 2,950 to 7,550 feet above msl. It occurs in the Transverse and Peninsular mountain ranges of Riverside, San Bernardino, and San Diego counties. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a high potential to occur throughout the project site.

### California Dandelion (Taraxacum californicum)

California dandelion is a federally-listed Endangered and CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between May and July. It is a perennial herb endemic to the Big Bear Valley in the San Bernardino Mountains that occurs in meadows and seeps from approximately 6,300 to 7,800 feet above msl. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, this species has a low to moderate potential to occur in marginally suitable habitat (degraded meadows) near the lakeshore.

## Grey-Leaved Violet (Viola pinetorum ssp. grisea)

Grey-leaved violet is a CNPS List 1B species that typically blooms between April and July. It is a perennial herb occurring in meadows and seeps, subalpine coniferous forest, and upper montane coniferous forest from approximately 4,900 to 11,200 feet above msl. This species is found in the Sierra Nevada Mountains in Fresno, Kern, and Tulare counties and in the San Bernardino Mountains. This species was not observed during the 2002 botanical surveys. However, it is considered to have a high potential to occur in mesic portions of Jeffrey pine forest within the project site.

#### **SUMMARY**

One special status vegetation type (pebble plain) and five special status plant species, including one federally-listed Threatened species (ash-gray Indian paintbrush), three CNPS List 1B species (Parish's rock cress, Bear Valley woollypod, and silver-haired ivesia), and one CNPS List 4 species (Heckard's paintbrush), were identified on the project site during the 2002 botanical surveys. Populations of ash-gray Indian paintbrush and Parish's rock cress were found to be widespread throughout an approximately 11.8 acre area of open Jeffrey pine forest with an herbaceous layer of Wright's matting buckwheat in the western half of the project site. The approximately 0.64 acre of pebble plain habitat was included in this area. Silver haired ivesia was found to be concentrated entirely within the mapped pebble plain habitat. Heckard's paintbrush and Bear Valley woollypod were found in patches scattered throughout Jeffrey pine forest habitat on the project site. It is expected that population sizes for these species on the project site would be considerably larger during a normal rainfall year (i.e., at least 40 percent of average annual rainfall). Surveys during a normal rainfall year would be required to determine the extent of these species on the project site.

There is potential for several special status botanical resources on the project site that were not detectable this spring due to the dry conditions. Botanical resources potentially occurring on the project site include one special status vegetation type (meadow), one federally- and state-listed Endangered and CNPS List 1B species (bird's foot checkerbloom), two federally-listed Endangered and CNPS List 1B species (San Bernardino bluegrass and California dandelion), two federally-listed

Threatened and CNPS List 1B species (Bear Valley sandwort and southern mountain buckwheat), one CNPS List 1B and state-listed Rare species and Candidate for federal listing as Threatened or Endangered (Parish's checkerbloom), and 10 CNPS List 1B species (Munz's mariposa lily, Palmer's mariposa lily, San Bernardino Mountain owl's clover, San Bernardino Mountains dudleya, leafy buckwheat, Baldwin Lake linanthus, San Bernardino Mountain monkeyflower, Bear Valley phlox, southern jewelflower, and grey-leaved violet). Surveys during a normal rainfall year would be required to determine presence or absence and the extent of these species on the project site.

Thank you for the opportunity to assist on this project. If you have any questions or comments, please contact either Ann Johnston or Sam Stewart at (714) 444-9199.

Sincerely,

**BONTERRA CONSULTING** 

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Attachments: Exhibits 1, 2 and 3

Appendices A, B, and C

cc: Scott White

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# APPENDIX A

Special status plants known to occur in the region excluded from consideration due to lack of suitable habitat or outside of range.

Common name	Latin name	Reason for exclusion
White-margined everlasting	Antennaria marginata	Outside geogr. range (only local occurrences in Barton Flats area)
San Bernardino rock-cress	Arabis breweri var. pecuniaria	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Pinyon rock-cress	Arabis dispar	Outside geogr. range (only local occurrences on desert-facing slopes)
Shockley's rock-cress	Arabis shockleyi	Outside geogr. range (only local occurrences on desert-facing slopes)
Cushenbury milk-vetch	Astragalus albens	No suitable habitat (carbonate)
Parish's small-scale	Atriplex parishii	No suitable habitat (alkali sink)
Fremont barberry	Berberis fremontii	No local occurrences (presumed extinct in Cushenbury area)
Scalloped moonwort	Botrychium crenulatum	No suitable habitat (marshes, bogs)
Plummer's mariposa lily	Calochortus plummerae	Above elev. range (below ±5500 ft.)
San Jacinto Mts. daisy	Erigeron breweri jacinteus	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Parish's daisy	Erigeron parishii	No suitable habitat (carbonate)
Limestone daisy	Erigeron uncialis	No San Bernardino Mountain occurrences (local reports erroneous)
Southern alpine buckwheat	Eriogonum kennedyi var. alpiginum	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Cushenbury buckwheat	Eriogonum ovalifolium var. vineum	No suitable habitat (carbonate)
Hot springs fimbrystalis	Fimbrystalis thermalis	No suitable habitat (alkaline meadows, hot springs)
Moss gentian	Gentiana fremontii	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Los Angeles sunflower	Helianthus nuttallii ssp. parishii	Well above elev. range (below about 4000 ft. elev.)
Barton Flats horkelia	Horkelia wilderae	Outside geogr. range (endemic to Barton Flats area)
Parry's hulsea	Hulsea vestita ssp. parryi	Outside geogr. range (only local occurrences on desert-facing slopes)
Pygmy hulsea	Hulsea vestita ssp. pygmaea	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
San Bernardino Mtn. bladderpod	Lesquerella kingii ssp. bernardinus	No habitat (carbonate)

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Special status plants known to occur in the region excluded from consideration due to lack of suitable habitat or outside of range.

Common name	Latin name	Reason for exclusion
Ocellated Humboldt lily	Lilium humboldtii var. ocellatum	Above elev. range (below about 5900 ft.)
Adder's mouth	Malaxis monophyllos ssp. brachypoda	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Hall's monardella	Monardella macrantha hallii	Outside geogr. range (In San Bern. Mts., occurs only in southern part of range)
Cienega Seca oxythexca	Oxytheca parishii var. cienegensis	Outside geogr. range (known only from Cienega Seca area)
Cushenbury oxytheca	Oxytheca parishii var. goodmaniana	No habitat (carbonate)
Mountain oxytrope	Oxytropis oreophila	Well below elev. range (occurs in San Gorgonio Wilderness)
Frosted mint	Poliomintha incana	No suitable habitat (desert dunes and sandy flats)
Krukeberg's sword fern	Polystichum krukebergii	No San Bernardino Mountain occurrences (local reports unverified)
Narrow-leaved cottonwood	Populus angustifolia	No San Bernardino Mountain occurrences (local reports unverified)
Southern mountain skullcap	Scutellaria bolanderi ssp. austromontanum	No San Bernardino Mountain occurrences (local reports unverified)
Davidson's stonecrop	Sedum niveum	No suitable habitat (rock ledges & cliffs)
Slender-petaled thelypodium	Thelypodium stenopetalum	No habitat (alkaline meadows)

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APPENDIX B
Special status plants known to occur in the region with potential to occur on the project site.

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Abronia nana ssp. covillei Coville's dwarf abronia	Carbonate and sandy soils within pinon-juniper woodlands; San Bernardino Mts. and mountains of E Mojave, ±5,200-9,200 ft.	May - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.2 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-2-1	Low (marginally suitable habitat)
Allium parishii Parish's onion	Open shrublands & woodlands, gen. loose soil of bajada or mountain slopes, often carbonate soils, about 3,000 - 6,000 ft. elev.	Apr - May	Fed: none Calif: S3.3? CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-2	Low (suitable habitat, but above known elev. range)
Arabis parishii Parish's rock cress	Pebble plains; open dry sites in coniferous forest; about 5,800-9,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts. endemic	April - May	Fed: none Calif: S2.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Occurs
Arenaria lanuginosa ssp. saxosa (A. confusa) Rock sandwort	Streamsides, sandy soils in meadows, about 5,900 to 9,000 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts. and mts. of N Baja Calif.	July - Aug	Fed: none Calif: S1.3 CNPS: 2 R-E-D:3-1-1	Moderate (moderately suitable habitat)
Arenaria ursina Bear Valley sandwort	Pebble plains, carbonate soils, about 6,400 - 6,900 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts. endemic	May - July	Fed: <b>THR</b> Calif: S2.1 CNPS: 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Astragalus bicristatus Crested milk vetch	Rocky slopes, montane coniferous forests; 5,500-8,200 ft. elev.; San Bernardino, San Gabriel, and San Jacinto Mts	May - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Astragalus lentiginosus var. sierrae Big Bear Valley milk vetch	Rocky meadows, pine woodlands, 5,800-8,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts. endemic	April - August	Fed: none Calif: S1? CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Astragalus leucolobus Bear Valley woollypod	Rocky soils, pine forests and sagebrush scrub, 5,700-8,750 ft. elev.; San Bernardino, San Gabriel, San Jacinto, and Sta Rosa Mts.	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Occurs
Calochortus palmeri vars. palmeri and munzii Palmer's & Munz's mariposa lilies	Meadows and other sites where water available in spring, ±3,200-7,200 ft. elev.; S Coast Ranges, Transverse Ranges	May - June	Fed: none Calif: S2.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Moderate (marginally suitable habitat)

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Castilleja cinerea Ash-gray Indian paintbrush	Pebble plains, dry meadows, about 5,900 to 9,300 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mountains endemic	May - August	Fed: <b>THR</b> Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Occurs
Castilleja lasiorhyncha (syn. Orthocarpus l.) San Bernardino Mountain owl's clover	Meadows, streamsides, seeps, other mesic sites, ±4,200-7,850 ft. elev.; S Calif. mtns.	June - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Castilleja applegateii ssp. martinii × C. angustifolia (syn. C. montigena, C. martinii var. ewanii) Heckard's paintbrush	Coniferous forest; San Bernardino Mountains endemic [Note: described as a species by Heckard et al. (1980), considered a hybrid by Chuang & Heckard in Hickman (ed., 1993)]	May - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	Occurs (Jeffrey pine forest)
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i> Male fern	Widespread in N hemisphere, esp. at high latitudes; only two widely separated locations in Calif., incl. one in Holcomb Valley	July - Sept.	Fed: none Calif: S1.3 CNPS: List 2 R-E-D:3-1-1	<b>Low</b> (local rarity)
<i>Dudleya abramsii</i> ssp. <i>affinis</i> San Bernardino Mts. dudleya	Pebble plains & rock outcrops (often on carbonate); pinyon woodland, open pine forests, 5,800-8,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts. endemic	May - June	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	<b>Moderate</b> (marginal habitat)
Eriogonum foliosum Leafy buckwheat	Sand; chaparral, lower montane forest, pinyon wdld., 3,900-7,200 ft. elev.; scattered locations, Big Bear Valley to N Baja Calif.	July - Oct.	Fed: none Calif: SH CNPS: 1B R-E-D:3-2-2	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Eriogonum kennedyi var. austromontanum Southern mountain buckwheat	Pebble plains and similar soils, about 5,800 - 7,500 ft. elev.; nearly endemic to Big Bear Valley area but also occurs at Mt. Pinos	June - August	Fed: <b>THR</b> Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Low (field survey)
Eriophyllum lanatum var. obovatum Southern Sierra woolly sunflower	Open montane coniferous forests, 4,200-8,100 ft. elev.; S Sierra Nevada and western San Bernardino Mts.	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	<b>Low-moderate</b> (margin of geogr. range)
Galium jepsonii (syn. G. angustifolium var. subglabrum) Jepson's bedstraw	Sandy or gravelly soils, montane coniferous forest, 6,500-8,100 ft. elev.; San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mts	July - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Galium johnstonii (syn. G. angustifolium var. pinetorum) Johnston's bedstraw	Dry rocky slopes, open mixed conifer forest, 5,300-7,500 ft. elev.; San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mts.	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	Low-moderate (suitable habitat occurs; margin of elev. range)
Gilia leptantha ssp. Ieptantha San Bernardino Mtn. gilia	Sandy or gravelly soils in open pine forest; endemic to upper Santa Ana Riv. watershed, San Bernardino Mts., about 5,000 to 7,700 ft. elev.	June - Aug	Fed: none Calif: S2.3 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-1-3	<b>Low</b> (probably outside geogr. range)
Heuchera hirsutissima Shaggy-haired alum root	Steep rocky slopes in montane forest above about 5,000 ft.; endemic to San Jacinto & Santa Rosa Mts (records from San Bernardino Mts. not confirmed)	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.3 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:3-1-3	<b>Low</b> (poorly suitable habitat)
Heuchera parishii Parish's alumroot	Rocky places, montane coniferous forests and alpine boulderfields, above 4,800 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.3 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-1-3	Low (poorly suitable habitat)
Ivesia argyrocoma Silver-haired ivesia	Pebble plains, dry or seasonally moist meadows and drainages; about 4,900-8,800 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts and a long- disjunct site in Baja Calif mts	June - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-2	Occurs
Juncus duranii Duran's rush	Meadows or other wet places, montane coniferous forest, 5,800-9,000 ft. elev.; San Bernardino, San Gabriel, and San Jacinto Mts	July - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	Moderate (suitable habitat occurs)
Lewisia brachycalyx Short-sepaled lewisia	Wet meadows, forest openings, 4,500-7,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts to Baja Calif, Utah, New Mex.	May - June	Fed: none Calif: S3.2 CNPS: List 2 R-E-D:2-2-1	Low-Moderate (marginal habitat)
<i>Lilium parryi</i> Lemon lily	Meadows and streambanks above about 4,000 ft. elev.; mts. of S Calif. and SE Arizona	July - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-2	Low (marginal habitat)
<i>Linanthus killipii</i> Baldwin Lake linanthus	Pebble plains, alkaline meadows, forest openings, 5,500-7,900 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Mimulus exiguus San Bernardino Mountain monkeyflower	Meadows, seeps, drainages, 5,900-7,600 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts and high mts of Baja Calif.	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-2	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Mimulus purpureus var. purpureus Purple monkeyflower	Meadow edges, forests, drainages, seeps, 6,100-7,600 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts and high mts of Baja Calif.	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 2 R-E-D:2-2-2	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Navarretia peninsularis Baja navarretia	Open, seasonally wet places in coniferous forests, 4,900-7,550 ft. elev.; mts of central and S Calif. and N Baja Calif.	June - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-2	Low (small patches of marginal habitat)
Oxytheca caryophylloides Chickweed oxytheca	Sandy soils in conifer forests, 3,900-8,500 ft. elev.; S Sierra Nevada, Transverse Ranges, San Jacinto Mts.	July - Sept.	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Perideridia parishii ssp. parishii Parish's yampah	Meadows, moist areas in coniferous forest above about 6,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mountains and (disjunct) Arizona and New Mex.	June - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.2? CNPS: List 2 R-E-D:2-2-1	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Phacelia exilis (syn. P. mo- havensis var. exilis) Transverse Range phacelia	Sandy or gravelly soils, forest openings, meadows, pebble plains, 3,500-8800 ft. elev.; S Sierra Nevada and Transverse Ranges	May - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Phacelia mohavensis Mojave phacelia	Sandy or gravelly soils, woodlands, conifer forests, dry meadows and streambeds, 4,500-8,100 ft. elev.; San Gabriel & San Bernardino Mts	April - August	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Phlox dolichantha Bear Valley phlox	Montane coniferous forest; 6,500- 8,800 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Poa atropurpurea San Bernardino bluegrass	Open, flat meadows, 4,400-8,100 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts and Laguna Mts (San Diego Co.)	May - June	Fed: <b>END</b> Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Low - moderate (marginally suitable habitat occurs)

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Pyrrocoma uniflora ssp. gossypina (Haplopappus uniflorus ssp. gossypinus) Bear Valley pyrrocoma	Meadows (usually alkaline), pebble plains, about 5,200 - 7,600 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	July - August	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	Low - moderate (marginally suitable habitat occurs)
Rupertia rigida (syn. Psor- alea rigida) Parish's rupertia	Chaparral, forests, and woodlands, below ±8,100 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts, Peninsular Ranges, Baja Calif.	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-2	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Selaginella asprella Bluish spike-moss	Rocks, crevices, & rocky soils, dry sites in coniferous forests, 5,200-8,800 ft. elev.; scattered mtn. ranges of cent. & S Calif., Baja Calif.	July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-2	<b>Low</b> (marginal habitat)
Senecio bernardinus San Bernardino butterweed	Dry meadows (sometimes alkaline), 5,800-7,500 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-2-3	<b>Low</b> (marginally suitable habitat)
Senecio ionophyllus Tehachapi ragwort	Crevices, rocky places in dry coniferous forest, 4,800-8,900 ft. elev.; S Sierra Nevada, San Gabriel and San Bernardino Mts	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	<b>Low</b> (marginally suitable habitat)
Sidalcea hickmanii ssp. parishii Parish's checkerbloom	Chaparral, oak shrublands, pine forests; San Bernardino Mts and a few Santa Barbara Co sites, about 3,200-8,200 ft. elev.	June - August	Fed: Candidate Calif: <b>Rare</b> , 1.2 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:3-2-3	<b>Low</b> (marginally suitable habitat)
Sidalcea pedata Bird's foot checkerbloom	Meadows (freshwater or alkaline clay), sometimes streambanks, 5,200-8,100 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	May - July	Fed: <b>END</b> Calif: <b>END</b> , 1.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:3-3-3	Low - moderate (suitable habitat occurs)
Sphenopholis obtusata Prairie wedge grass	Riparian woodlands, wet meadows, streambanks; a few widely scattered locations in Calif. but widespread in North America	April - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.2 CNPS: List 2 R-E-D:2-2-1	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Streptanthus bernardinus Laguna Mountains jewelflower	Chaparral, hardwood forests, coniferous forest, about 3,900-8,100 ft. elev.; mts. of S Calif. (San Bern. Mtn. records much farther west)	June - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)

Special Status Plants	Habitat and Distribution	Flower season	Status Designation	Occurrence Probability
Streptanthus campestris Southern jewelflower	Rocky sites, chaparral, coniferous forest, pinyon woodland, 2,950-7,550 ft. elev.; Transverse and Peninsular Ranges, Baja Calif.	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S2.3 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:2-1-2	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Swertia neglecta (syn. Frasera neglecta) Pine green-gentian	Coniferous forests and pinyon wooodland., 4,500-8,100 ft. elev.; S Coastal Ranges and Transverse Ranges	May - July	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D: 1-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Taraxacum californicum California dandelion	Wet meadows, 6,300-7,800 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic	May - July	Fed: <b>END</b> Calif: S2.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D: 3-2-3	Low - moderate (suitable habitat occurs)
Thelypodium stenopetalum Slender-petaled thelypodium	Meadows (mesic, alkaline clay), about 6,200 - 7,200 ft. elev.; San Bernardino Mts endemic to Big Bear and Holcomb Valleys	June - July	Fed: <b>END</b> Calif: <b>END</b> , 1.1 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:3-3-3	Absent (no alkaline meadow habitat)
Trichostema micranthum Small-flowered bluecuris	Dry margins of lakes, meadows, and streams, 6,500-7,500 ft. elev., San Bernardino Mts and Baja Calif.	July - Sept.	Fed: none Calif: S3.3 CNPS: List 4 R-E-D:1-1-1	High (suitable habitat occurs)
Viola pinetorum ssp. grisea Grey-leaved violet	Conifer forests, about 4,800- 11,100 ft. elev.; S Sierra Nevada and possibly San Bernardinos (unconfirmed reports)	April - July	Fed: none Calif: S1.3 CNPS: List 1B R-E-D:3-1-3	High (suitable habitat occurs)

General references: CDFG 2001, CNPS 2001, Rarefind 2000, Hickman (ed.) 1993, Munz 1974, Sanders et al. 1995, Tibor 2001, US Fish and Wildlife Service 1999.

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## **APPENDIX B (Continued)**

Special status plants known to occur in the region with potential to occur on the project site.

**Federal designations:** (federal Endangered Species Act, US Fish and Wildlife Service). Note that some agencies, but not FWS, continue to use "SOC" as a federal status designation. Until 1996, FWS maintained a list of "category 2 candidates," described as species of concern, but for which insufficient data were available to support listing. This list is no longer maintained and FWS has no "SOC" category.

END: Federally listed, endangered.

THR: Federally listed, threatened.

Candidate: Sufficient data are available to support federal listing, but not listed at this time.

Proposed: Formally proposed for federal status shown.

State designations: (California Endangered Species Act, California Dept. of Fish and Game)

END: State listed, endangered.

THR: State listed, threatened.

**RARE:** State listed as rare (Listed "rare" animals have been re-designated as threatened, but rare plants have retained the rare designation.)

**CDF&G Natural Diversity Data Base Designations:** Applied to special status plants and sensitive plant communities; where correct category is uncertain, CDF&G uses two categories or question marks.

S1: Fewer than 6 occurrences or fewer than 1000 individuals or less than 2000 acres.

S1.1: Very threatened

S1.2: Threatened

S1.3: No current threats known

S2: 6-20 occurrences or 1000-3000 individuals or 2000-10,000 acres (decimal suffixes same as above).

\$3: 21-100 occurrences or 3000-10,000 individuals or 10,000-50,000 acres (decimel suffixes same as above).

S4: Apparently secure in California; this rank is clearly lower than S3 but factors exist to cause some concern, i.e., there is some threat or somewhat narrow habitat. No threat rank.

S5: Demonstrably secure or ineradicable in California. No threat rank.

California Native Plant Society (CNPS) designations. Note: CNPS (Tibor, ed., 2001 p. 54-55) asserts that plants on Lists 1A, 1B, and 2 meet definitions as threatened or endangered and "are eligible" for state listing.

List 1A: Plants presumed extinct in California.

List IB: Plants rare and endangered in California and throughout their range.

List 2: Plants rare, threatened or endangered in California but more common elsewhere in their range.

List 3: Plants about which we need more information; a review list.

List 4: Plants of limited distribution; a watch list.

#### CNPS R-E-D Code:

Rarity I: Rare, but sufficient numbers and distribution that the potential for extinction is presently low.

2: Occurrence confined to several populations or one extended population.

3: Occurrence limited to one or a few highly restricted populations, or present in such small numbers that it is seldom reported.

Endangerment 1: Not endangered.

2: Endangered in a portion of its range.

3: Endangered throughout its range.

Distribution 1: More or less widespread outside California.

2: Rare outside California.

3: Endemic to California (i.e., does not occur outside California).

## Definitions of occurrence probability:

Occurs: Observed on the site by qualified biologists.

High: Observed in similar habitat in region by qualified biologists, or habitat on the site is a type often utilized by the species and the site is within the known range of the species.

Moderate: Reported sightings in surrounding region, or site is within the known range of the species and habitat on the site is a type occasionally used by the species.

Low: Site is within the known range of the species but habitat on the site is rarely used by the species.

Absent: A focused study failed to detect the species, or, no suitable habitat is present.

*Unknown:* No focused surveys have been performed in the region, and the species' distribution and habitat are poorly known.

Latin Name

**CUPRESSACEAE** 

Calocedrus decurrens Juniperus occidentalis

**PINACEAE** 

Abies concolor Pinus jeffreyi Pinus monophylla

APIACEAE

Lomatium nevadense Tauschia parishii

**ASTERACEAE** 

Achillia millefolium Agoseris retrorsa Antennaria dimorpha Artemisia dracunculus Artemisia ludoviciana Artemisia tridentata Aster frondosus

Chrysothamnus nauseosus Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus

Cirsium occidentale var. californicum

Cirsium vulgare Erigeron breweri

Eriophyllum confertiflorum Gnaphalium canescens

Gnaphalium luteo-album Hymenopappus filifolius

Lactuca serriola Lessingia filaginifolia (Corethrogyne filaginifolia)

Madia elegans Senecio vulgaris Solidago californica Sonchus oleraceus

Taraxacum officinale Tetradymia comosa

Tragopogon dubius

**BORAGINACEAE** 

Cryptantha micrantha

BRASSICACEAE

Arabis holboellii (?) Descurainia pinnata Erysiumum capitatum

Lepidium virginicum v. pubescens

Sisymbrium altissimum

Common Name

CYPRESS FAMILY

Incense cedar

Western juniper

PINE FAMILY

White fir

Jeffrey pine

Pinyon pine

**CELERY FAMILY** 

Nevada Iomatium

Parish tauschia

ASTER FAMILY

California yarrow

Spear-leaved agoseris

Low everlasting

Tarragon

Western mugwort

Great Basin sagebrush

Short-raved alkali aster

Common rabbitbrush

Curlleaf rabbitbrush

California thistle

Bull thistle

Brewer's daisy

Golden yarrow

Perennial cudweed

Pearly everlasting

Columbia cutleaf

Prickly lettuce

Chaparral aster

Elegant tarplant

Common groundsel

Calif. goldenrod

Common sow thistle

Common dandelion

Hairy horsebrush

Oyster plant, salsify

**BORAGE FAMILY** 

Purple root cryptantha

MUSTARD FAMILY

Holboell's rock-cress

Tansy mustard

Douglas wallflower

Wild peppergrass

Tumble mustard

Alien species indicated by asterisk, special status species indicated by two asterisks. This list includes o species observed on the site. Others may have been overlooked or unidentifiable due to season. Plants were identified using keys, descriptions, and illustrations in Abrams (1923-1951), Hickman (1993), and Munz (1974). Taxonomy and nomenclature generally follow Hickman.

CACTUS FAMILY CACTACEAE Common beavertail cactus Opuntia basilaris var. basilaris HONEYSUCKLE FAMILY CAPRIFOLIACEAE Symphoricarpos rotundifolius Parish snowberry var. parishii CARYOPHYLLACEAE CARNATION FAMILY Silene verecunda ssp. platyota Cuyamaca campion **GOOSEFOOT FAMILY** CHENOPODIACEAE Common goosefoot Chenopodium album (?) Russian thistle, tumbleweed Salsola tragus MORNING GLORY FAMILY CONVOLVULACEAE Calystegia malacophylla Morning glory ssp. fulcrata (C. fulcrata) MANZANITA FAMILY **ERICACEAE** Greenleaf manzanita Arctostaphylos patula SPURGE FAMILY **EUPHORBIACEAE** Rattlesnake spurge Chamaesyce albomarginata Wood spurge Euphorbia palmeri **FABACEAE** PEA FAMILY Amorpha californica Calif. false indigo \*\* Astragalus leucolobus (?) Bear Valley woollypod - WL Pursh's woollypod Astragalus purshii var. tinctus (?) Silver lotus Lotus argyraeus Nevada lotus Lotus nevadensis Silver mat lupine Lupinus cf. breweri Southern mountain lupine Lupinus excubitus var. austromontanus (?) Lupinus lepidus v. confertus Prairie lupine (Lupinus confertus) Black medick Medicago lupulina White sweet-clover Melilotus alba OAK FAMILY **FAGACEAE** California black oak Quercus kelloggii **GERANIACEAE** GERANIUM FAMILY Erodium cicutarium Red-stemmed filaree WATERLEAF FAMILY **HYDROPHYLLACEAE** Yerba santa Eridictyon trichocalyx Common phacelia Phacelia distans (?) Broad-sepaled phacelia Phacelia imbricata MINT FAMILY LAMIACEAE Monardella linoides (?) Flax-leaved monardella (or M. odoratissima) Austin's skullcap Scutellaria siphocampyloides (S. austinae) STICK-LEAF FAMILY LOASACEAE Unid. stick-leaf Mentzelia sp.

> MALLOW FAMILY Cheeseweed

> > Willow-herb

**EVENING PRIMROSE FAMILY** 

Summer cottonweed

**MALVACEAE** 

**ONAGRACEAE** 

Malva parviflora

Epilobium ciliatum

Epilobium brachycarpum (E. paniculatum)

PHLOX FAMILY **POLEMONIACEAE** Mojave woolly-star Eriastrum densifolium ssp. densifolium Sapphire woollystar Eriastrum sapphirinum (?) Mojave linanthus Linanthus breviculus Slender phlox Phlox gracilis **BUCKWHEAT FAMILY POLYGONACEAE** Davidson buckwheat Eriogonum davidsonii (=E. molestum var. davidsonii) Eriogonum wrightii ssp. Wright's buckwheat subscaposum Munz sulfur buckwheat Eriogonum umbellatum v. munzii Polygonum arenastrum Common knotweed Rumex crispus Curly dock Rumex salicifolius Willow dock **PURSLANE FAMILY** PORTULACACEAE Bitter root Lewisia rediviva **BUTTERCUP FAMILY** RANUNCULACEAE Unid. larkspur Delphinium sp. Ranunculus sceleratus Cursed buttercup **BUCKTHORN FAMILY** RHAMNACEAE Ceanothus cordulatus Mountain whitethorn Cupleaf ceanothus Ceanothus greggii Deerbrush Ceanothus integerrimus **ROSE FAMILY** ROSACEAE Amelanchier utahensis Service berry (incl. A. pallida) Cercocarpus betuloides Birch-leaf mountain mahogany Cercocarpus ledifolius Curlleaf mountain mahogany Transverse range horkelia Horkelia rydbergii (H. bolanderi s. parryi) Silver-haired ivesia \*\* Ivesia argyrocoma Potentilla anserina Silverweed Biennial cinquefoil Potentilla biennis Slender cinquefoil Potentilla gracilis **COFFEE FAMILY** RUBIACEAE Unid. bedstraw Galium sp. WILLOW FAMILY **SALICACEAE** Black cottonwood Populus balsamifera trichocarpa Red willow Salix laevigata (?) Salix lasiolepis (?) Arrovo willow SCROPHULARIACEAE SNAPDRAGON FAMILY \*\* Castilleja cinera Ash-gray paintbrush Heckard's paintbrush \*\* Castilleja montigena Small-flowered blue-eyed Mary Collinsis parviflora (?) Penstemon eatonii Eaton firecracker Common muellin \* Verbascum thapsus **CACAO FAMILY** STERCULIACEAE Fremontodendron californicum Flannel bush **TAMARICACEAE** TAMARISK FAMILY

Mediterranean tamarisk

Tamarix ramosissima

VIOLACEAE

Viola douglasii

Viola pinetorum ssp. pinetorum

or V. purpurea

**VIOLET FAMILY** 

Douglas violet

Mountain violet

**CYPERACEAE** 

Carex athrostachya

JUNCACEAE

Juncus mexicanus

(incl. J. balticus)

LILIACEAE

Allium parryi

Calochortus kennedyi

**POACEAE** 

Agrostis sp.

Alopecurus aequalis

Bromus carinatus

Bromus tectorum

Elymus elymoides

(Sitanion hystrix v. hystrix)

Hordeum jubatum

Koeleria macrantha

Melica stricta

Muhlenbergia rigens

Poa fendleriana

Poa secunda

Polypogon monspeliensis

Pucinellia nuttalliana

Stipa coronata ssp. depauperata

(Achnatherum parishii)

Stipa lettermannii

Vulpia microstachys

SEDGE FAMILY

Slender-beaked sedge

**RUSH FAMILY** 

Wire-grass

LILY FAMILY

Parry's onion

Kennedy's mariposa lily

**GRASS FAMILY** 

Unid. bentgrass

Short-awn foxtail

California brome

Cheat grass

Bottlebrush squirreltail

Foxtail barley

Junegrass

Nodding melic

Deergrass

Fendler bluegrass

Nodding bluegrass

Rabbitfoot grass

Alkali grass

Parish needlegrass

Letterman's needlegrass

Annual fescue

(Festuca microstachys, F. reflexa, F. pacifica, F. confusa)

terisks. This list includes only able due to season. Plants 51), Hickman (1993), and

#### **VERTEBRATE ANIMALS**

**AMPHIBIA** 

SALAMANDRIDAE

Taricha torosa

**PLETHODONTIDAE** 

Ensatina eschscholtzii

Aneides lugubris

Batrachoseps pacificus

PELOBATIDAE

\*\* Scaphiopus hammondii

BUFONIDAE

Bufo boreas

Bufo woodhousei

\*\* Bufo microscaphus

Bufo punctatus

**HYLIDAE** 

Hyla cadaverina

Hyla regilla

**RANIDAE** 

\*\* Rana aurora

\*\* Rana pipiens

\* Rana catesbeiana

**AMPHIBIANS** 

**NEWTS** 

California newt

**LUNGLESS SALAMANDERS** 

Ensatina

Arboreal salamander

Pacific slender salamander

SPADEFOOT TOADS

Western spadefoot

TRUE TOADS

Western toad

Woodhouse toad

Southwestern toad

Red-spotted toad

**TREEFROGS** 

California treefrog

Pacific treefrog

TRUE FROGS

Red-legged frog

Northern leopard frog

Bullfrog

#### **REPTILIA**

### **EMYDIDAE**

\*\* Clemmys marmorata

**TESTUDINIDAE** 

\*\* Gopherus agassizii

(Xerobates agassizi)

TRIONYCHIDAE

Trionyx spiniferus

**GEKKONIDAE** 

Coleonyx variegatus

\*\* Coleonyx swaitaki

Phyllodactylus xanti

#### **IGUANIDAE**

Dipsosaurus dorsalis Sauromalus obesus

Callisaurus draconoides

\*\* Uma notata ssp. notata

\*\* Uma inornata

\*\* Uma scoparia

Crotaphytus insularis

Gambelia wislizenii

Sceloporus magister

Sceloporus orcutti

Sceloporus occidentalis

Sceloporus grasiosus

Uta stansburiana

Urosaurus graciosus

Petrosaurus mearnsi

#### REPTILES

## **BOX AND WATER TURTLES**

Western pond turtle

LAND TORTOISES

Desert tortoise

#### SOFTSHELL TURTLES

Spiny softshell

**GECKOS** 

Western banded gecko

Barefoot gecko

Leaf-toed gecko

#### **IGUANID LIZARDS**

Desert iguana

Common chuckwalla

Zebra-tailed lizard

Colorado desert fringe-toed lizard

Coachella valley fringe-toed lizard

Mojave fringe-toed lizard

Desert collared lizard

Long-nosed leopard lizard

Desert spiny lizard

Granite spiny lizard

Western fence lizard

Sagebrush lizard

Side-blotched lizard

Long-tailed brush lizard

Banded rock lizard

\*\* Phrynosoma coronatum ssp. blainvillei

Phrynosoma platyrhinos

\*\* Phrynosoma mcallii

XANTUSIIDAE

Xantusia henshawi Xantusia vigilis

SCINCIDAE

Eumeces skiltonianus Eumeces ailberti

**TEIIDAE** 

\*\* Cnemidophorus hyperythrus

\*\* Cnemidophorus tigris

**ANGUIDAE** 

Gerrhonotus multicarinatus

ANNIELLIDAE

\*\* Aniella pulchra ssp. pulchra

LEPTOTYPHLOPIDAE

Leptotyphlops humilis

**BOIDAE** 

\*\* Charina bottae ssp. umbratica Lichanura trivirgata

COLUBRIDAE

\*\* Diadophis punctatus Phyllorhynchus decurtatus Coluber constrictor

Masticophis flagellum Masticophis lateralis

\* Salvadora hexalepis Arizona elegans

> Pituophis melanoleucus Lampropeltis getulus

\*\* Lampropeltis zonata ssp. pulchra

Rhinocheilus lecontei Thamnophis sirtalis Thamnophis elegans

\*\* Thamnophis hammondii

**VIPERIDAE** 

Crotalus atrox
Crotalus ruber
Crotalus mitchellii
Crotalus cerastes
Crotalus viridis
Crotalus scutulatus

AVES

**GAVIIDAE** 

Gavia immer
PODICIPEDIDAE

Podilymbus podiceps
Podiceps nigricollis

Aechmophorus occidentalis Aechmophorus clarkii San Diego horned lizard

Desert horned lizard Flat-tailed horned lizard

**NIGHT LIZARDS** 

Granite night lizard Desert night lizard

**SKINKS** 

Western skink Gilbert skink

WHIPTAILS

Orange-throated whiptail

Western whiptail

ALLIGATOR LIZARDS

Southern alligator lizard

**LEGLESS LIZARDS** 

Silvery legless lizard

SLENDER BLIND SNAKES

Western blind snake

**BOAS AND PYTHONS** 

Southern rubber boa

Rosy boa

**COLUBRIDS** 

Ringneck snake

Spotted leaf-nosed snake

Racer Coachwhip

California whipsnake

Western patch-nosed snake

Glossy snake Gopher snake Common kingsnake

San Bernardino Mountain kingsnake

Long-nosed snake Common garter snake

Western terrestrial garter snake

Two-striped garter snake

**VIPERS** 

Western diamondback rattlesnake

Red diamond rattlesnake Speckled rattlesnake

Sidewinder

Western rattlesnake Mojave rattlesnake

BIRDS

LOONS

Common loon

**GREBES** 

Pied-billed grebe Eared grebe Western grebe Clark's grebe

PELECANIDAE **PELICANS** Pelecanus erythrorhynchos American white pelican Pelecanus occidentalis Brown pelican PHALACROCORACIDAE CORMORANTS Phalacrocorax auritus Double-crested cormorant **ARDEIDAE HERONS** Botaurus Ientiginosus American bittern Ardea herodias Great blue heron Casmerodius albus Great egret Egretta thula Snowy egret Bubulcus ibis Cattle egret Butorides striatus Green-backed heron \*\* Nycticorax nycticorax Black-crowned night heron THRESKIORNITHIDAE **IBISES AND SPOONBILLS** White-faced ibis Plegadis chihi DUCKS, GEESE AND SWANS **ANATIDAE** Greater white-fronted goose Anser albifrons Snow goose Chen caerulescens Chen rossii Ross' goose Branta canadensis Canada goose Anas crecca Green-winged teal Mallard Anas platyrhynchos Northern pintail Anas acuta Anas discors Blue-winged teal Cinnamon teal Anas cvanoptera Anas clypeata Northern shoveler Anas strepera Gadwall Anas americana American wigeon Canvasback Aythya valisineria Aythya americana Redhead Aythya collaris Ring-necked duck Aythya affinis Lesser scaup Common goldeneye Bucephala clangula Bucephala albeola Bufflehead Mergus merganser Common merganser Red-breasted merganser Mergus serrator Oxyura jamaicensis Ruddy duck RAILS, GALLINULES, COOTS **RALLIDAE** Clapper rail Rallus longirostris Virginia rail Rallus limicola Porzana carolina Sora Common moorhen Gallinula chloropus American coot Fulica americana CATHARTIDAE **VULTURES** Turkey vulture Cathartes aura HAWKS, EAGLES, HARRIERS **ACCIPITRIDAE** Pandion haliaetus Osprey Elanus caeruleus Black-shouldered kite Aquila chrysaetos Golden eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus Bald eagle Circus cyaneus Northern harrier

Sharp-shinned hawk

Cooper's hawk

Accipiter striatus Accipiter cooperii \*\* Buteo lineatus

\*\* Buteo swainsoni
Buteo jamaicensis

\*\* Buteo regalis
Buteo lagopus

**FALCONIDAE** 

Falco sparverius

\*\* Falco columbarius

\*\* Falco peregrinus

\*\* Falco mexicanus

PHASIANIDAE

Alectoris chukar
Phasianus colchicus
Callipepla gambelii
Callipepla californica
Oreortyx pictus

CHARADRIIDAE

Pluvialis squatarola

\*\* Charadrius alexandrinus
Charadrius semipalmatus
Charadrius vociferus

\*\* Charadrius montanus RECURVIROSTRIDAE

> Himantopus mexicanus Recurvirostra americana

SCOLOPACIDAE

Tringa melanoleuca Tringa flavipes

Catoptrophorus semipalmatus

Actitis macularia Numenius phaeopus Numenius americanus Limosa fedoa

Arenaria interpres Arenaria melanocephala

Calidris canutus
Calidris alba
Calidris pusilla
Calidris mauri
Calidris minutilla
Calidris alpina

Limnodromus griseus Limnodromus scolopaceus

Gallinago gallinago Phalaropus tricolor Phalaropus lobatus

LARIDAE

Larus philadelphia Larus delawarensis Larus californicus Larus argentatus Larus occidentalis Sterna caspia Red-shouldered hawk Swainson's hawk Red-tailed hawk Ferruginous hawk Rough-legged hawk

**FALCONS** 

American kestrel

Merlin

Peregrine falcon
Prairie falcon

**GROUSE AND QUAIL** 

Chukar

Ring-necked pheasant

Gambel's quail California quail Mountain quail

**PLOVERS** 

Black-bellied plover

Snowy plover

Semipalmated plover

Killdeer

Mountain plover STILTS AND AVOCETS Black-necked stilt American avocet

SANDPIPERS

Greater yellowlegs Lesser yellowlegs

Willet

Spotted sandpiper

Whimbrel

Long-billed curlew Marbled godwit Ruddy turnstone Black turnstone Red knot

Red knot Sanderling

Semipalmated sandpiper

Western sandpiper Least sandpiper

Dunlin

Short-billed dowitcher Long-billed dowitcher Common snipe Wilson's phalarope Red-necked phalarope

**GULLS AND TERNS** 

Bonaparte's gull Ring-billed gull California gull Herring gull Western gull Caspian tern Sterna hirundo Sterna forsteri

COLUMBIDAE

Columba livia Columba fasciata

Streptopelia chinensis
 Zenaida asiatica
 Zenaida macroura
 Columbina passerina

CUCULIDAE

Geococcyx californianus

TYTONIDAE

Tyto alba

**STRIGIDAE** 

Otus kennicottii Bubo virginianus \* Speotyto cunicularia

\*\* Asio otus

CAMPRIMULGIDAE

Chordeiles acutipennis Chordeiles minor Phalaenoptilus nuttallii

**APODIDAE** 

Chaetura vauxi Aeronautes saxatalis

**TROCHILIDAE** 

Archilochus alexandri

Calypte anna Calypte costae Selasphorus rufus Selasphorus sasin

**ALCEDINIDAE** 

Ceryle alcyon

**PICIDAE** 

Melanerpes formicivorus Melanerpes lewis Sphyrapicus nuchalis Sphyrapicus thyroideus

Picoides scalaris
Picoides nuttallii
Picoides pubescens
Picoides villosus
Picoides albolarvatus
Colaptes auratus

**TYRANNIDAE** 

Contopus borealis
Contopus sordidulus
Empidonax trailii
Empidonax hammondii
Empidonax oberholseri
Empidonax wrightii
Empidonax difficilis
Sayornis nigricans

Common tern Forster's tern

PIGEONS AND DOVES

Rock dove

Band-tailed pigeon

Spotted dove

White-winged dove

Mourning dove

Common ground-dove

**CUCKOOS** 

Greater roadrunner

**BARN OWLS** 

Common barn-owl

TYPICAL OWLS

Western screech-owl Great horned owl Burrowing owl Long-eared owl

**NIGHTJARS** 

Lesser nighthawk Common nighthawk Common poorwill

**SWIFTS** 

Vaux's swift

White-throated swift

**HUMMINGBIRDS** 

Black-chinned hummingbird

Anna's hummingbird Costa's hummingbird Rufous hummingbird Allen's hummingbird

KINGFISHERS

Belted kingfisher

WOODPECKERS

Acorn woodpecker Lewis' woodpecker Red-naped sapsucker Williamson's sapsucker Ladder-backed woodpecker

Nuttall's woodpecker Downy woodpecker Hairy woodpecker

White-headed woodpecker

Northern flicker

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

Olive-sided flycatcher
Western wood-pewee
Willow flycatcher
Hammond's flycatcher
Dusky flycatcher

Gray flycatcher Western flycatcher Black phoebe Sayornis saya

Myiarchus cinerascens Tyrannus vociferans Tyrannus verticalis

ALAUDIDAE

Eremophila alpestris

Tachycineta bicolor

HIRUNDINIDAE

Tachycineta thalassina Stelgidopteryx serripennis Hirundo pyrrhonota

Hirundo rustica

**CORVIDAE** 

Cyanocitta stellari

Aphelocoma coerulescens Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus

Nucifraga columbiana Corvus brachyrhynchos

Corvus corax

**PARIDAE** 

Parus gambeli Parus inornatus

REMIZIDAE

Auriparus flavipes AEGITHALIDAE

Psaltriparus minimus

SITTIDAE

Sitta canadensis Sitta carolinensis Sitta pygmaea

CERTHIIDAE

Certhia americana

TROGLODYTIDAE

Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus

Salpinctes obsoletus Catherpes mexicanus Thryomanes bewickii Troglodytes aedon Cistothorus palustris

CINCLIDAE

Cinclus maxicanus

MUSCICAPIDAE

Ixoreus naevius Regulus calendula Polioptila caerula Polioptila melanura

Polioptila californica Sialia mexicana Sialia currucoides

Myadestes townsendi Catharus ustulatus Catharus guttatus Say's phoebe

Ash-throated flycatcher

Cassin's kingbird Western kingbird

**LARKS** 

Horned lark SWALLOWS

Tree swallow

Violet-green swallow

Northern rough-winged swallow

Cliff swallow Barn swallow CROWS AND JAYS

> Stellar's jay Scrub jay Pinyon jay

Clark's nutcracker American crow Common raven

CHICKADEES AND TITMICE

Mountain chickadee Plain titmouse

VERDINS Verdin BUSHTITS

Bushtit

NUTHATCHES

Red-breasted nuthatch White-breasted nuthatch

Pygmy nuthatch

CREEPERS
Brown creeper

Cactus wren

DENIS

WRENS

Coastal cactus wren

Rock wren Canyon wren Bewick's wren House wren Marsh wren

**DIPPERS** 

American dipper

THRUSHES AND ALLIES

Varied thrush

Ruby-crowned kinglet Blue-gray gnatcatcher Black-tailed gnatcatcher California gnatcatcher Western bluebird Mountain bluebird Townsend's solitaire Swainson's thrush Hermit thrush Turdus migratorius Chamaea fasciata

MIMIDAE

Mimus polyglottos Oreoscoptes montanus Toxostoma redivivum

\*\* Toxostoma crissale

\*\* Tosxostoma lecontei

MOTACILLIDAE

Anthus spinoletta

**BOMBYCILLIDAE** 

Bombycilla cedrorum

PTILOGONATIDAE

Phainopepla nitens

LANIIDAE

Lanius Iudovicianus

STURNIDAE

\* Sturnus vulgaris

VIREONIDAE

\*\* Vireo bellii

\*\* Vireo vicinior

Vireo solitarius

Vireo huttoni

Vireo ailvus

**EMBERIZIDAE** 

Vermivora celata

Vermivora ruficapilla

Vermivora luciae

\*\* Dendroica petechia

Dendroica coronata

Dendroica nigrescens

Dendroica occidentalis

Dendroica townsendi

Oporornis tolmiei

Geothlypis trichas

Wilsonia pusilla

\*\* Icteria virens

\*\* Piranga rubra

Piranga Iudoviciana

Pheucticus melanocephalus

Guiraca caerulea

Passerina amoena

Pipilo chlorurus

Pipilo erythrophthalmus

Pipilo crissalis

Pipilo aberti

Aimophila ruficeps

Spizella passerina

Spizella breweri

. Spizella atrogularis

Pooecetes gramineus

Chondestes grammacus

Amphispiza bilineata

American robin

Wrentit

MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

Northern mockingbird

Sage thrasher

California thrasher

Crissal thrasher

Le Conte's thrasher

WAGTAILS AND PIPITS

American pipit

**WAXWINGS** 

Cedar waxwing

SILKY FLYCATCHERS

Phainopepla

**SHRIKES** 

Loggerhead shrike

**STARLINGS** 

European starling

**VIREOS** 

Bell's vireo

Gray vireo

Solitary vireo

Hutton's vireo

Warbling vireo

SPARROWS, WARBLERS, TANAGERS

Orange-crowned warbler

Nashville warbler

Lucy's warbler

Yellow warbler

Yellow-rumped warbler

Black-throated gray warbler

Hermit warbler

Townsend's warbler

MacGillivray's warbler

Common yellowthroat

Wilson's warbler

Yellow-breasted chat Summer tanager

Mariano tanagor

Western tanager

Black-headed grosbeak

Blue grosbeak

Lazuli bunting

Green-tailed towhee

Rufous-sided towhee

California towhee

Abert's towhee

Rufous-crowned sparrow

Chipping sparrow

Brewer's sparrow

Black-chinned sparrow

Vesper sparrow

Lark sparrow

Black-throated sparrow

Amphispiza belli

Passerculus sandwichensis

Passerella iliaca Melospiza melodia Melospiza lincolnii Zonotrichia atricapilla Zonotrichia leucophrys

Junco hyemalis Agelaius phoeniceus Agelaius tricolor

Sturnella neglecta

Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus

Euphagus cyanocephalus Quiscalus mexicanus

Molothrus ater Icterus cucullatus Icterus galbula Icterus parisorum

**FRINGILLIDAE** 

Carpodacus purpureus Carpodacus cassinii Carpodacus mexicanus

Carduelis pinus
Carduelis psaltria
Carduelis lawrencei
Carduelis tristis

**PASSERIDAE** 

\* Passer domesticus

MAMMALIA DIDELPHIDAE

Didelphis marsupialis VESPERTILIONIDAE

Pipistrellus hesperus

LEPORIDAE

Lepus californicus Sylvilagus audubonii Sylvilagus bachmani Sylvilagus sp.

SCIURIDAE

\*\* Citellus mohavensis

\*\* Citellus tereticaudis ssp. chlorus

\*\* Glaucomys sabrinus

Otospermophilus beecheyi Ammospermophilus leucurus

\*\* Ammospermophilus nelsoni

Eutamias merriami Sciurus griseus

**GEOMYIDAE** 

Thomomys bottae

**HETEROMYIDAE** 

Perognathus sp.

Perognathus longimembris

Sage sparrow Savannah sparrow

Fox sparrow Song sparrow Lincoln's sparrow

Golden-crowned sparrow White-crowned sparrow

Dark-eyed junco Red-winged blackbird Tricolored blackbird Western meadowlark Yellow-headed blackbird Brewer's blackbird Great-tailed grackle

Brown-headed cowbird

Hooded oriole Northern oriole Scott's oriole

**FINCHES** 

Purple finch
Cassin's finch
House finch
Pine siskin
Lesser goldfinch
Lawrence's goldfinch
American goldfinch

**WEAVERS** 

House sparrow

MAMMALS

**OPOSSUMS** 

Common opossum

**EVENING BATS** 

Western pipistrelle

HARES AND RABBITS

Black-tailed hare

Audubon cottontail

Brush rabbit

Cottontail

**SQUIRRELS** 

Mohave ground squirrel

Coachella Valley ground squirrel

Northern flying squirrel Beechey ground squirrel Antelope ground squirrel

San Joaquin antelope ground squirrel

Merriam chipmunk
Western gray squirrel
POCKET GOPHERS
Botta pocket gopher

**POCKET MICE** 

Pocket mouse Little pocket mouse

Perognathus longimembris ssp. Los Angeles pocket mouse brevinasus Long-tailed pocket mouse Perognathus formosus Bailey pocket mouse Perognathus baileyi San Diego pocket mouse Perognathus fallax California pocket mouse Perognathus californicus Spiny pocket mouse Perognathus spinatus Dipodomys sp. Kangaroo rat Heermann kangaroo rat Dipodomys heermanni Dipodomys panamintinus Panamint kangaroo rat Dipodomys stephensi Stephens' kangaroo rat Dipodomys ingens Giant kangaroo rat Dipodomys merriami Merriam kangaroo rat Cismontsne Merriam kangaroo rat Dipodomys merriami ssp parvus Dipodomys nitratoides San Joaquin kangaroo rat Pacific kangaroo rat Dipodomys agilis Dipodomys deserti Desert kangaroo rat CASTORIDAE **BEAVERS** Castor canadensis Beaver CRICETIDAE RATS AND MICE Reithrodontomys megalotis Western harvest mouse Peromyscus crinitus Canyon mouse Peromyscus californicus California mouse Peromyscus eremicus Cactus mouse Peromyscus maniculatus Deer mouse Southern grasshopper mouse Onychomys torridus Neotoma sp. Wood rat White-throated wood rat Neotoma albigula Neotoma lepida Desert wood rat Neotoma fuscipes Dusky-footed wood rat Microtus pennsylvanicus Meadow mouse California meadow mouse Microtus californicus OLD WORLD RATS AND MICE MURIDAE Mus musculus House mouse FOXES, WOLVES AND COYOTES CANIDAE Coyote Canis latrans Kit fox Vulpes macrotis Gray fox Urocyon cinereoargenteus **BEARS** URSIDAE Ursus americanus Black bear **PROCYONIDAE RACCOONS** Bassariscus astutus Ringtail Procyon lotor Raccoon **MUSTELIDAE** WEASELS AND SKUNKS Mustela frenata Long-tailed weasel American badger Taxidea taxus Spotted skunk Spilogale putorius Mephitis mephitis Striped skunk **FELIDAE** CATS

> Mountain lion Bobcat

Feral donkey

HORSES, BURROS AND ZEBRAS

Felis concolor

Equus astinus

Lvnx rufus

**EQUIDAE** 

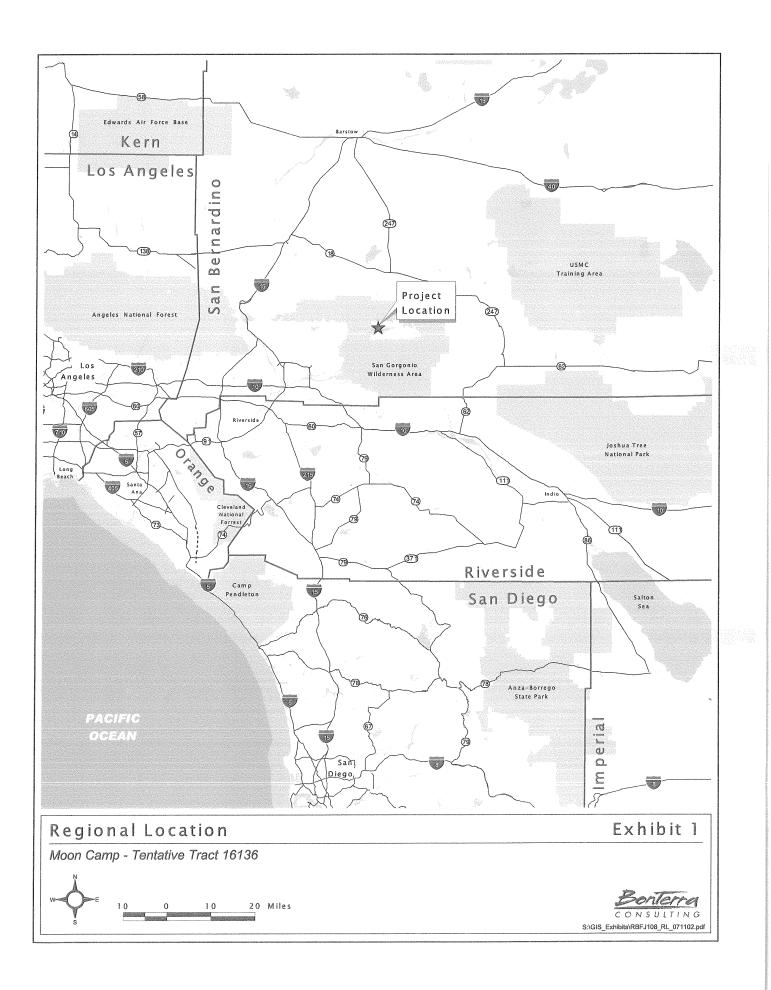
CERVIDAE

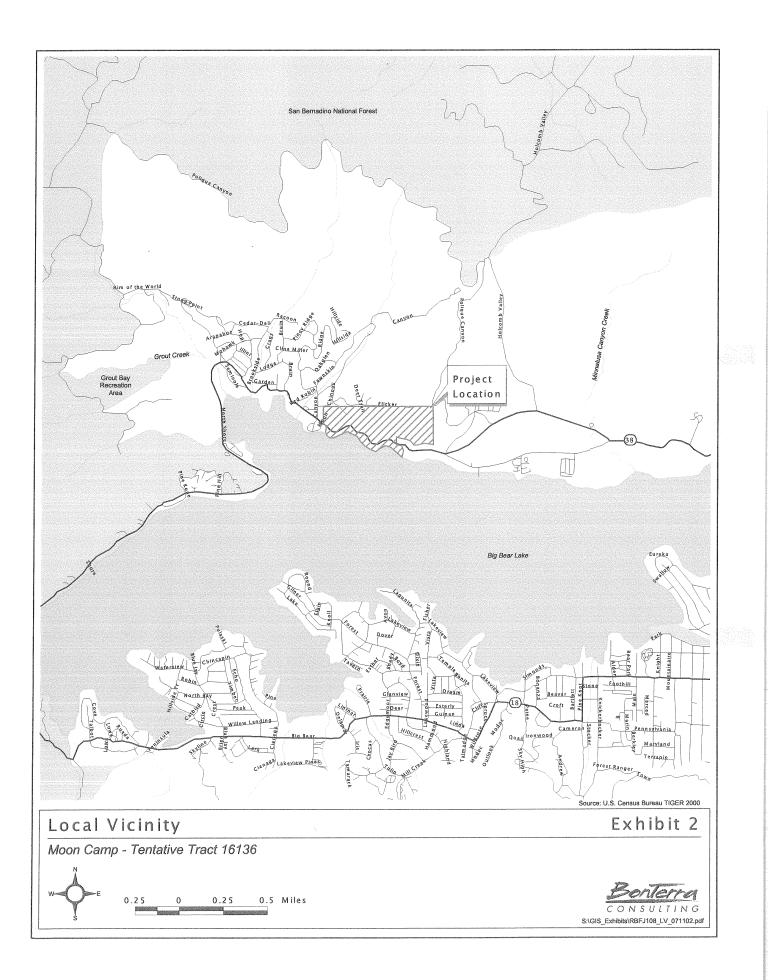
Odocoileus hemionus

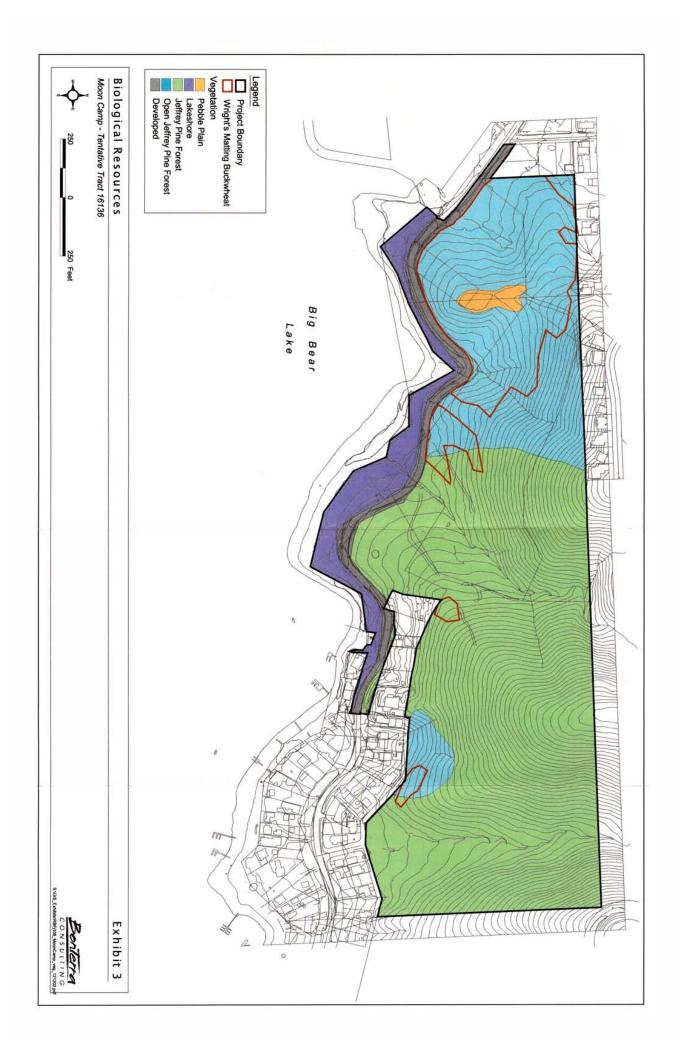
BOVIDAE

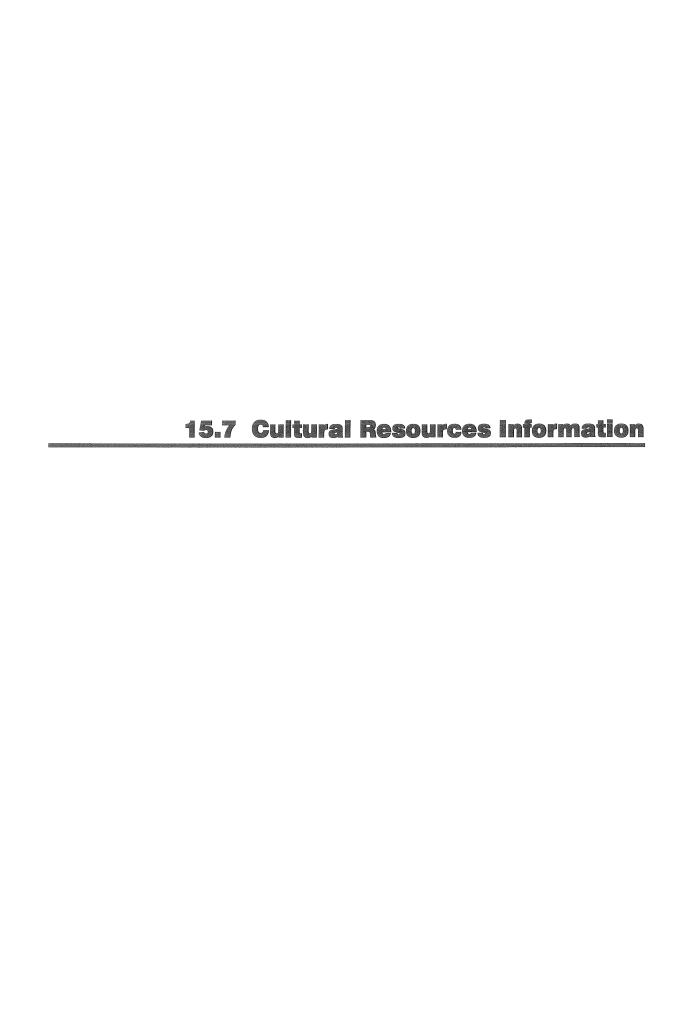
Ovis canadensis

ELKS, MOOSE, CARIBOU, DEER Mule deer SHEEP AND GOATS Bighorn









## HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT

# MOON CAMP RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION

Tentative Tract No. 16136 Fawnskin, San Bernardino County

### Submitted to:

Glenn Lajoie, AICP, Vice President RBF Consulting 14725 Alton Parkway Irvine, CA 92618-2027

## Submitted by:

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CRM TECH
2411 Sunset Drive
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April 3, 2002

CRM TECH Contract #782
Approximately 62.43 Acres
Fawnskin, Calif., 7.5' Quadrangle
Section 13, T2N R1W, San Bernardino Base Meridian
APNs 0304-082-14, 0304-091-12, 0304-091-13, and 0304-091-21
Site CA-SBR-10635H, Isolate P36-60758

### MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

In March, 2002, at the request of RBF Consulting, CRM TECH performed a cultural resources study on approximately 62.43 acres of vacant land in the unincorporated community of Fawnskin, San Bernardino County, California. The subject property of the study, known as Tentative Tract No. 16136 (Moon Camp), is located on the north shore of Big Bear Lake, consisting of a portion of the north half of Section 13, T2N R1W, San Bernardino Base Meridian. The study is part of the environmental review process for the proposed subdivision of the property into single-family residential lots. The County of San Bernardino, as Lead Agency for the project, required the study in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The purpose of the study is to provide the County with the necessary information and analysis to determine whether the proposed subdivision would result in substantial adverse changes to any historical/archaeological resources that may exist in or around the project area, as mandated by CEQA.

In order to identify and evaluate such resources, CRM TECH conducted a historical/archaeological resources records search, pursued historical background research, and carried out an intensive-level field survey. The records search results indicate that a prehistoric isolate, P36-60758, was previously recorded in the project area in 1987, and a possible Native American burial ground has been reported in the general vicinity. The historical research results, meanwhile, suggest that the project area may have hosted one of possibly two early resort camps that dated back at least to the 1920s. The field survey revealed no evidence of P36-60758 or any other prehistoric sites, features, or artifacts, but encountered a historic-period archaeological site in the southeastern portion of the project area, which was subsequently designated CA-SBR-10635H. Consisting of a heavily disturbed scatter of rusted cans, glass fragments, ceramic sherds, and other historic-period artifacts mixed with modern trash, the site lies on the edge of a much larger refuse deposit located mostly on the adjacent property to the east, around an old structure foundation at that location.

Since many of the artifacts at CA-SBR-10635H can be dated to the pre-WWII period, it is possible—and indeed probable—that the refuse scatter was deposited in connection with the early 20th century resort camps known to be in operation in the vicinity. However, due to the limited number and types of the artifacts observed, there is insufficient evidence to establish this association conclusively, or association with any persons or events of recognized historic significance. Furthermore, the site in fact constitutes a minor component of a larger historic-period refuse deposit located outside the project area, and its limited information potential is further diminished by extensive disturbances and the intrusion of modern trash. Based on these considerations, the present study concludes that Site CA-SBR-10635H does not appear to meet the official definition of a "historical resource," as provided by CEQA.

In light of the study results summarized above, CRM TECH recommends that the County of San Bernardino may reach a finding that the project as currently proposed will have no impact on any known historical resources. However, because of the reported Native American burial ground in the vicinity and the presence of early resort camps in the 1920s, the project area as a whole remains highly sensitive for possible subsurface archaeological deposits from both the prehistoric and the historic periods. In order to properly identify, evaluate and, if necessary, protect such deposits, any grading, grubbing, trenching, excavations, and/or other earth-moving activities in the project area should be monitored by a qualified archaeologist. Under this condition, the proposed project may be cleared to proceed in compliance with the cultural resources provisions of CEQA.

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#### INTRODUCTION

In March, 2002, at the request of RBF Consulting, CRM TECH performed a cultural resources study on approximately 62.43 acres of vacant land in the unincorporated community of Fawnskin, San Bernardino County, California (Fig. 1). The subject property of the study, known as Tentative Tract No. 16136 (Moon Camp), is located on the north shore of Big Bear Lake, consisting of a portion of the north half of Section 13, T2N R1W, San Bernardino Base Meridian (Fig. 2). The study is part of the environmental review process for the proposed subdivision of the property into single-family residential lots. The County of San Bernardino, as Lead Agency for the project, required the study in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA; PRC §21000, et seq.).

CRM TECH performed the present study to provide the County of San Bernardino with the necessary information and analysis to determine whether the proposed subdivision would result in substantial adverse changes to any historical/archaeological resources that may exist in or around the project area, as mandated by CEQA. In order to identify and evaluate such resources, CRM TECH conducted a historical/archaeological resources records search, pursued historical background research, and carried out an intensive-level field survey. The following report is a complete account of the methods, results, and final conclusion of the study.

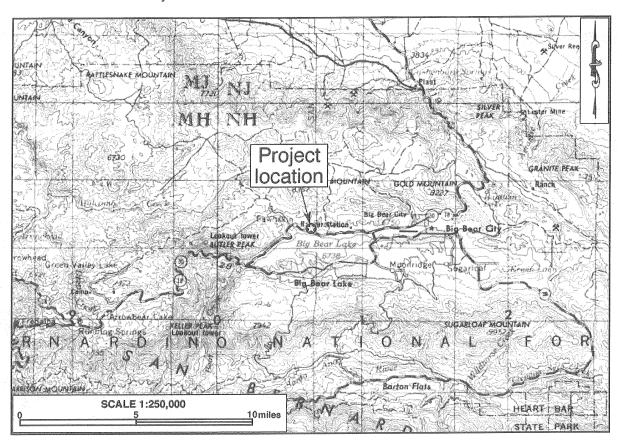


Figure 1. Project vicinity. (Based on USGS San Bernardino, Calif., 1:250,000 quadrangle [USGS 1969])



Figure 2. Project area. (Based on USGS Big Bear Lake and Fawnskin, Calif., 1:24,000 quadrangles [USGS 1994a; 1994b)